

Reading 2 Questions

1. He conquered territory, plundered enemies, sailed the seas, and mangled his foes. It made him a king that the people feared, because he was very violent.
He's a Pirate.
2. The purpose is to build loyalty so a king's men won't desert him in old age.
3. A dragon hides his treasure away and never truly uses it. A Saxon king shares treasure with all the people (to spread loyalty).
For a Dragon treasure isolates him, whereas for a king treasure unites him and his men.
4. People eat, drink, sleep, tell stories, and sing and play songs.
The men receive treasures and swear allegiance.
5. The eventual doom is a monster which will come from his evil lair and destroy many because he hates their joy.
The doom is burning.
6. Grendel hates the singing and music.
7. They are singing about God and creation.
8. Grendel's ancestor was Cain who killed his own brother Able. They will both burn one in hell the other in his mead hall.
9. They were both powerful.
They both killed and both destroyed mead benches.
10. The characters have some Christian values or knowledge but maybe not saved. The Shieldings are running from the thing they fear, the monster.
When times get tough they revert back to their sinful ways.
11. He looks like a mighty man of war, and the Coast Guard recognizes that.
12. The dwarves like to sing and drink. They talk about their ancestors.

Reading 3 Questions

1. The author uses description that is very creative, and does not necessarily call something by its traditional name. Our eyes and ears.
2. I would guess the meaning is quick wolf.
Bear or bee
3. Beowulf has fought men, but he manly fights monsters.
4. He intends to fight Grendel bare handed because Grendel does not use any weapons. This shows there culture of fighting fair and with honor.
To bring Fame and Glory.
5. Grendel will decide the outcome of the battle. I see that Beowulf thinks he will himself be injured by the end of it. It seems weird because he is usually so confident to the point of almost being arrogant.
God will decide the outcome of the battle.
6. He is indebted because his they took in his father when his father was banished.
His father was on the run because he killed a man.
7. Unferth is motivated by envy, because he sees that Beowulf is a powerful man.
8. Tolkien borrows the trend of long journis/quests from Anglo-Saxon culture.
Trolls