

Study Guide Chapter 2

1. Complicated mental processes like “thoughts” and “feelings” involve complex interactions between the _____, _____, and the _____.
2. One’s worldview is a complex system of core _____, _____, and _____.
3. All human intellectual activities, including _____ research and _____, happen in a worldview context and are guided by one’s worldview.
4. The Christian worldview begins with the Biblical account of _____, _____, _____, and _____.
5. The most basic piece of your worldview includes whether you believe _____ exists, what you believe about _____, and the extent to which _____.
6. A Christian view of Mankind is known as _____.
7. _____, the traditional Christian belief, is that because God is spiritual (non-material), we must also have a non-material nature in order to have that relationship.
8. _____ is the study of the nature, sources, and limits of knowledge.
9. Many believe that the Bible has no place in science and that science is the Bible’s enemy. In other words, they believe that there is a _____.
10. The historical Christian approach to science was that faith and science were _____.
11. A Christian worldview believes that God reveals things to us in two ways: general or _____ revelation and _____ revelation.
12. _____ refers to truths revealed through the world. We can learn truth by observing creation, by scientific experiments, by logic, and by the study of history.
13. _____ refers to biblical details about God’s character, His purpose, our nature, His plan for us, and our relationship with Him.
14. God’s natural and special revelation have _____, they are parts of an overarching and non-contradictory whole.
15. A Christian worldview includes the understanding of the effect of sin on our behavior and our thinking called the _____ of sin.
16. Our _____ and _____ should cause us to maintain a sense of humility and hold our conclusions tentatively.
17. A Christian worldview recognizes moral absolutes described _____ and _____ by Jesus Christ.

18. The Christian worldview believes that _____ and _____ make us “whole” but that “wholeness” does not necessarily equal ease and comfort.

19. The foundational beliefs of a Christian worldview, of an atheist’s worldview, and of a psychology professor’s worldview are matters of _____ and _____ and not of data and science.

20. A Christian worldview emphasizes _____ as the primary (if not exclusive) cause of mental and emotional pain.