

Reading Hospital School of Health Sciences  
Medical Imaging Program

MI: 116 Patient Care and Pharmacology for Medical Imaging Professionals

**Unit 1 Study Guide**

*This study guide is recommended to complete but is not required. If you wish to have faculty review your answers, please email Mrs. Wehr @ [christina.wehr@towerhealth.org](mailto:christina.wehr@towerhealth.org). This must occur by 12:00 the day prior to the exam.*

1. What is the primary purpose of standard precautions?  
Click or tap here to enter text.
2. What are the 3 aspects of death?  
Click or tap here to enter text.
3. Explain empathy.  
Click or tap here to enter text.
4. List ways that you can use positive nonverbal communication.  
Click or tap here to enter text.
5. Why is it important to ask the patient to cross their arms during a stretcher transfer?  
Click or tap here to enter text.
6. Explain the concept of the Health & Illness continuum.  
Click or tap here to enter text.
7. List the Sacred Seven.  
Click or tap here to enter text.
8. What can you do to help a geriatric patient?  
Click or tap here to enter text.
9. Identify the meaning of the color of the bracelet.  
Red – Click or tap here to enter text.      Green – Click or tap here to enter text.  
Yellow – Click or tap here to enter text.      Hot Pink - Click or tap here to enter text.  
Purple - Click or tap here to enter text.      Orange - Click or tap here to enter text.

10.  True or  False : You are allowed to x-ray an inpatient who is not wearing an identification bracelet

11. Define Inpatient.

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

12.  True or  False: ARRT specifically addresses nondiscriminatory professional practice by persons holding ARRT credentials.

13. What should you look for if an outpatient has a PA Out-of-Hospital DNR Orders?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

14. What are the desirable qualities of an interviewer?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

15.  True or  False: Palpation is used to locate landmarks and to determine exact pain.

16.  True or  False: You should not communicate to a patient who is unconscious.

17. How can you improve your communication?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

18. What is patient autonomy?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

19. What is the greatest safety risk with a pediatric patient?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

20. The pediatric sheet restraint is called [Click or tap here to enter text.](#) or [Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

21. Which age group has separation anxiety?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

22. This age group shows the first time use of logical thinking.

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

23. Define: Human diversity, culture, ethnicity

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

24. Which wrist should a patient's identification bracelet be placed?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

25. If three people are transferring the patient from a stretcher, who should be giving the instructions?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

26. What Act is taking steps to rectify disparities in American healthcare?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

27. How can you become culturally competent?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

28. What can you do to prevent communication barriers with visually impaired patients?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

29. What is an advance directive and when should it be used?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

30. What does DNR (at RH we call it AND) stand for?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

31. What hospital procedures can DNR status be suspended.

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

32. What part of Maslow's Hierarchy are patients most often found?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

33. List the Five Stages of Grieving Process.

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

34. This is the most critical and diagnostic tool?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

35. How many identifiers should you use for a patient according to the National Patient Safety Goal? What can be used as an identifier?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

36. What type of questions do you want to avoid during history taking?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

37. True or False: At the end of history taking, always allow patients to ask any concerns or questions.

38. Explain the Glacier theory.

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

39. What is the center of gravity?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

40. True or False: You should always allow the patient to do as much as possible during a transfer.

41. What are the rules of safe transferring?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

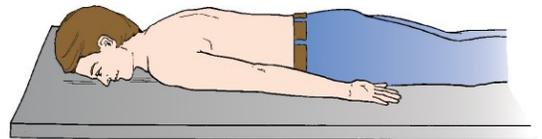
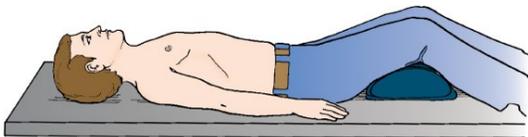
42. What transfer is used for patients who cannot transfer independently but can bear weight on their legs?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

43. How can a fall be prevented?

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

44. Label the positions.



Copyright © 2003, Mosby, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

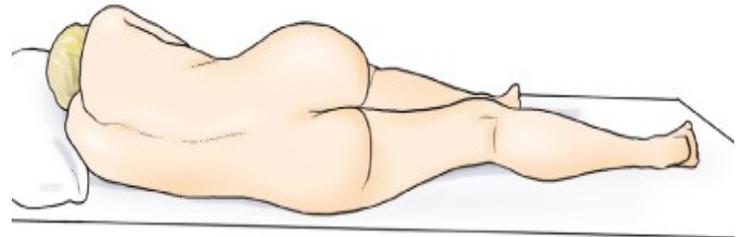


Click or tap here to enter text.



Click or tap here to enter text.

Click or tap here to enter text.



Copyright © 2003, Mosby, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Click or tap here to enter text.

45. One of the **most effective** means of reducing motion is [Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

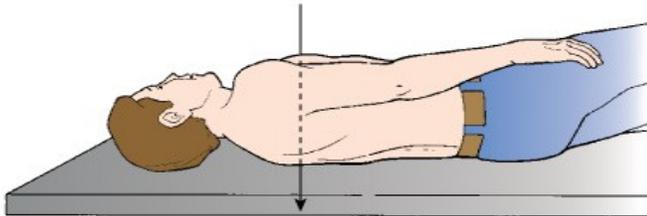
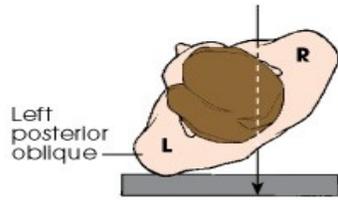
46. True or False: Sandbags are radiopaque.

47. Define chief complaint.  
[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

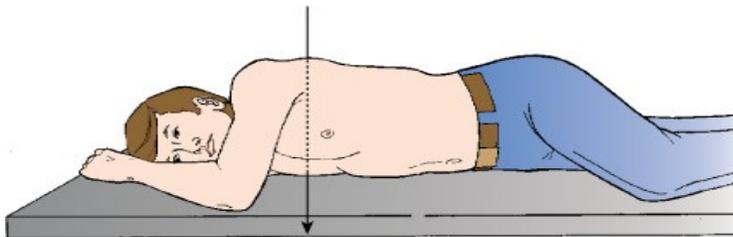
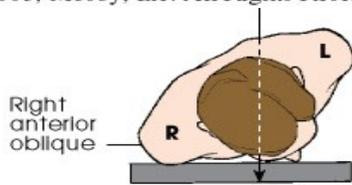
48. This pediatric immobilization device is useful for upright chest and abdomen images.  
[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

49. True or False: Tape can be used as an immobilizer.

50. Label the image.



Copyright © 2003, Mosby, Inc. All Rights Reserved.



Copyright © 2003, Mosby, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#)



Click or tap here to enter text.