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Intro to Psychology

October 12th, 2017

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In article 2 it discusses the neuroscience of children and Adults. Neuroscience is the study of the human behavior and links between in each other. The brain doesn't stop developing until later in adulthood. A lot of people think their brain stops developing around the age of 18 but the brain is still developing during that age.

The teenage brain grows differently depending on situations they've been through. The brain will devolp differently if the teenage has done drugs or have had experience with unprotected sex. Executive functioning tasks exert their cognitive skills while doing tasks that involve high stakes. There are education programs that insure the self sufficient of a teenager to mold their mind to be stable and develop correctly.

The brain goes through trauma at times as well. Sometimes the brain can't respond to the pain in and injury and the brain can't process it. If at a young age the brain is introduced to trauma it may affect their brains development in years and even may cause them to fall years behind to the normal brain level of people their age.

Researchers say the brain is made out of white and gray matters. Gray matter is reduced in matter as unneeded synapses wither. As white matter increases it means the axons are being mylated. The rate of reduction of grey matter to white matter is how maturity is recognized. These systems will usually be consistent even though they can individually work by themselves the rate of each other usually stay consistent on the level they are apart. Primary systems of the brain occur first in development. After a front to back progression follows in the growth of the brain.

This article explained the neuroscience of the brain and how our brains develop. The brain develops in different steps. The way the brain develops will also show how you mature just by the matter that is in your brain.