Five

1. **What factors impact the deployment of Christian models of influence?** External factors like religious liberties and other factors like the Christ-culture perspectives within a given context

2. **What is the first continuum discussed for modelling Christian influence?** Remedial to preventative actions, addressing and already existing evil and moving toward structural changes which prevent such issues in the first place

3. **What is the second continuum of modelling Christian influence?** Personal to structural actions, changing personal or institutional attitudes or practices to influence behaviors

4. **What are the nine models of Christian influence?** Relief, Alternative Institutions, Evangelism, Prophetic Pronouncements, Lobbying, Political Parties/Groups, Nonviolent Resistance, Christian embodiment, and Individual Impact

5. **In what ways can Christian influence fail?** When the moral intention, albeit correct, does not align to the actual circumstances that the effort intends to impact

Three

Evangelism: the model which emphasizes that the gospel itself is the most compelling means of changing the hearts of human beings and their involvement with society

Lobbying: the model which employes contact with public officials or organized mobilization to build pressure on public officials for change

Christian embodiment: the model in which Christians embody the moral ideals within their own institutional structures and patterns of interaction

One

While various factors influence which method(s) are best deployed, it is necessary to consider the range of remedial and preventive actions as well as the personal and structural actions necessary for Christians to effect change in society. The individualized practice of Christianity in the western world has unfavorable effects on certain of the actions which could be modelled better in unison. The nine models of Christian influence each have their strong points for creating sustainable change and balance in the Christ-culture perspective the given context

demands. Wisdom is necessary in choosing what and how to execute upon a model and in evaluating its effectiveness.