

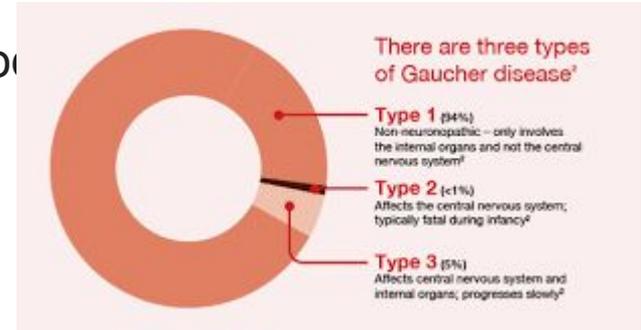


Gaucher's Disease

Group 2: Lauren Bartolome, Chanh Kwak, Marissa Morris, Yvonne Tagoe, Nashline
Cyrillien

What is Gaucher's Disease?

- It's an inherited metabolic disorder.
- There's an insufficient production of glucocerebrosidase.
- Lipids accumulate in the body and brain
- Symptoms appear in childhood and adulthood
- There are three types.





Gaucher's Disease

- It can affect male and female in equal numbers. But it is more common in Ashkenazi Jewish ancestry, where the incidence may be as high as 1 in 450 births.
- It causes fatty substances called lipids to build up in certain organs such as the spleen and liver.
- Organs can become very large and not work well. It can also affect the lungs, brain, eyes, and bones.
- It can be hard to diagnose because there are many different symptoms.

Cause

- Gaucher disease is caused by mutations in the *GBA* gene.
- It is an autosomal recessive disorder
- When one Gaucher gene in the pair is abnormal, the child is an asymptomatic carrier who can pass that abnormal gene to his or her children.
- When both genes in the pair are defective, a person will have Gaucher disease.

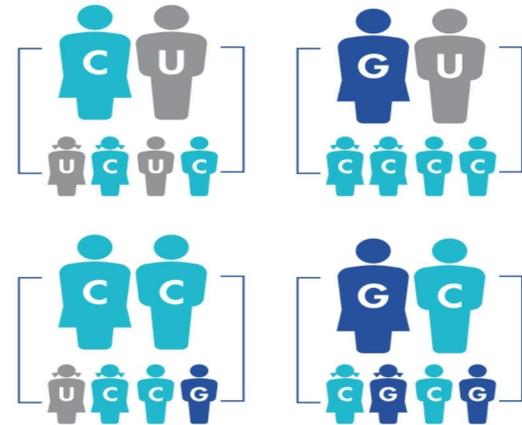
The chart below shows how parents pass the Gaucher gene to their children.

Chart demonstrates how the Gaucher gene is passed from parents to their children.

CARRIER

GAUCHER

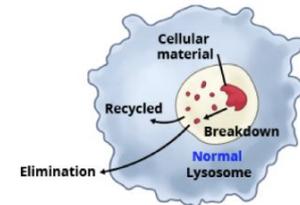
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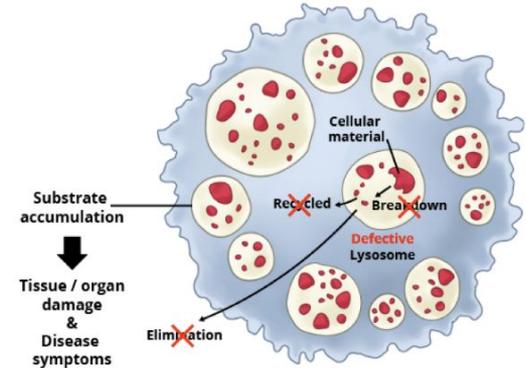
Cause

- GBA gene provides instructions for making beta-glucocerebrosidase (GCCase)
- This enzyme is active in lysosomes
- All types of Gaucher disease are also called lysosomal storage disorders.
 - Lysosomes in the macrophages become progressively enlarged and filled with undigested glucocerebroside.
- Looks like “crumpled tissue paper” under a microscope

Normal



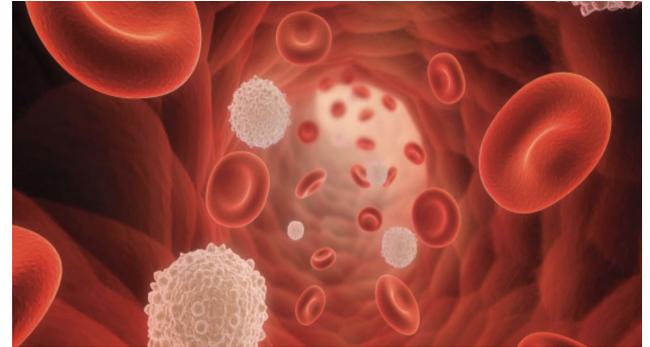
Diseased



Signs and Symptoms

Type 1 (non neuropathic)

- Usually bruise easily due to low blood platelets
- Feel fatigued due to anemia
- May have an enlarged liver and spleen



Signs and Symptoms

Type 2 (acute infantile neuropathic Gaucher disease)

Symptoms include:

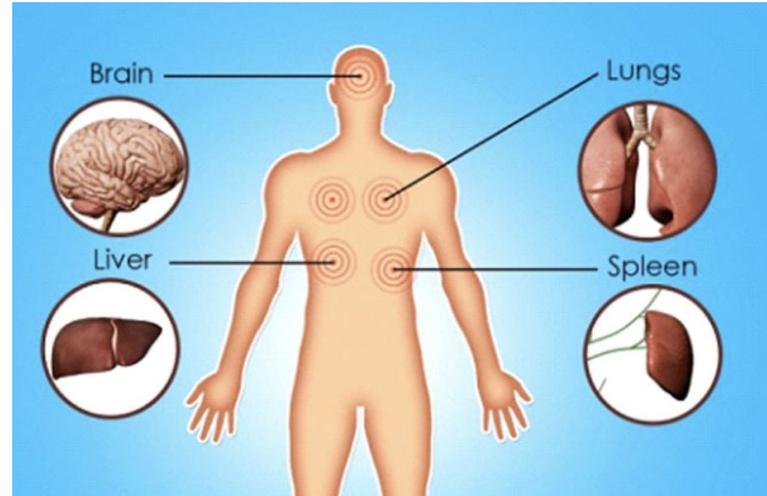
- Extensive brain damage
- Seizures
- Spasticity
- Poor ability to suck and swallow
- Enlarged liver and spleen



Signs and Symptoms

Type 3 (chronic neuropathic Gaucher disease) includes:

- Signs of brain involvement
- Seizures
- Skeletal irregularities
- Eye movement disorders
- Cognitive deficit
- Poor coordination
- Enlarged liver and spleen
- Breathing problems
- Blood disorders



Treatment

- Two categories:
 - Enzyme replacement therapy
 - Substrate reduction therapy
- Gene therapy clinical trials



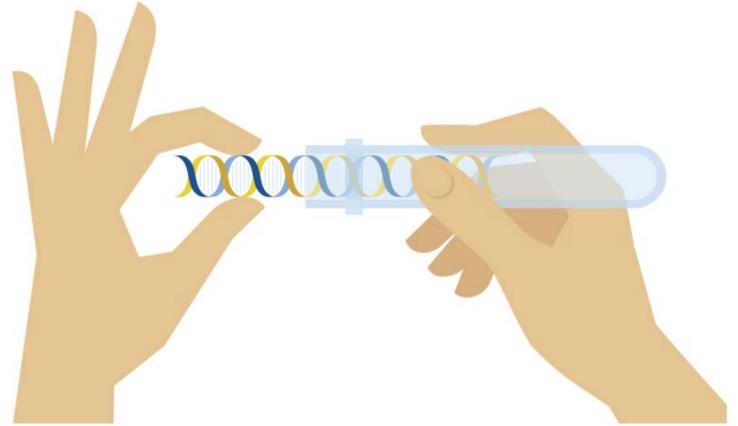
Gene Therapy

- Gene therapy is a potential strategy for the treatment of GD.
- Progress seen on mice
- Clinical trials in humans
- In vivo or Ex vivo approach



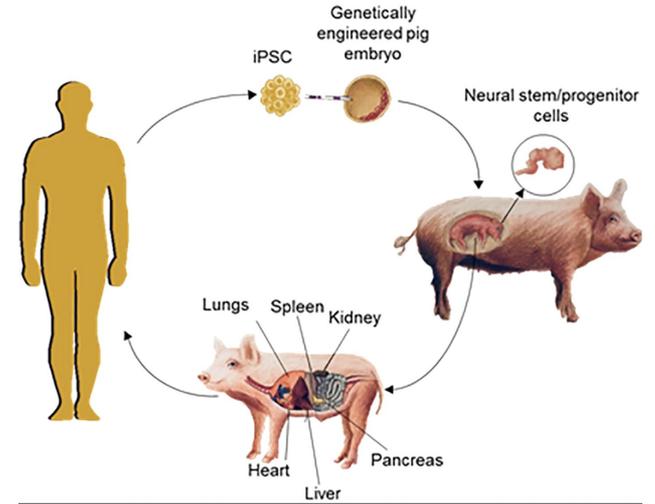
Prevention

- No prevention
- Find out if you are a carrier
- Early treatment may prevent damage to bones and organs (Type 1)



Ethical Implications

- Misuse of stem cells
- Concern for human cloning or also human-animal chimeras.





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