

What were the failures and successes of the Mongols?

The Mongols faced a series of challenges, including droughts, famines, and internal conflicts amongst their elites, which weakened them. It could be argued that their defeat was ultimately caused by their assimilation into the sedentary societies they once fought against, as they were once a nomadic people. The Mongols were responsible for killing millions of people, including women and children, and are even attributed to the spread of the Black Death.

Despite their notorious reputation, the Mongols are renowned for their military accomplishments, having established the largest land empire in world history. Their conquests included China, which ranks at the top of the list of their most significant achievements. They conquered more territory than the Romans and controlled some of today's most powerful nations, such as Russia and Korea. Additionally, the Mongols contributed to the development of international trade and aided in the evolution of Chinese society by introducing tax farming and foreign taxes.

What did I find interesting about the Mongols?

In my opinion, the military tactics employed to conquer new territories and dynasties are truly remarkable. I am certain that some armies today still utilize these strategies in current conflicts. Another aspect that captivates me is their nomadic lifestyle, as they are constantly on the move in search of animals to hunt and never settle in one place for too long. It is intriguing how they were able to establish and maintain an empire while constantly on the move, and this lifestyle also enabled them to gain knowledge about the lands they traversed and the tribes they encountered, thus aiding in the development of their conquest strategies.