

Worksheet 9

Word	Root	Binyan	Conjugation ¹	Person	Gender	Number	Translation
נְכַרְתָּהּ							
וַיִּתְקַבְּצוּ							
לֵאמֹר							
וְזָרְקֶתָּ							
לְהִתְגַּדְּדַד							-----
וַיִּקְבְּצוּ							
דְּרָשׁוּ							
שֹׁמֵרֵת							
מְשַׁזֵּר							-----
תִּדְבְּרוּן							-----
מְבַקְּשִׁים							

¹ In this exercise, the conjugations could be; "perfect," "imperfect," "cohortative," "imperative," "wayyiqtol," "weqatal," "Inf.Absolute," "Inf.Construct," "Imperative," "Participle"

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וַיִּשְׁלַח שְׂאוֹל מִלְאָכָיִם לְקַחַת אֶת־דָּוִד	5	וְאָמַרְתָּ אֵלָיו כֹּה־אָמַר יְהוָה	1 ³
רַק יְהוֹנָתָן וְדָוִד יָדְעוּ אֶת־הַדְּבָר	6	וַיְהִי רָעַב בְּאֶרֶץ	2 ⁴
וַיְהִי אַחֲרַי מוֹת אַבְרָהָם	7	מִי אַתָּה רֹדֵף	3 ⁶
וַיֹּאמֶר יְהוָה אֶל־מֹשֶׁה הֲשִׁפְסָם בְּבִקְרָוּת וְהִתְיַצַּב לִפְנֵי פְרַעֲוֹ	8	וַיֵּלֶךְ אִישׁ מִבֵּית לָחֶם יְהוּדָה לְגֹר בְּשֵׂדֵי מוֹאָב	4

² Infinitive construct of לקח

³ Here, I am leaving the *munah* (cantillation mark) under the *taw* to show you where the accent falls. This is important for your correct interpretation of the verb. Note too that in this example, the verb is translated in the present tense.

⁴ When 2 nouns are separated by a preposition, as you can see here, you will usually need to insert a form of the verb “to be.”

⁵ Treat this as a noun, meaning “death.”

⁶ Similarly, with the interrogative, you will need to add a form of the verb “to be”