

- 1. What did this ideology promote in society,**
- 2. what were their idealistic goals?**
- 3. what did this ideology stand against?**

Communism was based on Karl Marx's ideology. Human relationships, historical development it produced class distinctions. Master slave economies gave way to lord serf relations. Some goals were to triumph proletariat, end class distinctions, and industrially supported human utopia. This ideology was against nationalism, imperialism, and discrimination of race or gender. Communism was also against democracy and believed in a dictatorship. China & Russia as communist supported the Soviet Union.

Fascism does not promote transformations from the Agrarian Era communism does in theory. Their goals were to create a mass society, mass politics, and new classes. Fascism was against new changes but contradicted itself due to gain in power. Italy used the same tactics I found on this [website \(https://courses.lumenlearning.com/suny-fmcc-worldcivilization2-1/chapter/the-rise-of-fascism/\)](https://courses.lumenlearning.com/suny-fmcc-worldcivilization2-1/chapter/the-rise-of-fascism/). They used fear and wars for the new transformations to keep at power, but they needed industrial, military, and political power. Fascism lacked social transformation they were anti-immigrant, anti-racial enemy which created a foreign threat.