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Worldview of Music and Worship

DROPBOX-

- 6.) Explain the following statement: “The saving deeds of God are remembered through historic recitation and dramatic reenactment.” (See page 48)
- 7.) List several instances of Biblical song (page 50)—canticles and psalms—in both Old and New Testaments.
- 8.) Explain how “the sacrificial rituals of Hebrew worship and the Lord’s Supper are dramatic reenactments of God’s saving deeds” (page 51).
- 9.) How is the Hebrew Passover fulfilled in the Christian Passover (page 53)? Please read my paper in Document Sharing about the meaning of Passover for a Christian guest which was requested for the paper published by a Brooklyn synagogue
- 10.) On YouTube, see “Barack Obama in the Passover.” You will be singing this particular folk song with our Passover Seder celebration, but faster in tempo than this particular rendition. “Dayenu” means, “It would have been enough,” and states God’s gifts in order of increasing importance, finishing each verse with, “If only God had given us (this gift), Dayenu!” To the we can add, “But He didn’t stop there! He gave us the gift of His Son!” A chanter will intone the verses and you will sing the chorus—so learn it!!

ANSWERS-

- 6- The saving deeds are the first preaching , which is speaking the word of God, speaking out the gospel to all nations but the goodness of God and who God is and what God wants to do. Then it’s the creed, it’s like where God has brought you through and your testimony can set people free, it’s being that reflection. Then, there is a song which is the music and singing hymns of scriptures that are written specifically in your heart and actualizing the words that we sing out to God.
- 7- There is Exodus 15:1 , then Exodus 15:12 , the Old Testament hymns reflect on God saving and freeing Israel and the world. The New Testament reflects on the work of God and exalting through history. We shouldn’t forget what God has done for us for that is death to us, but remember what he has done.
- 8- They’re giving an approach to God of what he did on that cross and the blood that he has shed on that cross. These rituals seal the covenant of God, and make it known that without the shedding of blood, that there can’t be no forgiveness. It all goes back to the sacrifice of Christ and the price that he paid on the cross for our sins. The high priest would also have to bring that

sacrifice to God in the old days because he was the only one that had access to God until the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ. The first goat symbolizes the bloodshed and the second goat symbolizes the removal of sin.

9- Passover is fulfilled, Christians mark the date of the death of Christ as a yearly festival. The four parts of the Great Paschal Vigil are:

1. The Service of the Light

The lighting of the fire is a vision of the resurrection.

2. The Service of Readings

Readings of the story of God from creation, fall, God's involvement with Israel, and the incarnation of God in our history in Jesus Christ.

3. The Service of Baptism

As the sun began to rise in the East, New Christians who had gone through the catechetical process of being disciples of Jesus were baptized into his death and resurrection.

4. The Easter Eucharist

Proclaiming Christ's resurrection from the dead, the church gathered to celebrate the Lord's Supper, the joyful Eucharist of his resurrection. Lastly, Hebrews mark yearly times as well. These reenactments all celebrated God's presence in Israel's life and include such events as Rosh Hashanah (the first day of the year), Yom Kippur (the Day of Atonement), Hag Hassukkot (Feast of Booths), Pesach (Passover), and Hag Shavu'ot (Pentecost). Christians follow the Jewish principle of marking time through God's saving events. The Christian year, which developed in the first few centuries of the church, marked yearly time by Advent (waiting for the Messiah), Christmas (the Messiah has come), Epiphany (the Messiah is manifested to be for the whole world), Lent (preparing for the death of Jesus), Holy Week (reenacting the final week and saving events), Easter (celebrating the resurrection), Ascension (Jesus ascends in glory to intercede

for us at the right hand of the Father), and Pentecost (the coming of the Holy Spirit in a new way).

10- We have to learn the song.