

5-3-1 Assignment- Gonzalez CH. 5

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QUESTIONS

1. How did the rising bourgeoisie obtain its wealth?
2. What happened during the Great Western Schism?
3. Where did the Renaissance derive most of its inspiration from?
4. What did most of the mystics consider themselves to be?
5. What was one consequence of the fall of Constantinople?

ANSWERS

1. It obtained its wealth from trade.
2. During the Great Western Schism, there were two popes at the same time claiming the throne of Saint Peter.
3. The Renaissance derived much of its inspiration from ancient pagan traditions.
4. Most of the mystics considered themselves to be faithful children of the church.
5. A consequence of the fall of Constantinople was that many scholars fled to the west taking important ancient manuscripts with them and contributed to the spirit of the Renaissance and to the labors of the humanists.

TERMS

Bourgeoisie- City dwelling merchants

Nominalism- A theology that insisted that God's sovereignty was such that God should not be made subject to any rational category or moral principle

Transubstantiation- The belief that the bread and wine in communion literally turn into the body and blood of Christ

SUMMARY

Chapter five covers the late Middle Ages from the first signs of decline in the papacy until the fall of Constantinople. The growing bourgeoisie allied the monarchy in each country which brought feudalism to an end and birthed the beginning of modern nations. It talks about the Hundred Years War and the Great Western Schism which all led to the rupture of the papacy. At the end of this period, the Christian world was ready for the immense changes that would soon follow in the sixteenth century.

