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## QUESTIONS

1. What was Henry M. Shires total number of New Testament citations of Old Testament texts?
2. What do the authors suggest to be the point of this chapter?
3. What does Joseph A. Fitz-myer conclude that the New Testament demonstrates?
4. What is the main implication of this?
5. What did the New Testament assume about the Old Testament?

## ANSWERS

1. His combined total was 1,640 New Testament citations of 1,276 different Old Testament texts.
2. The interweaving of phrases and lines from the Old Testament by the New Testament writers with their own words and literary styles shows how the very fabric of their thought was immersed in the language and teaching of the earlier Testament.
3. He concludes. That the New Testaments demonstrates a “thorough acquaintance with and a reverent meditation upon the Old Testament.”
4. The main implication of all this data is that without the Old Testament, the New Testament would make very little sense.
5. The New Testament assumed that the Old Testament was relevant to first-century believers?

## TERMS

Oriental Proverbial Style- Showing the way that you are describing something

A Collective- A noun simultaneously focusing on the one representative of the whole group, that is, those who would believe.

A biblical type- is an illustration, an example, or a pattern of God’s activity in the history of his people Israel and the church through persons, events, or institutions.

## SUMMARY

The writers of the New Testament didn’t place division between the Old Testament and the New Testament. Those writer saw it as one message that was revealed by the same Lord. The New Testament was still rooted in the Old Testament, just expanded on. In so doing, it gives great evidence that the Word of God is authoritative.