

Valencia Harper

Dr. O'Hara

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### Film & Response

**Conservatism** – a move toward the past, reestablishing the hierarchy's rules (after Neapolitan), seeking stability and regulation.

**Classical Liberalism** - gives people more say in the government—for example, America Constitution and Declaration in France. There was a need for the government to be more responsive to the people's needs. Classical Liberalism allowed people to protect, vote and practice their religion.

**Nationalism** - is when people want to unite with or depart from, depending of their language,culture, cusine, religion, etc. Usually, they prefer picking leadership over those who share their preferences.

**Socialism** - groups are created in small communities to work for their good (Utopia).

**Romanticism** - the age of enlightenment, by using the human mind to think it through. One was experiencing the world base on feelings of emotions—some examples such as literature, art, and music.