

**Conservatism:** Conservatism arose as a sort of move towards the past. In another words conservatism wanted to reestablish after the rule of Napoleon, heredit monarchs in countries that held strong monarchical governmental power like they had in the golden days of the absolute monarchs. Conservatism was the most powerful and the most successful of the ideologies.

**Classical Liberalism:** Basically, classical liberalism is the idea of the enlightenment. The idea was based on that more people needed to have more say in government and the government needed to be more responsive to people and the people needed more freedom.

**Nationalism:** Nationalist revolution happened in the 1800s and depending on the situation people wanted to come together or become apart. This revolution hit more Austrian and has the variety of nationals.

**Socialism:** Socialism happen in Europe and has three different kinds. Utopian socialism is the idea that a small community can be created in which people will work for the communal good.

**Romanticism:** Romanticism is a reaction to the age of the enlightenment. Enlightenment was all about rational thoughts about really using the human mind to think through problems in better society. The Romanticism pushed against this and said that cold rationality was not the answer that emotion was an important thing, an emotion through romanticism went really well with nationalism.