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Professor Flavin

History of Psychology

History of Psychology-Week 5

Structuralism was an attempt to process and analyze elements. Critics saw this attempt as not being reprocessed by any future elements. The process of Structuralism was established by the Gestalt school of psychology. The view of Structuralism included Titchener he decided to take away certain aspects of Structuralism because certain aspects didn't match the criteria. Although the topic of Structuralism received a lot of criticism, psychologists and historians credited Titchener for making contributions to Structuralism. The research included for Structuralism were observations, experimentation, and measurement. Structuralism is associated with introspection, giving Structuralism a more broad and verbal reporting based on experiments. Receiving criticism Structuralism gave a strong theory for creating specialties in the psychology field.