HIS114: World Civilization II
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Some basics of daily changes where most likely people from 1820's probably were working on the agriculture, people would not have electricity or running water, so at that time they would wash their clothes on the river, the transportation would be people pulling their own cars or get pulled by a horse, time would be counted by the sun and not by minutes or hours, where in 1920, most of the people did not work on the agriculture but would work at the factors, cars existed at that time, and such as trains, people measured times by minutes and hours by looking at the clock, electricity was around, so some people would have radio or refrigerator. Early Industrial Revolution helped allowed people to have more time to learn, improve and experiment new things, many artisans improved existing mechanical devices for the factories just for example the Carding Machines, what result for the improvements of the clothing at that time, also the improvement of power sources, from water, wind or even charcoal (smoke). Because of this advance of the Industrialization, oppressions started to happen, the proletariat society, the people work at the factories were worked abused at the time because factories did not care about the situation of the worker situation, but they only has eyes to the profits that the factory was bringing, work accidents was something really common and child work abuse was also a thing, they would work long hours for salary or not even salary at all, and high death rate for the not giving instructions how to use the machines.

Because of the advance of the factories and the Industrial two classes became predominant at the time together of the aristocracy, and peasants the bourgeoisie, the business owners, such as banks, factories and transportation networks people that lived in the cities and the proletariat or working class, the people that worked for the companies. There was also a Middle class that was composed of people such as Lawyers, teachers and other special skilled service society. We can see the restriction in the Industrial Revolution where women were paid less and less privileges.