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### John Greens Crash Course on the Industrial Revolution

Before the Industrial Revolutions there was no running water, you had to gather your own water, you cooked over a fire not a stove, there were no electricity they used candles. That being said, by experimenting and tinkering in building machines allowed their daily life changed between by the 1900's. For starters, there were less death due to the cultivation of corn and potato verses wheat in which allowed calories and therefore the decline of death, in which allowed the rise in population. The incremental improvements were that of, James Hargreaves invention. He created the spinning Jenny which was a machine that was used by women at home which allowed for them to spin thread up to 120 spindles at once. Another type of machine that was invented was the spinning machine which is used water power in which could be placed in a building therefore the building of factories arose.

Others incremental improvements were shops, factories, cars, planes, radios in which allowed to simplify their daily life. Some people were lucky to have refrigeration, and with having refrigeration it decreased spoilage which led to less food illness. However, the downside of this the high demands were that of spies and copying designs such as, porcelain, dyes, and other textiles. Green uses the term industrial oppression to describe the oppression for exploited children. Children were used for labor the high risks that children had to go through in working

in factories by what Green explained that workers would get paid low wages, some workers especially children and women they would get hurt, lose a limb and as a result become disfigured due to lack of attention, and lastly death. Furthermore, the rise of more industrialized machines led to a high demand of slaves to stop working in the fields and work in the factories. That being said more people began to work.