

1. Use the following to answer questions (a)-(f):

The following table lists the probability distribution of a discrete random variable x :

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$P(x)$	0.04	0.11	0.18	0.22	0.12	0.21	0.09	0.03

- a. The probability of $x=3$ is: 0.22
- b. The probability that x is less than 5 is: 0.47
- c. The probability that x is greater than 3 is: 0.45
- d. The probability that x is less than or equal to 5 is: 0.88
- e. The probability that x is greater than or equal to 4 is: 0.45
- f. The probability that x assumes a value from 2 to 5 is: 0.34

2. Use the following to answer questions (a)-(b):

The following table lists the probability distribution of a discrete random variable x :

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$P(x)$	0.04	0.11	0.18	0.22	0.12	0.21	0.09	0.03

- a. The mean of the random variable x is:

$$3.5$$

- b. The standard deviation of the random variable x is:

$$2.29$$

Name
Date

MAT 340-Statistics for Behavioral Science
Assignment #6

3. Eight percent of all college graduates hired by companies stay with the same company for more than five years. The probability, rounded to four decimal places, that in a random sample of 11 such college graduates hired recently by companies, exactly 3 will stay with the same company for more than five years is:

0.0434

4. Thirty-two percent of adults did not visit their physicians' offices last year. The probability, rounded to four decimal places, that in a random sample of 8 adults, exactly 3 will say they did not visit their physicians' offices last year is:

0.2668

5. All 10 of the orangutans at a certain zoo contract a very serious disease which claims 84% of its victims (if an orangutan contracts the disease, the probability that it will die is 0.84). What is the probability, rounded to four decimal places, that exactly 1 of the orangutans at this zoo will survive?

0.3331

①

a.) 0.22

b.) $0.04 + 0.11 + 0.18 + 0.22 + 0.12 = 0.67$

c.) $0.12 + 0.21 + 0.09 + 0.03 = 0.45$

d.) $1 - (0.09 + 0.03) = 0.88$

e.) $0.12 + 0.21 + 0.09 + 0.03 = 0.45$

f.) $0.22 + 0.12 = 0.34$

②

a.)
$$\frac{0 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7}{8} = 3.5$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \mu)^2}{n}}$$

↓

$$\sqrt{(0 - 3.5)^2 + (1 - 3.5)^2 + (2 - 3.5)^2 + (3 - 3.5)^2 + \dots}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{42}{8}} = \frac{\sqrt{42}}{\sqrt{8}} = \frac{\sqrt{5.25}}{\sqrt{8}} = \sqrt{5.25} = 2.29$$

$$3. p = 0.08$$

$$P(X=3) = {}^8C_3 (0.08)^3 (1-0.08)^5 = 165 \cdot \frac{(0.08)^3}{(0.92)^5}$$

$$4. p = 0.32 \quad n = 8$$

$$P(X=3) = {}^8C_3 (0.32)^3 (1-0.32)^5$$

$$\boxed{0.0434}$$

$$\frac{8!}{3!5!}$$

$$(0.32)^3 (1-0.32)^5 = \boxed{0.2668}$$

$$5. p = 0.84 \quad n = 10$$

$$P(X=1) = {}^{10}C_1 (0.84)^1 (1-0.84)^9 = \frac{10!}{1!9!}$$

$$(0.84)(0.16)^9 =$$

$$\boxed{0.3331}$$