

Eraissa Lora

Chapter 7 Exercises

Exercise 1

The moment Melissa realized (simple past tense) that Mark was lying, she decided that she will (simple future tense) never let anyone fool her again. So, she decided to close off her heart and focus on her career. Melissa hoped (simple past tense) that this will (simple future tense) set her on the right track towards accomplishing her goals. But, her heart still aches (present perfect progressive) because she did not heal from what Mark did to her.

Exercise 2

Both sentences are in past tense. The subject performed one action before moving on to another. The “had” in sentence *a* is perfect past tense. The sentence uses the past tense of the verb “to be” and “finished” being the participle of “finish”. Sentence *b* is simple past where the verb “finish” is in past tense.

Exercise 4

Sentences	Similar	Different
1a. I have read the book. 1b. I have been reading the book.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Express the action of reading a book.● Sentence <i>a</i> is an action that was already completed.● Sentence <i>b</i> is a current action/habitual action.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Sentence <i>a</i> is in perfect past tense.● Sentence <i>b</i> present perfect progressive tense.
2a. Stan sells vacuum cleaners. 2b. Stan is selling vacuum cleaners.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Both are in present tense.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Sentence <i>a</i> is in simple present tense.● Sentence <i>b</i> is in the present progressive tense.

<p>3a. Did you go to Yankee Stadium? 3b. Have you gone to Yankee Stadium?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Root word/verb “to go” 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sentence <i>a</i> is in the simple past tense. • Sentence <i>b</i> is in the past perfect tense. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ “Gone” is an irregular verb from “to go”.
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Exercise 10

Hearing is the passive intake of sound, while *listening* refers to the act of intentionally working to comprehend the sounds someone hears. If the subject is *listening* to a tune over and over then it shows that the subject is paying close attention to the melody. Using **hearing** in the sentence changes the meaning. Using the word **hearing**, the meaning changes to something along the lines of coming across a familiar sound many times but only recognizing the sound and not taking the time to analyze the melody.