

## WEEK 6 FILM DISCUSSION. INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

### HOW DID SOME BASICS OF DAILY LIFE CHANGE BETWEEN 1820 AND 1920?

The changes I observed from the 1820s to the 1920s is that most people who were working in agriculture eventually started working in the stores, and industries around the 1920s. Things that were not there in the 1820s like cars, radios which transmitted pieces of information are now seen in the 1920s. The film indicated some homes own refrigerators which helps prevent food spoilage and foodborne illness.

### “INCREMENTAL IMPROVEMENTS”

The industrial revolution comprises a lot of people working together making a series of incremental improvements. There is a tremendous change which includes Airplane flying in the air, the use of chlorine gas for wars. The industrial revolution created a division of labor, where farmers focus on farming, textile workers focus on textile creation which helped in producing more for the society better than before, each family tries to do all kinds of jobs. Changes in technology created the use of new energy sources which include fuels and motive power like coal, steam engine, electricity, internal-combustion engine. The invention of new machines, such as Newcomen's steam engine by Thomas Newcomen in 1712 used for Flying shuttle, spinning jenny, and power Loom increased production with a smaller expenditure of human energy or efforts. There were also, developments in transportation and communication such as telegraph, steamship, automobile, and increasing application of science to industry. From the video, little Mary Richards was a victim of the machine accident, who died during the industrial operation. People who experience oppression are Factory workers miners. Their working hours were long, though, they were able to have small change left after paying rent and buying food for their

families, but working conditions are very poor. They only take breaks at owners' descriptions; they suffer accidents from machines that had no safety devices. Some of them lost their fingers, limb, even their lives. Constant breathed air filled with lint damaged their lungs. When a worker becomes sick and could no longer have the strength to work, their employers replaced them with no compensation. Miners worked in the darkness; coal dust destroyed their lungs. They are always in danger of explosion, flooding, and collapsing tunnels.

During the industrial revolutions, women were more employed by these factory owners than men because women can easily be manipulated than men. Women were paid half what the factory owners paid men. They are more concerned to make more profit than providing good working conditions to workers.

Social Groups were formed based on certain principles of attraction that help individuals to affiliate with one another who share their attitudes, values, and their statistical characteristics of human populations.