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Film Response: Industrial Revolution

During 1820, the video makes the analogy that life during this time was comparable to neanderthal life. Stating that the concept of time was dependent on solar cycles. However in 1920 some basic things regarding daily life changed. Most people didn't work in agriculture, jobs like factory work were normalized and time was now measured in minutes. Cars were a thing and communication was way more accessible via radio. Lastly, salt was no longer the norm when it came to food conservation as people used refrigerators now. The revolution led to agricultural improvements in production and also labor division. Lives were extended in length as well. Weaving also received improvement as well with the introduction of the spinning jenny.

Children unfortunately were victims of industrial oppression due to how easily they could be exploited. Unpaid orphans from government or religious or charitable institutions were taken advantage of. Tragedy was common when it came to exploited workers. Limbs and other essential parts were taken away. Slave demand was also increased. Women were also exploited as well due to the fact they could be paid less than men. The bourgeoisie and proletariat were known social classes at the time. The bourgeoisie were factory and bank owners. Proletariats were the workers who labored for factory workers. In between was the middle class. Despite all these changes, restrictions on women still existed as their wages would belong to their husbands. A common cultural screen image was that women were to be "angels in the household."

