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Math 101

Prof. Dawson

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Math H.w 5.3

True or False

2) The prime numbers 2 and 3 are twin numbers? False, because two is the only prime number here.

4) $2n-1$ is if and only if $2n-1$ ($2n-1$) is perfect. True

6) the equation $17+51=68$ verifies Goldbach's conjecture true for the number 68?
- no, because 6 and 8 are prime numbers. And "every number greater than 2, can be written as the sum of two prime numbers.

8) The number 31 cannot be represented as the difference of two squares. True

10) Any natural number greater than 1 is one and only one of the following :
perfect, deficient abundant. True