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MAT 101

Date

QUIZ

**CHAPTER 7.1-Linear Equations**

**Directions:** Make sure to answer each problem completely and show work.

1. Solve each equation

a.  $8 - 8x = 16$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8x + 8 = 16 \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-8x}{-8} = \frac{8}{-8}$$

$x = -1$

b.  $7x - 5x = x + 8$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x = x + 8 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline x = 8 \end{array}$$

c.  $4(x - 2) + 2(x + 3) = 6$

$$4x - 8 + 2x + 6 = 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 2 = 6 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{8}{6}$$

simplify

$x = \frac{4}{3}$

d.  $6x - 4(3 - 2x) = 5(x - 4) - 10$

$$6x - 12 + 8x = 5x - 20 - 10$$

$$14x - 12 = 5x - 30$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x + 12 \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} -5x + 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14x \\ -5x \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 5x \\ -5x \\ \hline \end{array} = 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9x \\ \hline 9 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} -18 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

e.  $-3x + 6 - 5(x - 1) = (2x - 4) - 5x + 5$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x + 6 \\ -5x + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Eliminate Parentheses

$$-8x + 11 = (2x - 4) - 5x + 5$$

$$-8x + 11 = 2x - 4 - 5x + 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8x + 11 \\ +3x - 11 \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} -3x + 1 \\ +3x - 11 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5x \\ \hline -5 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} -10 \\ \hline -5 \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

Combine

like terms

$$f. \frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5x}{2} = 13$$

4 LCD

$$3x + 2 \cdot 5x = 13 \cdot 4$$

4

Multiply all term by 4 to eliminate fraction

$$13x = 4 \cdot 13 \Rightarrow \frac{13x}{13} = \frac{52}{13}$$

$$\text{Cancel } \frac{4 \cdot 13x}{4} = 4 \cdot 13$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{2 \cdot 5}{4} = 13$$

$$\text{combine } 3x + 10x = 13$$

$$\frac{13x}{4} = 13$$

combine fraction with LCD

$$\frac{3x + 2 \cdot 5 = 13 \cdot 4}{4}$$

$$8x = 4 \cdot 13 \cdot 4 = 208$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{208}{8}$$

$$ex. \frac{x-8}{5} + \frac{8}{5} = -\frac{x}{3}$$

$$x - \frac{1 \cdot 8}{3} + \frac{8}{3} = -\frac{x}{3}$$

$$x - \frac{8}{3} + \frac{8}{3} = -\frac{x}{3}$$

$$x = -\frac{x}{3}$$

$$3x = -3 \cdot \frac{-x}{3} \text{ Cancel}$$

$$3x = -x$$

$$+x = +x$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{0}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{0}{4}$$

h.  $\frac{3x+7}{6} + \frac{x+7}{6} = \frac{x+6}{4}$

$$3x + \frac{7}{6} + x + \frac{7}{6} = x + \frac{6}{4}$$

$$4x \quad \frac{7}{3}$$

$$- \frac{7}{3}$$

$$= x + \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= x + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\frac{9}{6} - \frac{14}{6}$$

$$4x = x - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-5}{6}$$

$\times \frac{-5}{18}$   
multiply denominator

i.  $0.05x + 0.12(x + 5000) = 940$

$$0.05x + 0.12x + 600 = 940$$

$$0.17x + 600 = 940$$

$$-600 \quad -600$$

divide  $\frac{0.17x}{0.17} = \frac{340}{0.17}$

$$x = 2000$$

$$340 \overline{) 0.17} = 2$$

3 decimal places



2. Solve each formula for the specified variable.

a.  $d = rt$ ; solve for  $t$

Rewrite  $\frac{d}{r} = \frac{d}{r} \cdot \frac{1}{1} = \frac{d}{r} \cdot \frac{1}{1}$

$$t = \frac{d}{r}$$

b.  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ ; solve for  $b$

$$\frac{1}{2}bh = A \quad \frac{A}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{A \cdot 2}{1} = \frac{2A}{1}$$

$$\frac{bh}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2A}{1} \rightarrow b = \frac{2A}{h}$$

c.  $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ ; solve for  $h$

canceling out the fraction is what I remember by multiplying the denominator

about what you said in class in some problems

$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$  looks like calculus

and I just do what you did in previous problems, divide  $\frac{3V}{\pi r^2}$  and on other side of equal sign separate  $h$  divide by  $\pi r^2$

$$\frac{3V}{\pi r^2} = h$$

d.  $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$ ; solve for C

$F - 32 = \frac{9}{5}C$  <sup>Reverse</sup>

$\frac{5}{9} (F - 32) = C$

e.  $S = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r l$ ; solve for l

~~$S = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r l$~~

~~$S = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r l$~~   
 ~~$-2\pi r^2 - 2\pi r^2$~~  <sup>Isolate L</sup>  
 ~~$S - 2\pi r^2 = 2\pi r l$~~   
 ~~$\frac{S - 2\pi r^2}{2\pi r} = \frac{2\pi r l}{2\pi r}$~~

$\frac{S - 2\pi r^2}{2\pi r} = l$