

Name \_\_\_\_\_

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line satisfying the given conditions.

1) Through  $(4, 4)$ ; slope =  $-\frac{5}{8}$  1) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = -\frac{5}{8}x + \frac{2}{13}$

B)  $y = -\frac{5}{8}x - \frac{13}{2}$

C)  $y = -\frac{5}{8}x + \frac{13}{2}$

D)  $y = -\frac{8}{5}x - \frac{2}{13}$

2) Through  $(0, 5)$ ; slope =  $\frac{2}{3}$  2) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$

B)  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{5}$

C)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{5}$

D)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 5$

3) Through  $(4, -9)$ ; slope = 0 3) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $x = 4$

B)  $y = \frac{9}{4}x + 0$

C)  $y = -9$

D)  $y = \frac{4}{9}x + 0$

4) x-intercept  $(6, 0)$ ; slope = -5 4) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = -5x + 30$

B)  $y = -6x - 5$

C)  $y = 5x + 6$

D)  $y = 6x - 5$

5) Through  $\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{8}{5}\right)$ ; undefined slope 5) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = \frac{8}{5}$

B)  $y = \frac{1}{6}$

C)  $x = \frac{1}{6}$

D)  $x = \frac{8}{5}$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation for the line passing through the given pair of points.

6)  $(-2, 2)$  and  $(-4, 9)$  6) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = \frac{7}{2}x - 5$

B)  $y = -\frac{7}{2}x - 5$

C)  $y = -\frac{4}{13}x + \frac{133}{13}$

D)  $y = \frac{4}{13}x + \frac{133}{13}$

7)  $(9, -4)$  and  $(7, 1)$  7) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = -\frac{13}{6}x - \frac{85}{6}$

B)  $y = \frac{13}{6}x - \frac{85}{6}$

C)  $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{37}{2}$

D)  $y = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{37}{2}$

8)  $(10, -10)$  and  $(10, -1)$  8) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $-1x - 10y = 0$

B)  $-10x - 1y = 0$

C)  $x = 10$

D)  $y = -10$

Restate the equation in slope-intercept form.

9)  $x - 9y = 5$  9) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = 9x - 5$

B)  $y = \frac{1}{9}x - \frac{5}{9}$

C)  $y = \frac{1}{9}x - 5$

D)  $y = x - \frac{5}{9}$

- 10)  $4x - 2y = -10$  10) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A)  $y = 1x - 5$       B)  $y = 2x + 5$       C)  $y = 2x + 12$       D)  $y = 6x + 5$

Solve by the elimination method.

- 11)  $7x + 8y = 51$  11) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $3x + 5y = 25$   
 A)  $\{(5, 2)\}$       B)  $\{(4, 3)\}$       C) No solution      D)  $\{(5, 3)\}$

- 12)  $4x + 5y = -35$  12) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $-2x + 2y = -14$   
 A)  $\{(-1, -6)\}$       B) No solution      C)  $\{(0, -6)\}$       D)  $\{(0, -7)\}$

- 13)  $3x - 6y = -4$  13) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $-9x + 18y = -12$   
 A) Infinitely many solutions      B)  $\{(12, -24)\}$   
 C) No solution      D)  $\{(-12, 24)\}$

- 14)  $x + 3y = 8$  14) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $5x + 15y = 40$   
 A) No solution      B)  $\left\{ \left\{ x, -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{8}{3} \right\} \right\}$       C)  $\{(5, 5)\}$       D)  $\{(x, 3x + 8)\}$

Solve by the substitution method.

- 15)  $y = 4x + 3$  15) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $2x + y = 21$   
 A)  $\{(15, -9)\}$       B)  $\{(2, 11)\}$       C)  $\{(15, 3)\}$       D)  $\{(3, 15)\}$

- 16)  $x - 2y = 5$  16) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $x = y + 2$   
 A)  $\emptyset$       B) Infinite number of solutions  
 C)  $\{(-1, -3)\}$       D)  $\{(-1, 2)\}$

- 17)  $\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}y = -3$  17) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $x - y = -3$   
 A)  $\{(-6, -3)\}$       B)  $\{(6, -2)\}$       C)  $\{(-7, -2)\}$       D)  $\emptyset$

- 18)  $3x - 13 = -y$  18) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $2x + 9y = -8$   
 A)  $\{(-5, 2)\}$       B)  $\{(-5, -2)\}$       C)  $\{(5, -2)\}$       D)  $\{(5, 2)\}$

Decide whether the ordered pair is a solution of the given system.

- 19)  $(2, -3)$  19) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $3x + y = 3$   
 $2x + 3y = -5$   
 A) Yes      B) No

20)  $(-2, -6)$   
 $2x + y = 2$   
 $3x + 2y = 6$   
A) Yes

B) No

20) \_\_\_\_\_