

Name _____

MAT110NA: College Algebra

HW #3

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Determine whether the relation represents a function. If it is a function, state the domain and range.

- 1) $\{(41, -3), (5, -2), (5, 0), (9, 2), (21, 4)\}$ 1) _____
- A) function domain: $\{41, 9, 5, 21\}$ range: $\{-3, -2, 0, 2, 4\}$
- B) function domain: $\{-3, -2, 0, 2, 4\}$ range: $\{41, 9, 5, 21\}$
- C) not a function

- 2) $\{(-4, 21), (-3, 14), (0, 5), (3, 14), (5, 30)\}$ 2) _____
- A) function domain: $\{21, 14, 5, 30\}$ range: $\{-4, -3, 0, 3, 5\}$
- B) function domain: $\{-4, -3, 0, 3, 5\}$ range: $\{21, 14, 5, 30\}$
- C) not a function

Determine whether the equation defines y as a function of x .

- 3) $y^2 = 8 - x^2$ 3) _____
- A) function
- B) not a function

- 4) $y = 6x^2 - 5x + 8$ 4) _____
- A) function
- B) not a function

Find the value for the function.

- 5) Find $f(2)$ when $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 1}$. 5) _____
- A) $\frac{8}{3}$ B) $\frac{4}{3}$ C) -2 D) 0

- 6) Find $f(5)$ when $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 7x}$. 6) _____
- A) $2\sqrt{15}$ B) $2\sqrt{14}$ C) $\sqrt{74}$ D) $4\sqrt{2}$

- 7) Find $f(x - 1)$ when $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x + 2$. 7) _____
- A) $3x^2 - 10x + 9$ B) $3x^2 + 2x + 1$ C) $3x^2 - 10x + 1$ D) $-10x^2 + 3x + 9$

- 8) Find $f(x + 1)$ when $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 3}$. 8) _____
- A) $\frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{x + 4}$ B) $\frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{x - 2}$ C) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 2}$ D) $\frac{x^2 + 2x + 3}{x - 2}$

For the given functions f and g , find the requested function and state its domain.

- 9) $f(x) = x - 2$; $g(x) = 9x^2$ 9) _____
- Find $f + g$.
- A) $(f + g)(x) = 9x^2 - x + 2$; all real numbers
- B) $(f + g)(x) = -9x^2 + x - 2$; all real numbers
- C) $(f + g)(x) = 9x^2 + x - 2$; $\{x \mid x \neq 2\}$
- D) $(f + g)(x) = 9x^2 + x - 2$; all real numbers

10) $f(x) = 2x^3 - 1$; $g(x) = 5x^2 - 1$

Find $f \cdot g$.

- A) $(f \cdot g)(x) = 10x^5 - 2x^3 - 5x^2 + 1$; $\{x | x \neq 0\}$
- B) $(f \cdot g)(x) = 10x^5 - 2x^3 - 5x^2 + 1$; all real numbers
- C) $(f \cdot g)(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 + 1$; all real numbers
- D) $(f \cdot g)(x) = 10x^6 - 2x^3 - 5x^2 + 1$; all real numbers

10) _____

Solve the problem.

11) Find $(f + g)(-2)$ when $f(x) = x + 2$ and $g(x) = x - 1$.

- A) -5
- B) -7
- C) -1
- D) -3

11) _____

12) Find $(f - g)(4)$ when $f(x) = 4x^2 + 5$ and $g(x) = x - 1$.

- A) 66
- B) 64
- C) -73
- D) 74

12) _____

13) Find $(fg)(4)$ when $f(x) = x - 1$ and $g(x) = -2x^2 + 12x - 5$.

- A) 177
- B) 55
- C) 33
- D) -185

13) _____

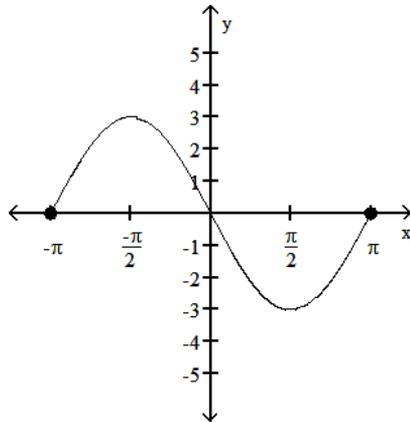
14) Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(-3)$ when $f(x) = 2x - 1$ and $g(x) = 4x^2 + 14x + 2$.

- A) $\frac{4}{5}$
- B) $\frac{7}{4}$
- C) -1
- D) 0

14) _____

The graph of a function is given. Decide whether it is even, odd, or neither.

15)



- A) even
- B) odd
- C) neither

15) _____

For the given functions f and g , find the requested composite function value.

16) $f(x) = 4x + 4$, $g(x) = 4x^2 + 3$; Find $(f \circ f)(2)$.

- A) 1447
- B) 52
- C) 80
- D) 579

16) _____

17) $f(x) = \frac{x - 6}{x}$, $g(x) = x^2 + 9$; Find $(g \circ f)(-2)$.

- A) $\frac{145}{16}$
- B) $\frac{7}{13}$
- C) 25
- D) 13

17) _____

18) $f(x) = 2x + 4$, $g(x) = 4x^2 + 1$; Find $(g \circ f)(4)$.

A) 134

B) 577

C) 16,901

D) 28

18) _____

For the given functions f and g , find the requested composite function.

19) $f(x) = 5x + 11$, $g(x) = 3x - 1$; Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.

A) $15x + 6$

B) $15x + 32$

C) $15x + 10$

D) $15x + 16$

19) _____

20) $f(x) = -6x + 9$, $g(x) = 2x + 8$; Find $(g \circ f)(x)$.

A) $-12x + 57$

B) $12x + 26$

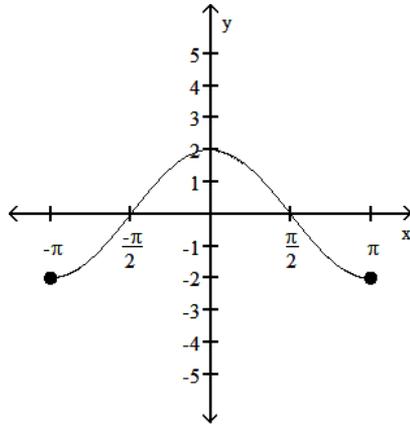
C) $-12x - 10$

D) $-12x + 26$

20) _____

The graph of a function is given. Decide whether it is even, odd, or neither.

21)



A) even

B) odd

C) neither

21) _____

Decide whether or not the functions are inverses of each other.

22) $f(x) = (x - 2)^2$, $x \geq 2$; $g(x) = \sqrt{x} + 2$

A) Yes

B) No

22) _____

The function f is one-to-one. Find its inverse.

23) $f(x) = 3x - 7$

A) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+7}{3}$

B) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-7}{3}$

C) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{3} + 7$

D) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{3} - 7$

23) _____

24) $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$

A) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{2}$

B) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2}{x}$

C) $f^{-1}(x) = -2x$

D) $f^{-1}(x) = 2x$

24) _____

25) $f(x) = x^3 - 3$

A) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-3}$

B) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+3}$

C) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} - 3$

D) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 3$

25) _____