

Word	Root	Binyan	Conjugation ¹	Person	Gender	Number	Translation	BDB Page ²
יִשְׁמַע	שָׁמַע	Qal	Imperfect	3	M	S	He will hear	1033(A)
לְעַבֵּד	עָבַד	Qal	Inf. Const.	---	---	---	To serve	712 (B)
הִשְׁפִּיכָהּ	שָׁכַב	Hiphil	Perfect	3	F	S	She laid	1012 (B)
וַיֵּאסֶף	אָסַף	Niphal	Wayyiqtol	3	M	S	(And) he gathered	62 (B)
נִקְרָא	קָרָא	Niphal	Perfect	3	M	S	He is called	896 (A)
לְהִתְאַפֵּק	אָפַק	Hithpael	Inf. Const.	---	---	---	To hold	67 (B)
וַיָּבֹא	בָּא	Qal	Wayyiqtol	3	M	S	(And) he came	97 (B)
אֶשְׁבַּע	שָׁבַע	Niphal	Imperfect	1	C	S	I will swear	989 (A)
לְבָרֵךְ	בָּרַךְ	Piel	Inf. Const.	---	---	---	To bless	138 (B)
תֹּאכַל	אָכַל	Qal	Imperfect	2	M	S	You will eat	37 (A)
לְאָמַר	אָמַר	Qal	Inf. Const.	---	---	---	To say	55 (B)

וַיָּבֹא אַחָאָב אֶל־בֵּיתוֹ	5	וַיֵּאָסְפוּ כָּל־אִישׁ יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶל־הָעִיר	1 ³
(And) Ahab went into his house		(And) all the men of Israel were gathered against the city	
וַתִּפְתַּח הָאָרֶץ אֶת־פִּיהָ וַתִּבְלַע אֹתָם	6	וַיִּשְׁלְחוּ שְׂבָטֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל אֲנָשִׁים בְּכָל־שְׂבָטֵי	2 ⁴
(And) the earth opened its mouth and swallowed them		(And) the tribes of Israel sent messengers throughout the tribe	
וַיִּפְתַּח יְהוָה אֶת־פִּי הָאֲתוֹן	7	וַיִּשְׁלַח יִשְׂרָאֵל מַלְאָכִים אֶל־מֶלֶךְ אֲדוֹם לֵאמֹר אֶעֱבְרָה־נָּא בְּאַרְצְךָ	3 ⁵
(And) the LORD opened the mouth of the donkey		Then Israel sent messengers to the king of Edom saying, “Please let me pass through your land.”	
וַיָּקָם אֵלֶיהָ בַּבֹּקֶר וַיִּפְתַּח דֶּלֶתוֹת הַבַּיִת	8	וַיָּבֹא אֵלָיו מִכְתָּב מֵאֵלֵיהֶוּ הַנָּבִיא לְאָמַר כֹּה אָמַר יְהוָה	4
(And) her master arose in the morning and opened the door		(And) a letter came to him from Elijah the prophet saying, “Thus says the LORD.”	

¹ In this exercise, the conjugations could be; “perfect,” “imperfect,” “cohortative,” “imperative,” “wayyiqtol,” “weqatal,” “Inf.Absolute,” “Inf.Construct,” “Imperative,” “Participle”

² Insert the full-page reference here, including the column (a or b). You are also expected to find the meaning of the word, in the appropriate binyan, from the BDB

³ Here, I am leaving the munah (cantillation mark) under the tav to show you where the accent falls. This is important for your correct interpretation of the verb. Note too that in this example, the verb is translated in the present tense.

⁴ When 2 nouns are separated by a preposition, as you can see here, you will usually need to insert a form of the verb “to be.”

⁵ Similarly, with the interrogative, you will need to add a form of the verb “to be”