

Quiz #4

1.) $(-3, 5)$ and $(-8, 1)$ Distance and Midpoint

$$d = \sqrt{(-8+3)^2 + (1-5)^2} = \sqrt{(-5)^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{25 + 16} = \sqrt{41}$$

$$\left(\frac{-3+(-8)}{2}, \frac{5+1}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{-11}{2}, \frac{6}{2} \right) = \left(-\frac{11}{2}, 3 \right)$$

2.) Parallel, Perpendicular, or Neither $(4, 5)$ and $(-2, 3)$; $(-7, 3)$ and $(-4, -1)$

$$L_1 = m = \frac{3+5}{-2-4} = \frac{8}{-6} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$L_2 = m = \frac{-1-3}{-4+7} = \frac{-4}{3} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

Neither

3.) Parallel, Perpendicular, or Neither $(-3, 4)$ and $(7, 2)$; $(-6, 1)$ and $(9, -4)$

$$L_1 = m = \frac{-2-4}{7+3} = \frac{-6}{10} = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$$L_2 = m = \frac{-4-1}{-9+6} = \frac{-5}{-3} = \frac{5}{3}$$

Perpendicular

4.) Parallel, Perpendicular, Neither $(-2, 4)$ and $(-10, -6)$; $(3, -3)$ and $(-2, 1)$

$$L_1 = m = \frac{-6-4}{-10+2} = \frac{-10}{-8} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$L_2 = m = \frac{1+3}{-2-3} = \frac{4}{-5} = -\frac{4}{5}$$

Perpendicular

5.) Parallel, Perpendicular, Neither $(-1, 2)$ and $(-5, 4)$; $(-8, 3)$ and $(-2, -6)$

$$L_1 = m = \frac{4+2}{-5+1} = \frac{6}{-4} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$L_2 = m = \frac{-6-3}{-2+8} = \frac{-9}{6} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Parallel