

Unit 2, Assignment 2: Variability
Please fill in the answers using RED text 😊

1. Which is the preferred descriptive measure of variability? _____

2. All distributions can be defined by which 3 things?

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

3. If a professor returned an exam to you and your exam only had a deviation score of -15, what would you know about your X-score (your exam score)?

4. If a professor returned an exam to you and your exam had a deviation score of 8, and the professor told you that the class mean was 70, you would know that your exam score was:

Answer: _____

5. Make up 3 sets of data, each of which has 6 scores so that one set has very high variability, one has very low, and one has zero variability:

High variability _____

Low variability _____

Zero variability _____

6. What does the measure of standard deviation tell you about a set of data?

7. What is the statistical notation for the following?

Population variance: _____

Population standard deviation: _____

Sample standard deviation: _____

Sum of the squared deviations: _____

8. Calculate SS (by hand) for the following set of population data (you do not have to show your work):

Data set: 10, 4, 8, 5, 8 Answer: _____

9. Calculate the population variance (by hand) for the data set in question 8 (you do not have to show your work):

Answer: _____

10. Calculate the population standard deviation for the data set in question 8 (you do not have to show your work):

Answer: _____

11. A population has a mean of 100 and a variance of 4. What is its standard deviation (no math is necessary to answer this question)?

Answer: _____

12. A sample has a standard deviation of 7. What is its variance (no math is necessary to answer this question)?

Answer: _____

13. Calculate SS (by hand) for the following set of sample data: 1, 6, 10, 9, 4 (no need to show work)

Answer: _____

14. Calculate the sample standard deviation for the data set in question 13 (no need to show work)

Answer: _____

15. What is the variance for the sample data in question 13? (no need to show work)

Answer: _____

16. If a sample has a standard deviation of 3.2, what is its variance? (no need to show work)

Answer: _____

17. If a sample has a variance of 2.2, what is its standard deviation?

Answer: _____

18. A study examines the relationship between hours of sleep and the level of relaxation one feels in the afternoon in a SAMPLE of women. One group was allowed to sleep between 5 and 6 hours and the other group was allowed to sleep between 7 and 8 hours.

Here are the data for both groups:

5-6 hours of sleep

7-8 hours of sleep

4, 1, 5, 10, 5, 10

3, 2, 9, 15, 1, 12

Calculate the following by hand (no need to show work):

Calculate the mean for the 5-6 hour group. Answer: _____

Calculate the mean for the 7-8 hour group. Answer: _____

Calculate the standard deviation for the 5-6 hour group. Answer: _____

Calculate the standard deviation for the 7-8 hour group. Answer: _____

19. These data are teacher first year salaries across a number of states. Enter these data on SPSS (you should enter the data WITHOUT the \$ signs and remember to enter the data into ONE column on SPSS, despite the fact that I have given you the data in two columns). Calculate a mean, a standard deviation, and generate a histogram for these data:

\$57,000	\$28,350
\$31,350	\$30,000
\$40,200	\$27,750
\$36,000	\$30,750
\$21,450	\$35,100
\$19,200	\$34,800
\$21,900	\$27,300
\$23,550	\$60,000
\$45,000	\$40,800
\$35,100	\$45,000
\$32,100	\$103,750
\$23,250	\$42,300
\$36,000	\$26,250
\$35,100	\$38,850
\$21,900	\$21,750
\$23,250	\$24,000
\$27,900	\$16,950
\$29,250	\$21,150
\$24,000	\$92,000
\$30,750	\$81,250
\$30,300	

Based on your SPSS results, what is the mean? _____

Based on your SPSS results, what is the standard deviation? _____

What is the best measure of central tendency to describe these data? _____ Why did you choose that answer? _____

Cut and paste the histogram from SPSS here:

20.	<u>Females</u>	<u>Males</u>
	9	8
	9	10
	10	11
	13	12
	8	11
	16	9

Above are SAMPLE data for standardized intelligence scores for men and women.

What is the mean for women? _____

What is the mean for men? _____

What is the standard deviation for women? _____

What is the standard deviation for men? _____

Based on the means and standard deviations, how would you describe the differences in intelligence scores between men and women?

TRUE / FALSE

- _____ 21. The range and the standard deviation are both measures of distance.
- _____ 22. If the highest score in a distribution is $X = 16$ and the lowest is $X = 4$, then the range is 12 or 13 points.
- _____ 23. The range is usually considered to be a relatively crude measure of variability.
- _____ 24. For a population of scores, the sum of the deviation scores is equal to N .
- _____ 25. For a population, a deviation score is computed as $X - \mu$
- _____ 26. A positive deviation always indicates a score that is less than the mean.
- _____ 27. For a population of $N = 4$ scores with $\Sigma X = 1$ and $\Sigma X^2 = 30$, $SS = 5$.
- _____ 28. To calculate the variance for a population, SS is divided by N .
- _____ 29. A population with $SS = 90$ and a variance of 9 has $N = 10$ - scores.

- _____ 30. If the population variance is 5, then the population standard deviation is $\sigma = 25$.
- _____ 31. If the population variance is 4, then the standard deviation will be $\sigma = 16$.
- _____ 32. If the scores in a population range from a low of $X = 5$ to a high of $X = 14$, then the population standard deviation must be less than 10 points.
- _____ 33. A sample of $n = 6$ scores has $SS = 30$ and $s^2 = 6$. If the 6 scores were a population, the value of SS would still be 30, but the variance would be $\sigma^2 = 5$.
- _____ 34. A sample with a variance of 25 has a standard deviation equal to 5 points.
- _____ 35. To calculate the variance for a sample, SS is divided by $n - 1$.