

Medication Administration Quiz

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1. You may give a PRN medication to a client anytime they ask for one?
a) True
 b) False
2. You don't need to document the effects of a PRN medication after it is given?
a) True
 b) False
3. If you give the client a medication and notice that the client has been affected with a side effect or adverse effect to the medication, what should you do?
a) Wait until the client returns to their baseline and then report the side effect
 b) Report the side effect immediately to the Lead/Program Director and Nurse
c) Do nothing, you're not worried about the side effect
d) Report the side effect to the next person when they come on to their shift
4. The '7 Rights' of medication administration include all except?
 a) Right client
 b) Right drug
 c) Expiration Date
 d) Right dose
e) Right Sticker
 f) Right documentation
 g) Right route
 h) Right time
5. Do **not** crush (choose all that apply):
 a) Time release capsules
 b) Enteric coated tablets
 c) Children's Chewable Vitamin
 d) Sublingual medications
6. If a medication is ordered as: Omeprazole 20 mg PO BID, how often will you administer this medication?
 a) Every AM
b) After every meal
c) Four Times Daily
d) Two Times Daily
7. Controlled medication must be counted every shift, even if not given, and documented on the controlled medication log.
 a) True
b) False

8. If a medication is given topically, it should be:
- a) Applied directly to the skin as an ointment, cream, lotion, solution, powder, or gel.
 - b) Placed between the gums and cheek, where it also dissolves and is absorbed into your blood.
 - c) Swallowed by mouth as a tablet, capsule, lozenge, or liquid.
 - d) Applied to the eye.
9. Which of the following does not need to be on a medication label?
- a) Route of administration
 - b) Date of birth
 - c) Time or frequency of administration
 - d) Expiration date
10. Medication errors include all the following except:
- a) Wrong time
 - b) Wrong patient
 - c) Patient refusal
 - d) Incorrect medication
11. When administering Eye Drops, you pull the eyelid up and then administer the drops?
- a) True
 - b) False
12. You need a prescription or PRN protocol in place to administer an over-the-counter medication(s):
- a) True
 - b) False
13. You do not need to prime an Insulin Pen:
- a) True
 - b) False
14. What do you administer if a client is having a severe and life threatening allergic reaction?
- a) Insulin
 - b) CPR
 - c) Epi-Pen
 - d) Steroids
15. Which of the following are side effects from Psychotropic medications: (choose all that apply):
- a) Dry Mouth
 - b) Weight Gain or Loss
 - c) Diarrhea
 - d) Tremors
 - e) Tardive Dyskinesia
16. CC's and ML are not used interchangeably.
- a) True

- b) False
17. Is it ok to mark your medications off in the MAR before administering?
- a) True
 b) False
18. How many units do you 'Prime' an Insulin pen?
- a) 0
 b) 2
c) 5
d) You do not prime an Insulin pen
19. It is ok to not finish the remainder of an antibiotic if the client reports that they are "Feeling better and no longer needing it."
- a) True
 b) False
20. When receiving a Narcotic, you must start a controlled medication log only when they use their first dose.
- a) True
 b) False
21. A client is prescribed Amoxicillin 500 mg by mouth three times daily. When going through the client's medications, you see that the client is allergic to Amoxicillin. What should you do?
- a) Administer it anyways as they really need it
b) Call 911
c) Ask the client if they really have an allergy to Amoxicillin
 d) Report your findings to your house lead/lead/RN and do not administer
22. What do you do if a client returns with medications that you had set up for them to take while away from the home?
- a) Throw them away
b) Make the client take them
 c) Record RX # on the envelope for medication not taken
d) Put them back in the bubble pack/bottle so they aren't wasted
23. If a client has an order for a Narcotic but it got discontinued by the MD, you must continue counting it each shift until removed by the RN.
- a) True
b) False
24. It is ok to discontinue a Psychotropic medication abruptly?
- a) True
 b) False
25. Match the following to the appropriate Psychotropic name:
- | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| a) Mood Stabilizers | ← | 1) A drug that treats symptoms of hallucinations, delusions, and dementia |
| b) Antidepressants | ← | 2) A drug that helps reduce mood swings and help prevent manic and depressive episodes |
| c) Antipsychotics | ← | 3) A drug that helps reduce panic attacks and |
| d) Anti-Anxiety | ← | |

extreme ear and worry

4) A drug that can help treat depression but can also be used to treat chronic pain and insomnia

26. A client tells you that they have a headache and asks you for some Tylenol. The client doesn't have an order for Tylenol PRN from his MD. You go to look at their Standing Orders and notice that they have no standing orders in place. What do you do?
- a) Give it to them anyways as they have a headache
 - b) Dig through your car to see if you have some Tylenol for them
 - c) Call your house lead/lead to update them
 - d) Tell them to go to bed
27. You should never have to DON gloves when applying a Topical medication.
- a) True
 - b) False
28. You must remain with the client until all medications are swallowed.
- a) True
 - b) False
- ~~29.~~ Never cover the label when measuring liquid medications, this allows you to see what medication you are giving.
- a) True
 - b) False
30. Being responsible for administering clients medications is a big responsibility and needs to be taken seriously.
- a) True
 - b) False