



# NorthStar

Community Services

## Certificate of Completion

### Medication Training following 245 D Medication Administration guidelines.

Presented by: Breanna Diedrich RN, BSN

Objectives:

Following this activity, the participant will be able to:

1. Identify different routes and forms of medication
2. Recall the parts of a medication label
3. Name the '5 Rights' of medication administration
4. List the different types of medication errors
5. Identify the process of notifying appropriate parties in the case of a medication error
6. Explain how to give PRN medications
7. List different medication abbreviations

Participant Name: Beth Schatz

Participant Signature: Beth Schatz

Date Completed: 12-13-2023

## Medication Administration Quiz

Name: Beth Schertz

Date: 12-8-2023

1. You may give a PRN medication to a client anytime they ask for one?
  - a) True
  - b) False
2. Do you need to document the effects of a PRN medication after it is given?
  - a) True
  - b) False
3. If you give the client a medication and notice that the client has been affected with a side effect or adverse effect to the medication:
  - a) Wait until the client returns to their baseline and then report the side effect
  - b) Report the side effect immediately to the Lead/Program Director and Nurse
  - c) Do nothing, you're not worried about the side effect
  - d) Report the side effect to the next person when they come on to their shift
4. The '5 Rights' of medication administration include:
  - a) Right client
  - b) Right drug
  - c) Right PRN
  - d) Right dose
  - e) Right doctor
  - f) Right route
  - g) Right time
5. Do not crush (choose all that apply):
  - a) Time release capsules
  - b) Enteric coated tablets
  - c) Effervescent tablets
  - d) Vitamins
  - e) Sublingual medications
6. If a medication is ordered as: Omeprazole 20 mg PO ac qam, when will you administer this medication?
  - a) Before every meal
  - b) After every meal
  - c) In the morning with breakfast
  - d) In the morning before breakfast
7. Controlled medication must be counted at least daily, even if not given, and documented on the controlled medication log.
  - a) True
  - b) False

8. If a medication is given topically, it should be:
- a) applied directly to the skin as an ointment, cream, lotion, solution, powder, or gel.
  - b) placed between the gums and cheek, where it also dissolves and is absorbed into your blood.
  - c) swallowed by mouth as a tablet, capsule, lozenge, or liquid.
  - d) applied to the eye.
9. A medication label should always include (select all that apply):
- a) the patients date of birth
  - b) the expiration date
  - c) the number of remaining refills
  - d) directions for use
10. Medication errors include all the following **except**:
- a) Wrong time
  - b) Wrong patient
  - c) Patient refusal
  - d) Incorrect medication