

Strengths:

1. Reputation
2. Sales Volume
3. Efficiency
4. Techs and Management Longevity
5. Good Business practices/honesty
6. Lots of master certified techs
7. Good people to work with

Weaknesses

1. Capacity
2. Customer Satisfaction score
3. Advisor turnover
4. Inability to problem solve/persistent issues
5. Lack of training
6. Advisors slow to tell techs if a sale has been made, causing efficiency issues
7. Lack of consistent meetings

Opportunities

1. Expansion (we just broke ground)
2. Population is increasing heavily in our area
3. Obtaining new equipment/technology to increase efficiency
4. Ford making changes to parts to get parts faster
5. Customers willing to pay higher prices for pick-up and delivery

Threats

1. More third-party service centers
2. Technology (vehicles fixing themselves)
3. Larger service facilities built near the dealership

Objectives:

1. Make the most out of our increase in capacity from the expansion by becoming more efficient
2. Come up with a long-term training plan for service advisors
3. Have more consistent communication between managers and techs/advisors/drivers/Parts
4. Reduce the communication issues between techs/advisors

Strategies:

1. Stop having people go to the back parts counter
2. Maintain open lines of communication between sales and service during construction to see what we can do to help
3. Be ready for the increased capacity day 1 by doing a marketing campaign as the construction finishes up
4. Have a long-term advisor training plan and stick to it to reduce turnover
5. Brainstorm solutions for trying to mitigate some of the communication issues between techs and advisors

Tactics:

1. Implement parts runners and close down the back parts counter to technicians
2. Meet often with service managers to understand the issues brought about by construction
3. Use Geofencing and Facebook to advertise our new facility to ensure we have business for the new increased capacity
4. Meet with service managers and enforce a more comprehensive training program for advisors
5. Management must facilitate communication processes between techs and advisors

| Task | By Whom | When |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Have regular quick meetings for all service employees | Service Managers | Weekly |
| Close Back Parts Counter | Service Foreman | 1/1/2021 |
| Build on our new digital signage menu boards and keep content fresh and value focused | Myself | Update Weekly |
| Facilitate Communication between advisors and techs. Train both on importance | Service Manager/Foreman | Daily |
| Consider teams as we expand | GM/Service Manager | 7/1/2021 |
| Discuss with union options for increasing hours or doing after hours PDIs | Service Manager | TBD Next Meeting |
| Implement a longer and more consistent service advisor training program | Service Manager/Training Advisor | 12/1/2020 |
| Get a marketing plan to implement toward the end of construction to drive business to our new | Me/Marketing consultant | 7/1/2021 |

We have construction going on so in the coming months we will have some issues with flow and capacity until it gets done. We will need to make changes to be ready for the additional capacity that we will receive. Making changes like closing the back parts counter and focusing on advisor tech communication should help us a lot with efficiency. If we can continue to make changes to become more efficient that could help us ease the burden of construction and hit the ground running when we get extra stalls. We have also switched our digital signage to a much better option that allows much more customization. We recently promoted an advisor and put him in charge of training other advisors so we will need to work with him for a much more thorough training program. With these changes it should allow us to stay profitable and keep our customer satisfaction high during construction while being ready to do much better when we get additional stalls.

| | | Sales in Dollars | | FRH's on RO's | | Averages | Analysis |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------------|
| Competitive | | \$ 2,339 | ÷ | 57.20 | = | 40.90 | FRH Average |
| Maintenance | | \$ 3,336 | ÷ | 42.20 | = | 79.05 | FRH Average |
| Repair | | \$ 5,719 | ÷ | 46.70 | = | 122.47 | FRH Average |
| Totals | | \$ 11,395 | ÷ | 146.10 | = | 77.99 | Customer ELR |
| | | | Target Labor Rate | | | 120.88 | Per FRH |
| Total Ro's in Sample | 100 | | | Difference | | -42.89 | Per FRH |
| Cost of Labor | | | | | | | |
| Total Cost of Labor | | 3788.08 | ÷ | Total Sales | = | 33.24% | Percent Cost of Sales |
| Total Cost of Labor | | 3788.08 | ÷ | Total FRHs | = | 25.93 | Cost per FRH |
| Repair Order Measurements | | | | | | | |
| Total Labor Sales | | 11,394.89 | ÷ | Total ROs | = | 113.95 | Avg Labor per RO |
| Total FRHs | | 146.10 | ÷ | Total ROs | = | 1.46 | Avg FRH's per RO |
| Menu Sales | | | ÷ | Total ROs | = | | Percent Menu Sales |
| Competitive FRHs | | 57.20 | ÷ | Total FRHs | = | 39.15% | Percent Competitive |
| Maintenance FRHs | | 42.20 | ÷ | Total FRHs | = | 28.88% | Percent Maintenance |
| Repair FRH | | 46.70 | ÷ | Total FRHs | = | 31.96% | Percent Repair |
| One item ROs | | 68 | ÷ | Total ROs | = | 68.00% | Percent One Item RO |
| Model Year Analysis | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | Older | |