



<b>Nursing Process</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
RN Assessment	24	100.0%	The assessment step of the nursing process involves application of nursing knowledge to the collection, organization, validation and documentation of data about a client's health status. The nurse focuses on the client's response to a specific health problem including the client's health beliefs and practices. The nurse thinks critically to perform a comprehensive assessment of subjective and objective information. Nurses must have excellent communication and assessment skills in order to plan client care.
RN Analysis/Diagnosis	22	100.0%	The analysis step of the nursing process involves the nurse's ability to analyze assessment data to identify health problems/risks and a client's needs for health intervention. The nurse identifies patterns or trends, compares the data with expected standards or reference ranges and draws conclusions to direct nursing care. The nurse then frames nursing diagnoses in order to direct client care.
RN Planning	25	92.0%	The planning step of the nursing process involves the nurse's ability to make decisions and problem solve. The nurse uses a client's assessment data and nursing diagnoses to develop measurable client goals/outcomes and identify nursing interventions. The nurse uses evidenced based practice to set client goals, establish priorities of care, and identify nursing interventions to assist the client to achieve his goals.
RN Implementation/Therapeutic Nursing Intervention	67	100.0%	The implementation step of the nursing process involves the nurse's ability to apply nursing knowledge to implement interventions to assist a client to promote, maintain, or restore his health. The nurse uses problem-solving skills, clinical judgment, and critical thinking when using interpersonal and technical skills to provide client care. During this step the nurse will also delegate and supervise care and document the care and the client's response.
RN Evaluation	12	91.7%	The evaluation step of the nursing process involves the nurse's ability to evaluate a client's response to nursing interventions and to reach a nursing judgment regarding the extent to which the client has met the goals and outcomes. During this step the nurse will also assess client/staff understanding of instruction, the effectiveness of interventions, and identify the need for further intervention or the need to alter the plan.

<b>Priority Setting in Nursing</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
	27	100.0%	Ability to demonstrate nursing judgment in making decisions about priority responses to a client problem. Also includes establishing priorities regarding the sequence of care to be provided to multiple clients.

<b>Thinking Skills</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
Foundational Thinking in Nursing	24	100.0%	Ability to recall and comprehend information and concepts foundational to quality nursing practice.
Clinical Judgment/Critical Thinking in Nursing	126	97.6%	Ability to use critical thinking skills (interpretation, analysis, evaluation, inference, and explanation) to make a clinical judgment regarding a posed clinical problem. Includes cognitive abilities of application and analysis.

<b>NCLEX®</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
RN Management of Care	30	100.0%	The nurse coordinates, supervises and/or collaborates with members of the health care to provide an environment that is cost-effective and safe for clients.
RN Safety and Infection Control	18	100.0%	The nurse uses preventive safety measures to promote the health and well-being of clients, significant others, and members of the health care team.
RN Health Promotion and Maintenance	14	92.9%	The nurse directs nursing care to promote prevention and detection of illness and support optimal health.
RN Psychosocial Integrity	13	100.0%	The nurse directs nursing care to promote and support the emotional, mental and social well-being of clients and significant others.
RN Basic Care and Comfort	13	92.3%	The nurse provides nursing care to promote comfort and assist client to perform activities of daily living.
RN Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies	23	95.7%	The nurse administers, monitors and evaluates pharmacological and parenteral therapy.
RN Reduction of Risk Potential	18	100.0%	The nurse directs nursing care to decrease clients' risk of developing complications from existing health disorders, treatments or procedures.
RN Physiological Adaptation	21	100.0%	The nurse manages and provides nursing care for clients with an acute, chronic or life threatening illness.

<b>Clinical Areas</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
Fundamentals	14	92.9%	Ability to apply fundamental nursing principles and skills to basic needs of clients. Topics include foundational client care concepts (ie: medical and surgical asepsis, infection control, physical assessment, therapeutic communication, medication administration, pain management integral to the delivery of safe, ethical, and legal nursing practice.
Adult Medical-Surgical	36	100.0%	Ability to apply medical-surgical nursing knowledge to clinical problems experienced by adults. Topics include care of clients with cardiovascular, hematologic, gastrointestinal, neurosensory, endocrine, fluid and electrolyte, integumentary, lymph/immune/infectious, renal and urinary, musculoskeletal, reproductive, and respiratory disorders as well as topics relevant to perioperative nursing care and emergency care/triage.
Maternal Newborn	15	100.0%	Ability to apply nursing knowledge to perinatal nursing care. Topics include antepartum, intrapartum, and postpartum nursing care as well as care of the newborn.
Mental Health	23	100.0%	Ability to apply nursing knowledge to the care of clients with mental health disorders. Topics include foundational mental health concepts (e.g., therapeutic communication, therapeutic milieu, legal/ethical issues), care of clients experiencing psychobiologic disorders or psychiatric emergencies, and care of clients receiving traditional nonpharmacological and psychopharmacological therapies.
Nursing Care of Children	21	95.2%	Ability to apply nursing knowledge to clinical problems experienced by children. Topics include basic concepts (e.g., medication administration, physical assessment, nutritional needs), care of children with various system disorders, care of children experiencing pediatric emergencies (e.g., accidental poisoning, respiratory arrest), and care of children with psychosocial disorders.
Leadership	22	100.0%	Ability to manage the care of a caseload of clients and nursing care team while using principles of management and supervision. Topics include leadership skills (ie: interdisciplinary collaboration, advocacy, prioritization, delegation), performance improvement, continuity of client care, and principles of case management while ensuring safe client care and efficient utilization of human and material resources.
Community Health	7	100.0%	Ability to apply concepts related to public and community health. Topics include primary, secondary, and tertiary interventions, health screening, health related education, home health and injury prevention, disaster planning, and cultural diversity.
Pharmacology	7	85.7%	Ability to apply concepts related to the pharmacodynamics and pharmacotherapeutics of commonly prescribed medications for clients with physical and mental health disorders. Topics include principles of medication administration and dosage calculation, side/adverse effects, drug/food interactions, contraindications, and nursing implications integral to the safe administration of medications to clients across the lifespan.
Nutrition	5	100.0%	Ability to apply nursing knowledge to normal nutrition and diet therapy. Topics include the collection of data regarding nutritional status; implementation of actions to promote normal nutrition or dietary modification in response to illness; and evaluation of the client's response to diet therapy.

<b>QSEN</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
Safety	45	95.6%	The minimization of risk factors that could cause injury or harm while promoting quality care and maintaining a secure environment for clients, self, and others.
Patient-Centered Care	26	96.2%	The provision of caring and compassionate, culturally sensitive care that is based on a patient's physiological, psychological, sociological, spiritual, and cultural needs, preferences, and values.
Evidence Based Practice	61	100.0%	The use of current knowledge from research and other credible sources to make clinical judgments and provide client-centered care.
Quality Improvement	3	100.0%	Care-related and organizational processes that involve the development and implementation of a plan to improve health care services and better meet the needs of clients.
Teamwork and Collaboration	15	100.0%	The delivery of client care in partnership with multidisciplinary members of the health care team, to achieve continuity of care and positive client outcomes.

<b>NLN Competency</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
Human Flourishing	21	95.2%	Human flourishing is reflected in patient care that demonstrates respect for diversity, approaches patients in a holistic and patient-centered manner, and uses advocacy to enhance their health and well-being.
Nursing Judgment	104	98.1%	Nursing judgment involves the use of critical thinking and decision making skills when making clinical judgments that promote safe, quality patient care.
Professional Identity	19	100.0%	Professional identity reflects the professional development of the nurse as a member and leader of the health care team who promotes relationship-centered care, and whose practice reflects integrity and caring while following ethical and legal guidelines.
Spirit of Inquiry	6	100.0%	A spirit of inquiry is exhibited by nurses who provide evidence based clinical nursing practice and use evidence to promote change and excellence.

<b>BSN Essentials</b>	<b>No of Items</b>	<b>Individual Score</b>	<b>Description</b>
Liberal Education for Baccalaureate Generalist Nursing Practice	13	100.0%	The need for an education that exposes nurses to multiple fields of study providing the foundation for a global perspective of society as well as high level thinking and acquisition of skills that can be applied to complex patient and system-based problems.
Basic Organization and Systems Leadership for Quality Care and Patient Safety	10	100.0%	The need for nurses to be able to understand power relationships and use decision-making and leadership skills to promote safe practice and quality improvement within health care systems.
Scholarship for Evidence-Based Practice	57	100.0%	The need for nurses to be able to understand the research process and base practice and clinical judgments upon fact-based evidence to enhance patient outcomes.
Healthcare Policy, Finance, and Regulatory Environments	1	100.0%	The need for nurses to be able to understand the role of regulatory agencies in relation to the development of health care policies and their effect on patient care services, access to care, financial reimbursement, and scope of nursing practice.
Interprofessional Communication and Collaboration	5	100.0%	The need for nurses to be able to function as a member of the healthcare team while promoting an environment that supports interprofessional communication and collaboration with the goal of providing patient-centered care.
Clinical Prevention and Population Health	23	91.3%	The need for nurses to be able to identify health related risk factors and facilitate behaviors that support health promotion, and disease and injury prevention, while providing population-focused care that is based on principles of epidemiology and promotes social justice.
Professionalism and Professional Values	6	100.0%	The need for nurses to be able to practice nursing in a professional manner while providing patient-centered care that is caring, respects diversity, and is governed by legal and ethical tenets.
Baccalaureate Generalist Nursing Practice	35	97.1%	The need for nurses to be able to practice as a generalist using clinical reasoning to provide care to patients across the lifespan and healthcare continuum and to individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations.

# Score Explanation and Interpretation

## Individual Performance Profile

### INDIVIDUAL SCORE

The individual score is the number of questions answered correctly divided by the number of questions on the assessment. It is on a scale of 0% to 100%.

### TOPICS TO REVIEW

Based on the questions missed on this assessment, a listing of content areas and topics to review is provided. A variety of learning resources can be used in the review process, including content, images, animations and videos in ATI's Content Mastery Series® Review Modules, online practice assessments, and a focused review that is individualized to the questions missed.