

N444 Concept Synthesis  
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

Student Name: Benjamin Ruettiger  
Assessment Name: **RN ATI Capstone Proctored Pre-Assessment**  
Semester: Spring 2026



Proctored Assessment: RN ATI Capstone Proctored Pre-Assessment

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## Individual Performance Profile

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<p>ADJUSTED INDIVIDUAL TOTAL SCORE</p> <p><b>73.4%</b></p> <p>TIME SPENT</p> <p><b>35:31</b></p>	<p>Individual Name: Benjamin Ruettiger</p> <p>Student Number: RU3144264</p> <p>Institution: Lakeview CON</p> <p>Program Type: BSN</p> <p>Test Completed Date: 1/16/2026 # of Points: 105</p>	<p><b>Focused Review Progress</b></p> <p>View missed topics and launch study materials below.</p> <p>Last accessed: 1/16/2026 Time spent: 01:01:35</p> <p><a href="#">Review</a> <a href="#">Flashcards</a></p>
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### Main Category #1: Health Promotion and Maintenance

#### Subcategory: Lifestyle Choices

##### Topic: Contraception: Contraception for a Client Who Smokes Cigarettes

- Combined oral contraceptives may be contraindicated in patients who smoke.
- Oral contraceptives can increase the risk of thromboembolism, stroke, heart attack, hypertension, gallbladder disease, and liver tumors.
- Adverse effects of oral contraceptives include headache, nausea, breast tenderness, and breakthrough bleeding.

### Main Category #2: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies

#### Subcategory: Adverse Effects/Contraindications/Side Effects/Interactions

##### Topic: Psychosocial Issues of Infants, Children, and Adolescents: Identifying Adverse Effects of Atomoxetine

- Atomoxetine is a selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor to treat patients with ADHD.
- The dose of atomoxetine is gradually increased to achieve therapeutic results.
- One adverse effect of atomoxetine that the nurse should look out for is suicidal ideation.

##### Topic: Psychotic Disorders: Provide Information on Common Adverse Effects of Medications

- Medications are used to treat positive manifestations related to behavior, thought, perception, and speech (agitation, bizarre behavior, delusions, hallucinations, flight of ideas, illogical thinking patterns, tangential speech patterns) and negative manifestations (social withdrawal, lack of emotion, lack of energy [anergia], flattened affect, decreased motivation, decreased pleasure in activities).

- Risperidone is a second-generation antipsychotic.
- Diabetes, weight gain, hypercholesterolemia, orthostatic hypotension, anticholinergic effects, and sexual dysfunction are some adverse effects for these medications.

### Subcategory: Expected Actions/Outcomes

#### Topic: Psychosocial Issues of Infants, Children, and Adolescents: Evaluating Effectiveness of Atomoxetine

- Obtain the child's attention before giving directions. Provide short and clear explanations.
- Plan physical activities through which the child can use energy and obtain success.
- Offer verbal instruction combined with visual cues.

### Subcategory: Medication Administration

#### Topic: Bipolar Disorders: Teaching About Lithium

- Lithium produces neurochemical changes in the brain, including serotonin receptor blockade.
- Some adverse effects resolve within a few weeks of starting the medication.
- GI distress, polyuria, fine hand tremors, and goiter are potential complications from taking lithium.

#### Topic: Psychotic Disorders: Findings for Which to Withhold Risperidone

- Adverse effects such as urinary hesitancy or retention, dry mouth are complications of risperidone.
- Use cautiously in clients who have cardiovascular or cerebrovascular disease, seizures, or diabetes mellitus. Clients who have diabetes mellitus should have a baseline fasting blood sugar, and their blood glucose should be monitored carefully.
- Clients should avoid the concurrent use of alcohol.

## Main Category #3: Basic Care and Comfort

### Subcategory: Assistive Devices

#### Topic: Sensory Perception: Planning Teaching for a Client on the Use of Hearing Aids

- Use the lowest setting that allows you to hear without feedback.
- When teaching clients on the use of hearing aids, knowledge, skills, and strategies, participation, self-efficacy, and control were each important dimensions along the hearing health journey, regardless of time period (Gotowiec et al., 2022).
- To clean the ear mold, use mild soap and water while keeping the hearing aid dry.

### Subcategory: Elimination

#### Topic: Postpartum Physiological Adaptations: Actions to Promote Voiding

- Urinary retention secondary to loss of bladder elasticity and tone and/or loss of bladder sensation resulting from trauma, medications, or anesthesia. A distended bladder as a result of urinary retention can cause infection, uterine atony, and displacement to one side. The uterus's ability to contract is also reduced.
- Postpartal diuresis with increased urinary output begins within 12 hr of birth.
- Frequent voiding of less than 150 mL of urine is indicative of urinary retention with overflow.

## References (1):

Gotowiec, S., Larsson, J., Incerti, P., Young, T., Smeds, K., Wolters, F., Ferguson, M. (2022). Understanding patient empowerment along the hearing health journey. *International Journal of Audiology*, 61(2), 148–158. <https://doi.org/10.1080/14992027.2021.1915509>