N322 Pharmacology
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

Student Name:
Assessment Name:
Semester:

Instructions:
1. Download the report from your ATI product for the assessment you are completing this remediation template for
2. The report will be broken down into three (3) aspects:
   a. Categories
      i. These categories mimic the NCLEX-RN categories and include the following:
         1. Management of Care
         2. Safety and Infection Control
         3. Health Promotion and Maintenance
         4. Psychosocial Integrity
         5. Basic Care and Comfort
         6. Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
         7. Reduction of Risk Potential
         8. Physiological Adaptation
   b. Subcategories
   c. Topics
3. Complete the template on the following page by doing the following:
   a. Main Category
      i. Subcategories for each main category
         1. Topics for each subcategory → these will be the content areas you will be remediating on
            a. Provide three (3) critical points to remember for each topic → these will come from the Focused Review module(s) within your ATI product
         b. NOTE: You must remediate on all subcategories AND topics within the main categories listed under the "Topics to Review" section of the ATI report for this assessment.
4. In the event you need additional space within the table, please add rows into the table to accommodate this
   a. In the event, you need less space within the table than what is provided, you may delete those rows from the table to accommodate this OR put "N/A" → There may be main categories that you don't have to remediate on and that is OK – you can either delete the table OR put "N/A"
5. An example is provided below:

SAMPLE Main Category: Management of Care
SAMPLE Subcategory: Case Management
SAMPLE Topic: Anemias: Discharge Teaching for a Client Who is Recovering from Sickle Cell Crisis
• SAMPLE Critical Point #1: Anemia is the abnormally low amount of circulation RB, Hgb concentration, or both. • SAMPLE Critical Point #2: When a patient is going through sickle crisis, the nurse should monitor oxygen saturation to determine a need for oxygen therapy. • SAMPLE Critical Point #3: A patient should have their hemoglobin checking in 4 to 6 weeks to determine efficacy.
Proctored ATI Grading Scale – **RN Pediatric Health 2023**

Level 3= 90 points

- *Remediation = 10 points:*
- *Minimum 1-hour Focused Review*
- *For each topic missed, complete an active learning template and/ or identify three critical points to remember. __Must be a full sentence, not just bullet points.__*

Level 2 = 80 points

- **Remediation = 10 points:**
- *Minimum 2-hour Focused Review*
- *For each topic missed, complete an active learning template and/ or identify three critical points to remember. __Must be a full sentence, not just bullet points.__*

Level 1 = 70 points

- **Remediation = 10 points:**
- *Minimum 3-hour Focused Review*
- *For each topic missed, complete an active learning template and/ or identify three critical points to remember. __Must be a full sentence, not just bullet points.__*

Below Level 1 = 60 points

- **Remediation = 10 points:**
- *Minimum 4-hour Focused Review*
- *For each topic missed, complete an active learning template and/ or identify three critical points to remember. __Must be a full sentence, not just bullet points.__*

6. Once the template is completed ***and*** at least the minimum remediation time has been completed within the Focused Review module(s) in ATI, upload the template to the corresponding dropbox in E360.
7.

Main Category: Management of Care
Subcategory:
Topic:
•
•
•
Topic:
•
•
•
Topic:
•
•
•
Subcategory:
Topic:
•
•
•
Topic:
•
•

- •

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Subcategory:

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Main Category: Safety and Infection Control

Subcategory: Safe medication administration and error reduction:

Topic: Documenting a near miss event
- • Immediately record the medication that was administered, dose, and route.
- • Record the time the provider was notified.
- • Record any adverse reactions noted and the time they were noted.

Topic: Nursing actions following a medication error
- • Immediately assess the patient's vital signs and record them.
- • Monitor the patient for adverse reactions.
- • The nurse manager on shift should ne notified as soon as possible.

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Subcategory:

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Topic:
- •
- •
- •

Topic:
•
•
•

Topic:
•
•
•
Topic:
•
•
•
Topic:
•
•
•

Main Category: Clinical Judgement

Subcategory: Medications affecting blood pressure

Topic: Identifying adverse effects of medication
- Treatment with diuretics should begin at the lowest dose possible.
- Diuretic use can cause orthostatic hypotension, and the patient should be told to change positions slowly.
- Blood pressure should be monitored for several hours after administration.

Topic:
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Subcategory: Medications affecting urinary output

Topic: Caring for the client with heart failure
- High-ceiling loop diuretics work in the loop of Henle to block the reabsorption of sodium and chloride and prevent reabsorption of water.
- Loop diuretics can cause dehydration, and the patient should be closely monitored for signs of dehydration.
- The patient's blood pressure should be closely monitored when utilizing loop diuretics.

Topic:
-

-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Subcategory: Immunizations

Topic: Evaluating client understanding of teaching about HPV immunization
- This immunization is recommended for adolescents between 11-12 years old, but can be given as early as 9.
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Main Category: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies

Subcategory: Heart Failure and Pulmonary Edema

Topic: Priority actions for a client who has heart failure
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Subcategory: Endocrine Disorders

Topic: Identifying need for dosage adjustment of methimazole
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Subcategory: Intravenous Therapy

Topic: Insertion of a short peripheral venous catheter
-
-
-

Topic: Nursing interventions for IV infiltration
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Main Category: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies

Subcategory: Angina and Antilipemic Agents

Topic: Adverse effects of statins
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Subcategory: Opioid Agonists and Antagonists

Topic: Monitor for anticipated interactions among clients prescribed medications
-
-
-

Topic: Responding to breakthrough pain
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Subcategory: Diabetes Mellitus

Topic: Evaluating understanding of self-administration of two types of insulin
-
-
-

Topic: Mixing insulins
-
-
-

Topic:
-
-
-

Main Category: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
Subcategory: Pharmacokinetics and Routes of Administration

Topic: Parenteral medications
  •
  •
  •
 	
Topic: Administering an IM injection to an infant
  •
  •
  •
 	
Topic:
  •
  •
  •

Subcategory: Gastrointestinal disorders

Topic: Teaching about total parenteral nutrition
  •
  •
  •
 	
Topic:
  •
  •
  •
 	
Topic:
  •
  •
  •

Subcategory:

Topic:
  •
  •
  •
 	
Topic:
  •
  •
  •
 	
Topic:
  •
  •
  •

Main Category: Reduction of Risk Potential
Subcategory: Sedative Hypnotics
Topic: Priority assessment for a client who received midazolam • The nurse should closely monitor the patient's vital signs. • Resuscitation equipment should be readily available in the event of an overdose. • Midazolam can cause lightheadedness, drowsiness, and incoordination. The patient should proceed with great caution when ambulating or operating machinery until it is know how the medication will affect them. **Topic:** • • • **Topic:** • • •
Subcategory: Miscellaneous Pain Medications
Topic: Monitoring adverse effects of anesthesia • The nurse should monitor the patient's vital signs and respiratory status. • The nurse should monitor the patient for signs of seizure activity. • The nurse should monitor the patient for signs of hypothermia. **Topic:** • • • **Topic:** • • •
Subcategory: Medications Affecting Labor and Delivery
Topic: Assessment findings to report • • • **Topic:** • • • **Topic:** • • •

Main Category: Physiological Adaptation
Subcategory:
Topic: **Topic:**   **Topic:**
Subcategory:
Topic: **Topic:**   **Topic:**
Subcategory:
Topic: **Topic:**   **Topic:**