

N443 Leadership and Management
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

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Assessment Name: **RN Leadership 2019**
Semester: 4

Instructions:

1. Download the report from your ATI product for the assessment you are completing this remediation template for
2. The report will be broken down into three (3) aspects:
 - a. Categories
 - i. These categories mimic the NCLEX-RN categories and include the following:

1. Management of Care	5. Basic Care and Comfort
2. Safety and Infection Control	6. Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
3. Health Promotion and Maintenance	7. Reduction of Risk Potential
4. Psychosocial Integrity	8. Physiological Adaptation
	9. Clinical Judgment
 - b. Subcategories
 - c. Topics
3. Complete the template on the following page by doing the following:
 - a. Main Category
 - i. Subcategories for each main category
 1. Topics for each subcategory → these will be the content areas you will be remediating on
 - a. Provide three (3) critical points to remember for each topic → these will come from the Focused Review module(s) within your ATI product
 - b. NOTE: You must remediate on all subcategories AND topics within the main categories listed under the “Topics to Review” section of the ATI report for this assessment.**
4. In the event you need additional space within the table, please add rows into the table to accommodate this
 - a. In the event, you need less space within the table than what is provided, you may delete those rows from the table to accommodate this OR put “N/A” → There may be main categories that you don’t have to remediate on and that is OK – you can either delete the table OR put “N/A”
5. An example is provided below:

SAMPLE Main Category: Management of Care
SAMPLE Subcategory: Case Management
SAMPLE Topic: Anemias: Discharge Teaching for a Client Who is Recovering from Sickle Cell Crisis <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SAMPLE Critical Point #1: Anemia is the abnormally low amount of circulation RB, Hgb concentration, or both.• SAMPLE Critical Point #2: When a patient is going through sickle crisis, the nurse should monitor oxygen saturation to determine a need for oxygen therapy.• SAMPLE Critical Point #3: A patient should have their hemoglobin checking in 4 to 6 weeks to determine efficacy.

6. Once the template is completed **and** at least the minimum remediation time has been completed within the Focused Review module(s) in ATI, upload the template to the corresponding dropbox in E360.

Main Category: Management of Care

Subcategory: Advance Directives/Self-Determination/Life Planning

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Policy Implementation

- Policies should be well communicated when they are implemented to a group of employees.
- Leaders should be able to effectively take constructive criticism and feedback from employees after initializing a new policy.
- Leaders should back their own policies with 100% confidence in order to encourage others to follow the policy.

Subcategory: Assignment, Delegation and Supervision

Topic: Managing Client Care: Determining Tasks to Delegate to Assistive Personnel

- Assistive personnel cannot complete tasks that involve any kind of assessment of the patient.
- Assistive personnel can perform tasks such as feeding clients, assisting clients to the restroom, and emptying urinary catheters.
- APs give nurses more time to complete tasks such as assessments and medication administration.

Subcategory: Case Management

Topic: Airway Management: Discharge Planning for Client Who Has Tracheostomy

- Tracheostomy care must be performed regularly to help keep the airway clean and obstruction free.
- Replace the inner cannula of the tracheostomy as prescribed by the physician in order to keep the airway clear.
- Instruct the patient to keep the tracheostomy site clean and dry as much as possible.

Subcategory: Collaboration with Interdisciplinary Team

Topic: Coordinating Client Care: Initiating Referrals for a Client Who Has Myasthenia Gravis

- This patient should receive a referral to occupational therapy for help with ADLs.
- This patient should also be referred out to physical therapy to help improve and maintain muscle strength.
- Finally, this patient should be referred out to a social worker to help with potential costs of treatment and care.

Topic: Maintaining a Safe Environment: Instructing Assistive Personnel About Wrist Restraints

- A patient in wrist restraints must be observed one on one by an employee.
- Vital signs and restraint documentation must be performed every 15 minutes on someone in wrist restraints.
- **Assistive personnel should never place restraints without an order from the provider.**

Subcategory: Concepts of Management

Topic: Coordinating Client Care: Case Management Approach

- Case managers attempt to improve interpersonal communication between other healthcare providers.
- Case managers advocate for the patient by informing other healthcare providers of the patient's needs and condition.
- Case management provides informed and efficient care to patients because information is well communicated among the healthcare team.

Subcategory: confidentiality/Information Security

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Protecting Client Rights

- The client has the right to refuse any medications, procedures, and interventions.
- The client has the right to leave the medical facility at any point during care.
- The client has the right to know the costs of his or her healthcare.

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Reviewing HIPAA

- **Nurses should log out of their computer when he or she gets up and walks away.**
- **Nurses should not discuss healthcare information with other providers not directly involved.**
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Subcategory: Informed Consent

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Obtaining Informed Consent

- The provider should fully explain the procedure and alternatives to the client before informed consent is signed.
- Informed consent must be signed by the patient, and the patient has the right to refuse care even after signing the informed consent document.
- The patient should not sign the consent form if they do not fully understand the procedure.

Subcategory: Legal Rights and Responsibilities

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Resources for Planning Policies

- Planning policies require time and energy from other members of the management team.
- Implementing policies costs resources and can be very expensive due to supplies, training, etc.
- Management must be prepared to have the resources to effectively implement and plan policies.

Main Category: Safety and Infection Control

Subcategory: Security Plan

Topic: Facility Protocols: Disaster Triage Tagging

- Triage tagging is used to help allocate resources effectively in a disaster.
- Black tags are used on patients that are too far gone. They are patients that are not breathing and perfusion.
- Green tags are for patients that are able to walk, can follow commands, and have minimal injuries.

Subcategory: Standard Precautions/Transmission-Based Precautions/Surgical Asepsis

Topic: Infection Control: Teaching About Use of Protective Environment Precautions

- These precautions are used to protect individuals with immunodeficiency of some kind.
- This includes providing clients with their own private rooms, positive airflow, HEPA filtration, and masking.
- **These precautions also limit visitors and items such as fresh flowers from entering the patient's room.**