

N433 Infant, Child, and Adolescent Health
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

Student Name: Malea Warner
Assessment Name:
Semester: Summer 2023

Instructions:

1. Download the report from your ATI product for the assessment you are completing this remediation template for
2. The report will be broken down into three (3) aspects:
 - a. Categories
 - i. These categories mimic the NCLEX-RN categories and include the following:
 1. Management of Care
 2. Safety and Infection Control
 3. Health Promotion and Maintenance
 4. Psychosocial Integrity
 5. Basic Care and Comfort
 6. Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
 7. Reduction of Risk Potential
 8. Physiological Adaptation
 - b. Subcategories
 - c. Topics
3. Complete the template on the following page by doing the following:
 - a. Main Category
 - i. Subcategories for each main category
 1. Topics for each subcategory → these will be the content areas you will be remediating on
 - a. Provide three (3) critical points to remember for each topic → these will come from the Focused Review module(s) within your ATI product
 - b. NOTE: You must remediate on all subcategories AND topics within the main categories listed under the “Topics to Review” section of the ATI report for this assessment.**
4. In the event you need additional space within the table, please add rows into the table to accommodate this
 - a. In the event, you need less space within the table than what is provided, you may delete those rows from the table to accommodate this OR put “N/A” → There may be main categories that you don’t have to remediate on and that is OK – you can either delete the table OR put “N/A”
5. An example is provided below:

SAMPLE Main Category: Management of Care
SAMPLE Subcategory: Case Management
SAMPLE Topic: Anemias: Discharge Teaching for a Client Who is Recovering from Sick Cell Crisis <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SAMPLE Critical Point #1: Anemia is the abnormally low amount of circulation RB, Hgb concentration, or both.• SAMPLE Critical Point #2: When a patient is going through sickle crisis, the nurse should monitor oxygen saturation to determine a need for oxygen therapy.• SAMPLE Critical Point #3: A patient should have their hemoglobin checking in 4 to 6 weeks to determine efficacy.

6. Once the template is completed **and** at least the minimum remediation time has been completed within the Focused Review module(s) in ATI, upload the template to the corresponding dropbox in E360.

Main Category: Management of Care

Subcategory: Establishing Priorities

Topic: Acute and Infectious Respiratory Illnesses: Prioritizing Care

- Closely monitor progression of illness and ensuing respiratory distress.
- Make sure emergency equipment for intubation is readily accessible.
- Implement isolation precautions as needed

Main Category: Safety and Infection Control

Subcategory: Accident/Error/Injury Prevention

Topic: Safe Medication Administration: Client Identification

- Use two client identifiers prior to administration: client name and DOB, hospital ID number
- Determine parental involvement.
- Prepare the child according to age and developmental stage.

Main Category: Health Promotion and Maintenance

Subcategory: Aging Process

Topic: Health Promotion of Toddlers (1 to 3 Years): Evaluating Parent Understanding About Sun Protection

- Toddlers should wear sunscreen when outside.
- It should be re-applied every 80 minutes
- Avoid getting into eyes.

Subcategory: Developmental Stages and Transitions

Topic: Health Promotion of Infants (2 Days to 1 Year): Findings to Report for a 5-Month-Old Infant

- Client does not roll from front to back
- Client does not use palmer grasp
- Clients head lags when bring up to sitting position

Subcategory: Health Promotion/Disease Prevention

Topic: Health Promotion of School-Age Children (6 to 12 Years): Planning to Administer Immunizations

- Yearly seasonal flu vaccine
- 11-12 years get Tdap, HPV, and meningococcal vaccine
- Can also catch up on any vaccines behind on.

Main Category: Psychosocial Integrity

Subcategory: Therapeutic Communication

Topic: Therapeutic Communication: Communicating With a Preschooler

- Use straightforward simple language.
- Be aware of nonverbal messages children are sensitive to this.
- Incorporate play in interactions.

Main Category: Basic Care and Comfort

Subcategory: Nutrition and Oral Hydration

Topic: Gastrointestinal Structural and Inflammatory Disorders: Caring for an Infant Who Has a Cleft Palate

- Inspect the lip and palate as well as the ability to suck.
- Encourage breast feeding.
- Position in upright position while cradling the head during feeding.

Main Category: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies

Subcategory: Medication Administration

Topic: Cardiovascular Disorders: Manifestations of Digoxin Toxicity

- Monitor pulse and withhold if pulse is less than 90/min.
- Monitor for bradycardia, dysrhythmias, nausea and vomiting.
- Have antidote therapy available if toxicity is suspected

Main Category: Reduction of Risk Potential

Subcategory: Therapeutic Procedures

Topic: Nasogastric Intubation and Enteral Feedings: Administering an Enteral Feeding Through a Gastrostomy Tube

- Can be continuous via pump
- Can be given to gravity as long as the child tolerates
- Head of the bed should be at least 30 degrees

Subcategory: Unexpected Response to Therapies BELONGS BELOW

Topic: Blood Neoplasms: Planning Care for a Toddler Who Has Oral Ulcers

- Provide frequent oral care
- Inspect the child's mouth for ulceration and hemorrhage
- Avoid viscous lidocaine due to risk of aspiration

Main Category: Physiological Adaptation

Subcategory: Alterations in Body Systems

Topic: Cardiovascular Disorders: Identifying the Location of a Patent Ductus Arteriosus

- Between the pulmonary artery and the aorta, fails to close.
- Results in increased pulmonary blood flow
- Can result in heart failure

Topic: Complications of Infants: Planning Care for an Infant Who Has Failure to Thrive

- Maintain I&O and calorie count as prescribed.
- Teach parents to recognize hunger cues.
- Provide 24 kcal/oz formula as prescribed.

Subcategory: Illness Management

Topic: Acute and Infectious Respiratory Illnesses: Priority Care for a Child Who Has Hyperpyrexia, Severe Dyspnea, and is Drooling

- Monitor pulse ox continuously
- Provide humidified oxygen
- Start IV and admin medication as ordered.

Topic: Acute Otitis Media: Expected Findings

- Recent URI
- Tugging at ear
- Fever, loss of appetite

Subcategory: Medical Emergencies

Topic: Acute and Infectious Respiratory Illnesses: Caring for a Child Who Has Epiglottitis (

- Protect airway
- Avoid throat cultures
- Prepare to intubate the patient



CLOSE

Individual Performance Profile

[Download Report](#)

[Score Explanation](#)

ADJUSTED INDIVIDUAL TOTAL SCORE TIME SPENT 34:32	Individual Name: Malea Warner Student Number: 7414852 Institution: Lakeview CON Program Type: BSN Test Completed Date: 7/17/2023 # of Points: 60 Attempt: 1	Focused Review Progress View missed topics and launch study materials below. Last accessed: 7/18/2023 Time spent: 02:13:40
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PROFICIENCY LEVEL	MEAN		PERCENTILE RANK	
Level 2	National 64.8%	Program 65.7%	National 83	Program 80

Individual Performance in the Major Content Areas

Show all topics to review OFF

Content Area	Topics to Review	Total # Points	MEAN		PERCENTILE RANK		Individual Score	
			National	Program	National	Program		
+ Management of Care	1	4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		75.0% Focused Review <small>Last Accessed: 7/18/2023</small>
+ Focused Review