

N442 Population and Global Health
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

Student Name: Shivani Patel
Assessment Name: Adult Health 3 Remediation
Semester: 4th

Instructions:

1. Download the report from your ATI product for the assessment you are completing this remediation template for
2. The report will be broken down into three (3) aspects:
 - a. Categories
 - i. These categories mimic the NCLEX-RN categories and include the following:
 1. Management of Care
 2. Safety and Infection Control
 3. Health Promotion and Maintenance
 4. Psychosocial Integrity
 5. Basic Care and Comfort
 6. Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
 7. Reduction of Risk Potential
 8. Physiological Adaptation
 - b. Subcategories
 - c. Topics
3. Complete the template on the following page by doing the following:
 - a. Main Category
 - i. Subcategories for each main category
 1. Topics for each subcategory → these will be the content areas you will be remediating on
 - a. Provide three (3) critical points to remember for each topic → these will come from the Focused Review module(s) within your ATI product
 - b. NOTE: You must remediate on all subcategories AND topics within the main categories listed under the “Topics to Review” section of the ATI report for this assessment.**
4. In the event you need additional space within the table, please add rows into the table to accommodate this
 - a. In the event, you need less space within the table than what is provided, you may delete those rows from the table to accommodate this OR put “N/A” → There may be main categories that you don’t have to remediate on and that is OK – you can either delete the table OR put “N/A”
5. An example is provided below:

SAMPLE Main Category: Management of Care
SAMPLE Subcategory: Case Management
SAMPLE Topic: Anemias: Discharge Teaching for a Client Who is Recovering from Sick Cell Crisis <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SAMPLE Critical Point #1: Anemia is the abnormally low amount of circulation RB, Hgb concentration, or both.• SAMPLE Critical Point #2: When a patient is going through sickle crisis, the nurse should monitor oxygen saturation to determine a need for oxygen therapy.• SAMPLE Critical Point #3: A patient should have their hemoglobin checking in 4 to 6 weeks to determine efficacy.

6. Once the template is completed **and** at least the minimum remediation time has been completed within the Focused Review module(s) in ATI, upload the template to the corresponding dropbox in E360.

Main Category: Management of Care

Subcategory: Advocacy

Topic: Health Care Delivery Systems: Providing assistance to an older adult client

- It is important to monitor the patient’s respiratory status throughout the day.
- The patient’s bed should be lowered to prevent the risk for falls.
- Gait belts help to prevent patient falls during ambulation.

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Subcategory: Case Management

Topic: Respiratory Failure: Recommending equipment for a client who has cystic fibrosis

- The patient should be given nebulizers to help clear their airway.
- Chest physiotherapy can help minimize any complications.
- Patients with cystic fibrosis can use an inhaler rather than a nebulizer for their bronchodilator.

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Subcategory: Client Rights

Topic: Ethical Responsibilities: Client decision to refuse treatment

- The client has the right to give informed consent regarding their care.
- The patient’s refusal of care is based on the principle of autonomy.
- The patient can have a power of attorney that can make decisions if the patient is unable to do so.

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Main Category: Safety and Infection Control

Subcategory: Accident/Error/Injury Prevention

Topic: Spinal Cord Injury: Care of a client who has a halo device

- The pins should be cleaned every day to prevent infection.
- The vest or pins should not be loosened or adjusted.
- The patient should not bend or twist at the neck.

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Subcategory: Hazardous and Infectious Materials

Topic: Cancer Treatment Options: Caring for a client receiving brachytherapy

- It is important to always place the patient in a private room.
- The nurse should wear a lead apron while providing care to the patient.
- Visitors should maintain a 6-foot distance and limit visit times to 30 minutes.

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Subcategory: Standard Precautions/Transmission-Based Precautions/Surgical-Asepsis

Topic: Cancer Treatment Options: Interventions for a client who has neutropenia

- It is important that the patient washes their hands frequently.
- Neutropenic patients should not have fresh flowers and plants in their room.
- The patient should be assessed for any signs of fever.

Topic: Medical and Surgical Asepsis: Maintaining a sterile field

- It is important to avoid coughing, sneezing, or talking over a sterile field.
- The nurse should not reach across or above a sterile field.
- It is important to maintain a safe space between the sterile field and non-sterile field.

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Main Category: Health Promotion and Maintenance

Subcategory: Health Promotion/Disease Prevention

Topic: HIV/AIDS: Collecting data from a client who has toxoplasmosis

- It is a disease that results from infection with Toxoplasma gondii parasite.
- It can cause severe lung or brain disease.
- The patient can experience swollen glands and muscle aches.

Topic: Infections of the Renal and Urinary System: Teaching about prevention of urinary tract infections

- The patient should wipe their perineal area from front to back.
- They should avoid using irritating perineal objects.
- It is important to empty the bladder after having sex.

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Main Category: Psychosocial Integrity

Subcategory: Coping Mechanisms

Topic: Amputations: Providing support following an alteration in body image

- The patient should work with a physical therapist to help with improving movement.
- A psychologist can be needed to help with the adjustment to the loss of the extremity.
- A social worker will assist the patient if they have financial issues.

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Subcategory: Mental Health Concepts

Topic: Preoperative Nursing Care: Priority action for a client who has alcohol intoxication

- The patient's respiratory status should be assessed frequently.
- The patient is at high risk for aspiration due to the increased risk for vomiting.
- The patient's circulation also needs to be assessed frequently.

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Main Category: Basic Care and Comfort

Subcategory: Elimination

Topic: Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia, Erectile Dysfunction, and Prostatitis: Preventing complications following a transurethral resection of the prostate

- The nurse should administer an increased number of fluids.
- It is important to monitor for bleeding and report it to the provider.
- The nurse should instruct the client to ambulate as soon as possible.

Topic: Disorders of the Eye: Priority action for eye irrigation

- The nurse should irrigate until the solution is clear or all the solution has been used.
- The nurse should check the pH level of the eye.
- It is important to assess visual acuity.

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Subcategory: Mobility/Immobility

Topic: Musculoskeletal Trauma: Preventing complication

- The nurse should use proper positioning during all activities.
- The nurse should educate the patient to keep their wrists as neutral as possible.
- The patient should avoid bending the neck forward for prolonged periods of time.

Topic: Postoperative Nursing Care: Preventing complications

- It is important to maintain proper hand hygiene.
- The nurse should maintain strict surgical aseptic technique.
- The nurse should encourage early ambulation to the patient.

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Subcategory: Non-pharmacological Comfort Interventions

Topic: Arthroplasty: Non-Pharmacological interventions following total knee arthroplasty

- The nurse should encourage deep breathing to the patient.
- The patient should incorporate guided imagery in their treatment plan.
- The nurse should incorporate cognitive-behavioral therapy in their treatment plan.

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Subcategory: Nutrition and Oral Hygiene

Topic: Burns: Indications of hypovolemic shock

- The patient may exhibit generalized weakness with hypovolemic shock.
- The patient may also experience rapid breathing and diaphoresis.
- Hypovolemic shock is also characterized by pallor.

Main Category: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies

Subcategory: Adverse Effects/Contraindications/Side Effects/Interventions

Topic: Diabetes Mellitus Management: Medication to withhold prior to CT scan with contrast media

- The nurse should avoid aspirin or aspirin-containing compounds.
- They should stop taking Plavix five days before the procedure.
- An INR should be obtained before the procedure to determine the exact time to stop warfarin.

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Subcategory: Expected Actions/Outcomes

Topic: Medications Affecting Blood Pressure: Administering valsartan for heart failure

- The medication helps to treat hypertension and heart failure.
- Valsartan is a class of medications called angiotensin II receptor antagonists.
- Common side effects of the medication include headache, nausea, and diarrhea.

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Main Category: Reduction of Risk Potential

Subcategory: Laboratory Values

Topic: Acute Respiratory Disorders: Expected findings for a client who has pneumonia

- The client will experience increased respiratory rate.
- The client will also experience an increased pulse rate.
- The child with pneumonia will experience nasal flaring.

Topic: Postoperative Nursing Care: Caring for a client following an appendectomy

- Normal activity can be resumed within a few days to a week.
- The patient should avoid strenuous activity and heavy lifting for the first 4-6 weeks.
- The patient should be encouraged to do small frequent walks.

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Subcategory: System Specific Assessments

Topic: Electrocardiography and Dysrhythmia Monitoring: Medications for treating bradycardia

- The patient should be giving atropine to help treat bradycardia.
- Other medications include epinephrine and dopamine.
- The side effects of atropine include swelling of the eyelids and blurred vision.

Topic: Head Injury: Assessment of cranial nerve function

- Trigeminal motor function can be assessed by palpating the masseter muscles.
- The first cranial nerve assesses the patient's smell.
- The second cranial nerve is the optic nerve where visual acuity is tested using the Snellen chart.

Topic: Ingestion, Digestion, Absorption, and Metabolism: Findings of malnutrition

- The physical finding includes the patient being thin or bloated.
- The patient may also experience anxiety.
- The patient also becomes easily irritable if they are malnourished.

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Subcategory: Therapeutic Procedures

Topic: Diabetic Mellitus Management: Client teaching about foot care

- The patient's feet should be washed every day in warm water.
- The feet should be dried completely, and lotion should be applied to the top and bottom.
- The patient's feet should be inspected daily.

Topic: Legal Responsibilities: Witnessing informed consent

- The nurse should witness the client performing informed consent.
- Informed consent can be obtained from an adult patient who is mentally competent.
- Informed consent requires thorough understanding regarding the procedure.

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Main Category: Physiological Adaptation

Subcategory: Alterations in Body Systems

Topic: Cancer Treatment Options: Precautions for client undergoing radiation therapy

- It is important to remain 6 feet away from others.
- Individuals should limit the amount of time spent with the patient.
- The patient should maintain proper hand hygiene.

Topic: Cardiovascular Diagnostic and Therapeutic Procedures: Assisting with placement of a central venous catheter

- The nurse should don sterile gowns and gloves.
- The nurse should apply sterile sheath to the ultrasound probe.
- The nurse should clean the area and apply sterile field.

Topic: Hemodialysis and Peritoneal Dialysis: Proper administration of peritoneal dialysis.

- The nurse should fill the abdomen with dialysate.
- It is important to attach the bag of fluid to the catheter.
- The client should be placed in a supine position.

Topic: Hyperthyroidism: Priority finding following partial thyroidectomy

- The nurse should monitor for neck pain and sore throat.
- The nurse should monitor for signs of bleeding.
- It is important to monitor for respiratory distress.

Topic: Postoperative Nursing Care: Identifying a gravity wound drain

- Passive drains rely on gravity and body movement.
- It allows gravity to remove excess fluid.
- An example would be placing a foley catheter.

Topic: Respiratory Management and Mechanical Ventilation: Therapeutic effect of positive end-expiratory pressure

- It increases alveolar pressure and alveolar volume.
- The increased lung volume increases the surface area by stabilizing the collapsed alveoli.
- It can help improve oxygenation to the lungs.

Subcategory: Fluid and Electrolyte Imbalances

Topic: Electrolyte Imbalances: Manifestations of sodium imbalance

- The symptoms include nausea, headache, and confusion.
- Additional symptoms include loss of energy and restlessness.
- The patient is also at risk for seizures and coma.

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Subcategory: Illness Management

Topic: Brain Tumors: Pharmacological treatment of diabetes insipidus

- The patient should be given insulin as instructed.
- Desmopressin is the first-line treatment of diabetes insipidus.
- Anticonvulsants can also help to treat the condition.

Topic: Cancer Treatment Options: Prioritizing care for a group of clients

- It is important to use therapeutic communication.
- The nurse should support family and explain procedures to the family.
- It is important to give the patient spiritual support as well.

Topic: Cardiovascular and Hematologic Disorders: Dietary Teaching with a Client Who Has Heart Failure

- The patient should restrict sodium intake in their diet. Foods low in salt include salt, poultry, and fish.
- They should stop drinking alcohol.
- The sodium intake should be limited to 2,000 mg per day.

Topic: Heart Failure and Pulmonary Edema: Teaching About Left-Sided Heart Failure

- The patient should monitor their heart rate and oxygen.
- It is important to take the daily weights of patients.
- The patient's sodium intake should be reduced.

Topic: Preoperative Nursing Care: Recognizing Deviations in Laboratory Values

- The nurse should monitor for hemoglobin and hematocrit levels.
- The patient's PT and INR should be taken regularly.
- The patient's sodium level should be monitored.

Subcategory: Medical Emergencies

Topic: Electrocardiography and Dysrhythmia Monitoring: Identifying a Medical Emergency

- The patient should identify signs of embolism.
- The nurse needs to monitor for signs of arrhythmia.
- The nurse should also monitor the patient's respiratory status and chest pain.

Subcategory: Pathophysiology

Topic: Asthma: Identifying Pathophysiology

- Asthma involves the inflammation of the airway.
- Asthma also involves bronchial hyperresponsiveness.
- The symptoms include wheezing and shortness of breath.

Subcategory: Unexpected Response to Therapies

Topic: Peripheral Vascular Diseases: Postoperative Care Following Arterial Revascularization Surgery

- The patient should follow a heart healthy diet.
- They should treat high blood pressure and cholesterol.
- It is important to check the incision daily for signs of infection.



Individual Performance Profile

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<p>ADJUSTED INDIVIDUAL TOTAL SCORE</p> <p>54.4%</p> <p>TIME SPENT</p> <p>48:09</p>	<p>Individual Name: Shivani Patel</p> <p>Student Number: 7064688</p> <p>Institution: Lakeview CON</p> <p>Program Type: BSN</p> <p>Test Completed Date: 4/20/2023</p> <p># of Points: 90 Attempt: 2</p>	<p>Focused Review Progress</p> <p>View missed topics and launch study materials below.</p> <p>Last accessed: 4/23/2023 Time spent: 04:03:03</p>
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