

N443 Leadership and Management
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

[Score Explanation](#)

ADJUSTED INDIVIDUAL TOTAL SCORE 76.7% TIME SPENT 40:34	Individual Name: Brianna S Lilly Student Number: 6501575 Institution: Lakeview CON Program Type: BSN Test Completed Date: 4/17/2023 # of Points: 60 Attempt: 1	Focused Review Progress View missed topics and launch study materials below. Last accessed: 4/19/2023 Time spent: 03:35:10
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PROFICIENCY LEVEL	MEAN		PERCENTILE RANK	
Level 2	National 72.9%	Program 72.7%	National 67	Program 67

Student Name: Brianna Lilly
Assessment Name: RN Leadership 2019
Semester: Spring 2023

Main Category: Management of Care
Subcategory: Assignment, Delegation and Supervision

Topic: Managing Client Care: Appropriate Task to Delegate to Assistive Personnel

- Delegation is the process of transferring the accountability and responsibility of client care to another member of the healthcare team.
- Activities that are delegated to the AP should be familiar to the nurse.
- Activities that can be delegated to the AP include: ADLs, bathing, grooming, dressing, toileting, ambulating, feeding (without swallowing precautions), positioning, routine tasks, bed making, specimen collection, intake and output, and vital signs (for stable clients).

Topic: Managing Client Care: Feeding a Client Who Had Dysphagia

- An AP can not be delegated to feed a patient with swallowing precautions.
- Prioritize the need for airway, oxygen (or breathing), circulation, and potential for disability over need for shelter.
- Airway assessment includes first, identifying the airway concern, establish a patient airway if indicated, recognize that 3 to 5 mins without oxygen causes irreversible brain damage secondary to cerebral anorexia.

Topic: Managing Client Care: Resource Management

- Resource management includes budgeting and resource allocation.
- Resource allocation is a responsibility of the unit manager as well as every practicing nurse.
- Resources including supplies, personnel, and equipment are critical to accomplishing the goals and objectives of a health care facility, so it is essential for nurses to understand how to effectively manage resources.

Subcategory: Case Management**Topic: Airway Management: Discharge Planning for Client Who Has a Tracheostomy**

- Maintaining a patent airway is nursing priority which includes management of artificial airways.
- Do not use larger than a 16 French suction catheter when suctioning an 8 mm endotracheal tube.
- Hyper-oxygenate patient using bag-valve-mask or specialized ventilator function with FiO₂ of 100%.

Topic: Coordinating Client Care: Addressing Priority Issues During Case Management

- Critical pathways are often specific to a diagnosis type and outline the typical length of stay and treatments.
- When a client requires a longer length of stay or treatment other than what is typical it is documented as a variance.
- A variance report is done including the information regarding why the variance occurred and it is documented.

Subcategory: Collaboration with Interdisciplinary Team**Topic: Coordinating Client Care: Promote Safety by Reporting Client Findings to a Physical Therapist**

- A written care plan enhances the coordination of care through documentation, reporting and collaboration.
- Communication regarding the client's status and needs is required anytime the nurse hands off the patient to another health care professional.
- Nurses should provide the consultant with all pertinent information about the problem and incorporate the consultant's recommendations into the plan of care.

Subcategory: Ethical Practice**Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Identifying Ethical Principles**

- Autonomy includes the ability of the client to make personal decisions, even when those decisions might

not be in the client's own best interest.

- Beneficence is care that is in the best interest of the client.
- Fidelity is keeping one's promise to the client about care that was offered.

Subcategory: Informed Consent

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Obtaining Consent

- The nurse's role in informed consent is to witness the client's signature.
- Nurse's should ensure informed consent has been obtained.
- Informed consent is obtained when the client is aware of the reason for the procedure, the risks involved, other treatment options, and the risks involved with not treating their problem.

Subcategory: Legal Rights and Responsibilities

Topic: Professional Responsibilities: Priority Action to Take When Floating

- Nurses should refuse to practice beyond the legal scope of practice.
- Nurses should refuse to practice outside of their areas of competence regardless of the reason.
- Nurses should use the formal chain of command to verbalize concerns related to assignment in light of current legal scope of practice, job description, and area of competence.

Subcategory: Performance Improvement

Topic: Managing Client Care: Performance Improvement Process

- Quality improvement includes measuring performance against a predetermined standards set by the facility and consider accrediting and professional standards.
- If benchmarks are not met a root cause analysis can be done to focus on the variables that surround at the consequences of an action or occurrence - commonly done for sentinel events but can also be done as part of the quality improvement process.
- The Joint Commission's accreditation standards require institutions to show evidence of quality improvement in order to attain accreditation status.

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Main Category: Safety and Infection Control

Subcategory: Emergency Response Plan

Topic: Facility Protocols: Planning for Discharge Following Community Disaster

- First, discharge or relocate ambulatory clients requiring minimum care.
- Next, make arrangements for continuation of care.
- Do not discharge or relocate clients who are unstable or require continuing nursing care and assessment.

Subcategory: Reporting of Incident/Event/Irregular Occurrence/Variance

Topic: Coordinating Client Care: Need for Variance Report

- Variance reports are created for sentinel events also known as incident reports.
- Variance reports are done as a process for quality improvement.
- Variance reports are created for variance regarding length of stay or treatment typically required for a specific issue.

Topic: Facility Protocols: Actions for Reporting Violation of Procedure

- An incident report must be filed for a violation of procedure.
- The nurse's priority in the event of a procedure violation is to assess the individual for injuries.
- If immediate care is needed the measures should be enacted to decrease further injury, notify provider and implement and additional tests or treatments.

Subcategory: Standard Precaution/Transmission-Based Precautions/Surgical Asepsis**Topic: Maintaining a Safe Environment: Evaluate the Implementation of Infection Control Measures**

- Facility policies and procedures should serve as a resource for proper implementation of infection prevention.
- Clients suspected of having or known to have a communicable disease should be placed in the appropriate form of isolation.
- Keep designated equipment in the rooms of clients who are on contact precautions.