

N442 Population and Global Health
Proctored ATI Remediation Template

Student Name: Mary Hyatt
Assessment Name: Community Health RN Proctored
Semester: 4

Instructions:

1. Download the report from your ATI product for the assessment you are completing this remediation template for
2. The report will be broken down into three (3) aspects:
 - a. Categories
 - i. These categories mimic the NCLEX-RN categories and include the following:
 1. Management of Care
 2. Safety and Infection Control
 3. Health Promotion and Maintenance
 4. Psychosocial Integrity
 5. Basic Care and Comfort
 6. Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
 7. Reduction of Risk Potential
 8. Physiological Adaptation
 - b. Subcategories
 - c. Topics
3. Complete the template on the following page by doing the following:
 - a. Main Category
 - i. Subcategories for each main category
 1. Topics for each subcategory → these will be the content areas you will be remediating on
 - a. Provide three (3) critical points to remember for each topic → these will come from the Focused Review module(s) within your ATI product
 - b. NOTE: You must remediate on all subcategories AND topics within the main categories listed under the “Topics to Review” section of the ATI report for this assessment.**
4. In the event you need additional space within the table, please add rows into the table to accommodate this
 - a. In the event, you need less space within the table than what is provided, you may delete those rows from the table to accommodate this OR put “N/A” → There may be main categories that you don’t have to remediate on and that is OK – you can either delete the table OR put “N/A”
5. An example is provided below:

SAMPLE Main Category: Management of Care
SAMPLE Subcategory: Case Management
SAMPLE Topic: Anemias: Discharge Teaching for a Client Who is Recovering from Sick Cell Crisis <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SAMPLE Critical Point #1: Anemia is the abnormally low amount of circulation RB, Hgb concentration, or both.• SAMPLE Critical Point #2: When a patient is going through sickle crisis, the nurse should monitor oxygen saturation to determine a need for oxygen therapy.• SAMPLE Critical Point #3: A patient should have their hemoglobin checking in 4 to 6 weeks to determine efficacy.

6. Once the template is completed **and** at least the minimum remediation time has been completed within the Focused Review module(s) in ATI, upload the template to the corresponding dropbox in E360.

Main Category: Management of Care

Subcategory: Advance Directives/Self-Determination/Life Planning

Topic: Grief, Loss, and Palliative Care: Ensuring Client Autonomy for End-of-Life Care

- Several factors, such as culture and ethnicity, can affect the grieving process. Each culture copes with loss differently. Native American grieve only during the ceremony after death.
- Chronic, exaggerated, masked, and delayed grief are all types of complicated grief.
- The use of therapeutic communication is crucial after a family experiences a loss.

Subcategory: Case Management

Topic: Care of Specific Populations: Migrant Population

- The migrant population faces several factors that affect their health and outcomes. These include low income, difficulty accessing health care, and minority status.
- Migrant workers are vulnerable and more likely to experience violence, substance use disorders, and homelessness.
- A Healthy People 2020 goal for this population includes making healthcare more accessible.

Topic: Practice Settings and Nursing Roles in the Community: Evaluating Client Understanding of Hospice Care

- Hospice care can occur in hospitals, hospice centers, and private homes.
- Hospice care focuses on the quality of life of a terminally ill individual.
- Hospice care is not a curative treatment plan.

Main Category: Safety and Infection Control

Subcategory: Standard Precautions/Transmission-Based Precautions/Surgical Asepsis

Topic: Infection Control: Caring for a Client Who Has Clostridium Difficile

- Clostridium Difficile patents should be placed in a private room.
- It is crucial for caregivers to use soap and water after any patient care.
- Contact precautions will be used for clostridium difficile clients

Subcategory: Emergency Response Plan

Topic: Emergency Preparedness: Disaster Preparedness

- Disaster drills should be performed at least twice a year.
- The disaster management cycle includes mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery.
- During a disaster, nurses can help evaluate the scene and triage patients.

Main Category: Health Promotion and Maintenance

Subcategory: Health Screening

Topic: Older Adults (65 Years and Older): Priority Findings During a Visual Screening

- Providers should monitor older clients for symptoms of glaucoma, which would appear as an increase in seeing halos around lights and an increased opacity of the corneas.
- Macular degeneration will manifest symptoms like a lack of depth perception.
- Diplopia should always be reported.

Main Category: Psychosocial Integrity

Subcategory: Crisis Intervention

Topic: Care of Specific Populations: Priority Intervention for a Client Who Has Experienced a Loss

- It is extremely important to give the client space to process their grief. This can mean using moments of silence while communicating.
- Listening actively will allow the client to externalize their feelings.
- Nurses should educate them on the various stages of loss and aid in guiding them through each one.

Subcategory: End-of-Life Care

Topic: Practice Settings and Nursing Roles in the Community: Understanding Hospice Care

- Nurses should evaluate their beliefs before entering a hospice client's room.
- It is the nurse's role to provide comfort and understanding while clients transition into their dying stage of life.
- Be sure to support the family's psychosocial needs during this difficult time.

Subcategory: Coping Mechanisms

Topic: Continuity of Care: Priority Action for Case Manager During Discharge Planning

- Assess the client's needs after discharge, such as home health care and equipment.
- Aid in coordinating interdisciplinary support.
- After discharge, monitor the client's progress and reassess to see if there is a need for further interventions.

Topic: Emergency Preparedness: Developing Secondary Prevention Protocols

- The nurse should activate the bioterrorism response plan in response to a bioterrorism event, this includes the implementation of infection control precautions.
- Screen clients for exposure and assess possible infection.
- Monitor mortalities and morbidities.

Subcategory: Therapeutic Environment

Topic: Nursing Process: Providing Family Counseling

- First, identify areas that a family may need to improve on. Start by asking the family if there are any areas they are unsure of or feel they need to work on. This will give the nurse insight on how to lead the plan of care.
- Use active listening when communicating with all family members, be sure not to interrupt when they are expressing their feelings.
- Give the family reading materials to reinforce the teachings.



Individual Performance Profile

[Download Report](#)

[Score Explanation](#)

ADJUSTED INDIVIDUAL TOTAL SCORE TIME SPENT 21:08	Individual Name: Mary M Hyatt Student Number: 7199777 Institution: Lakeview CON Program Type: BSN Test Completed Date: 4/10/2023 # of Points: 50 Attempt: 1	Focused Review Progress View missed topics and launch study materials below. Last accessed: 4/14/2023 Time spent: 02:00:49
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PROFICIENCY LEVEL	MEAN		PERCENTILE RANK	
Level 2	National 73.4%	Program 74.5%	National 68	Program 64

Individual Performance in the Major Content Areas							Show all topics to review <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	
Content Area	Topics to Review	Total # Points	MEAN		PERCENTILE RANK		Individual Score	
			National	Program	National	Program		

+ Management of Care	3	14	74.3%	75.2%	68	66		78.6% Focused Review
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Last Accessed: 4/13/2023