

Exam 3 Practice Questions

1. Which of the following are examples of vulnerable or underserved populations? (Select all that apply.)
 - a. Those people living in poverty or are homeless
 - b. Those people having difficulty accessing health care, uninsured or underinsured
 - c. Those people effected by violence
 - d. Those people doing migrant employment
 - e. Those people who are a part of a racial or ethnic minority
 - f. Those people who have mental health issues
 - g. Those people who are veterans
 - h. Those people who have substance use disorders

2. Which of the following describes vulnerable populations? (Select all that apply.)
 - a. Groups of people who take advantage of tax benefits from the government
 - b. All groups of people who live in Urban areas
 - c. Social groups who have incomes less than the federal poverty guidelines.
 - d. People who are working in factories
 - e. Groups of people who are at risk for poor health
 - f. People who are on social security benefits because they are disabled

3. List which of the national health goals apply to when planning programs to address the needs of marginalized and vulnerable populations.
Fill in the blank_____

4. Which of the following are signs of a child being abused or neglected? (Select all that apply.)
 - a. Child misses school frequently
 - b. Child shows signs of bleeding in genitalia
 - c. Child is always hungry at school as says there is nothing to eat at home
 - d. Child is fearful of adults and says his parents call him a bad child
 - e. Child has severe tooth decay but is not taken to the dentist
 - f. Child has multiple bruises in various stages of healing
 - g. An x-ray taken for a possible fractured ankle show multiple old fractures unexplained by corresponding medical care

5. In reference to their living situation, what makes an elderly person at risk for neglect of personal hygiene or taking their medications? Fill in the blank_____

6. Which of the following are accurate statements regarding violence within communities
 - a. Homicide is often related to substance abuse.
 - b. Youths are at a significantly increases risk for violence and being assaulted.
 - c. Rape is often unreported
 - d. Males are more likely than females to be assaulted.

- e. Females are more likely to attempt suicide but males are more like to complete suicide
 - f. The homeless are more at risk for violence
 - g. Most incidences of rape are spousal or acquaintance rape.
7. Which Healthy people 2030 goals would be addressed when the community nurse works to reduce intimate partner violence?
- a. Attain high-quality, longer lives free of preventable disease, disability, injury, and premature death.
 - b. Achieve health equity, eliminate disparities, and improve the health of all groups.
 - c. Create social and physical environments that promote good health for all.
 - d. Promote quality of life, healthy development, and healthy behaviors across all life stages.
 - e. Engage leadership, key constituents, and the public across multiple sectors to take action and design policies that improve the health and well-being of all.
8. In the situation where the nurse is doing mandatory reporting of intimate partner violence of the parent of a child, how does the nurse approach the situation? (Select all that apply.)
- a. Discuss with the victim as to whether there is a safety plan in place for themselves and the child(ren)
 - b. Talk with the adult and not the child about the possibility of filing a report
 - c. Determine if it will be safe to inform the child about the report
 - d. Share concerns with the Child Protective Service agency
 - e. Ask the victim about whether the perpetrator owns a firearm
 - f. Ask the victim about whether the perpetrator has done this before and how many times.
 - g. Discuss with the victim whether they should file a report at the same time
9. Which of the following are long term consequences of exposure to violence according to Healthy people 2020? (Select all that apply.)
- a. Lost productivity
 - b. Poor mental health
 - c. High medical costs
 - d. Premature death
 - e. Disability
10. Which of the following are examples of intimate partner violence? (Select all that apply.)
- a. Threats
 - b. Intimidation
 - c. Deprivation
 - d. Progressive social isolation
 - e. Sexual assault
 - f. Psychological abuse
 - g. Physical injury
11. What are the conditions associated with intimate partner violence when the victim is pregnant? (Select all that apply)
- A. Premature labor
 - B. Preeclampsia
 - C. Gestational diabetes

- D. Depression before, during, and after the pregnancy
- E. A baby with lower birth weights

15. What are the 7 A's of challenges to elders in rural areas? (Select all that apply)

- 1. Availability
- 2. Accessibility
- 3. Activity
- 4. Affordability
- 5. Awareness
- 6. Adequacy
- 7. Acceptability
- 8. Assessment

16. Which best describes environmental epidemiology?

- a. A field of science that focuses on the incidence and prevalence of disease or illness in a population from exposure in their environments
- b. A field of science that calculates health risks from due to family structure.
- c. A field of science that provides political support for manufacturing to be done here in the United States
- d. A field of science that does research on migration patterns of birds

1. The nurse is conducting a 15-minute interview with a family. Which actions should the nurse prioritize during this interview? (Select all that apply.)

- a. Have family members share their family history going back several generations
- b. Listen actively as the family members speak
- c. Construct an ecomap of the family
- d. Ask family members to prioritize their needs and to express their expectations regarding nursing care
- e. Point out the strong relationships they enjoy in their family and explaining how they will help them cope with the health issue of concern

2. In a 15-minute family interview, after asking a question, the nurse pauses and remains silent while the grandmother, whose English is limited, replies to the question. The nurse makes eye contact with her and nods while she talks. When she is finished, the nurse asks a few follow-up questions. Which principle is the nurse utilizing in this session?

- a. Appropriate manners
- b. Therapeutic conversation
- c. Therapeutic questions
- d. Acknowledgment of family strengths

3. The community health nurse is using a genogram to aid in the family assessment. What aspect of family connections and relationships should the nurse include in the genogram?
 - a. Influence of other systems on families
 - b. Influence of groups on families
 - c. Family relationships and their vital connections
 - d. Relationships across two or more generations