

Medication Worksheet N321

Name Jamal Drea

(each worth 1 point)

50 mcg = 0.05 mg

1000 mg = 1 g

0.03 g = 30 mg

1 g = 1000 mg

1 fl oz = 30 mL

1 tbsp = 15 mL

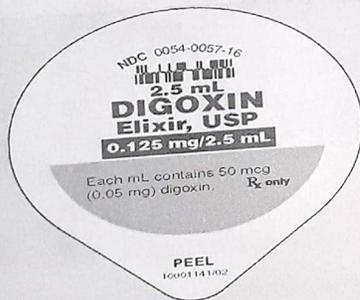
1 tsp = 5 mL

30 mL = 1 fl oz

3 tsp = 15 mL

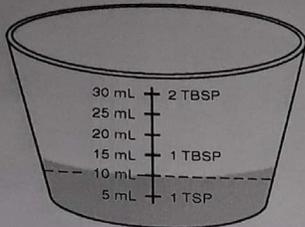
1L = 1000 mL

(Each problem worth 2 points)



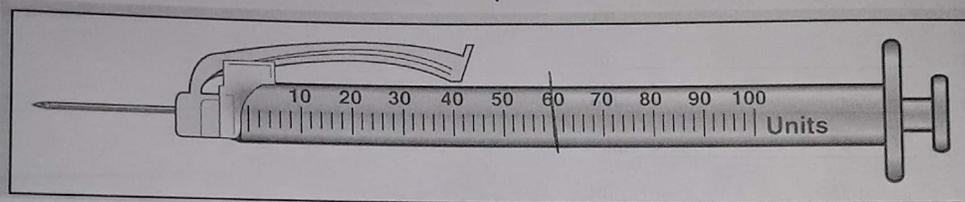
1. The provider orders Digoxin elixir 0.25 mg BID. Using the picture, how many mLs will be given with each dose? (round to whole number if needed)

$$\frac{0.25 \text{ mg}}{0.125 \text{ mg}} = 2 \times 2.5 \text{ mL} = \textcircled{5 \text{ mL}}$$



2. Using the picture above how many teaspoons will you be giving?

2 teaspoons



3. The provider orders Regular insulin of 56 units. The nurse draws insulin in the syringe. According to the picture is the insulin drawn up correctly?

No, there are 4 units over the prescribed amount



4. The provider orders Epoetin 8000 units subq on Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday. How much will be drawn using the picture above per dose? (Round to nearest tenth if needed)

$$\frac{8000 \text{ units}}{20000 \text{ units}} = 0.4 \text{ mL}$$



5. The provider orders intravenous fluids for 6 hours. The picture above is your bag of fluids to be hung. How many mL/hr will you run this order? (Round to the nearest tenth if needed)

$$\frac{500 \text{ mL}}{6 \text{ hours}} = 83.3 \text{ mL/hr}$$



6. The provider Orders the fluids above to run at 50mL/hr.
- How long will bag run in hours
 - If bag started at 0800 what time, will infusion be complete? (Military time)

$$500 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{50 \text{ mL}} = 10 \text{ hours}$$

$$0800 \rightarrow 1800$$

See Package Insert for Complete Prescribing Information.
 Store at Controlled Room Temperature 15°-30°C (59°-86°F).
 PROTECT FROM MOISTURE
 PROTECT FROM LIGHT
 Dispense in a tight, light-resistant container as defined in the USP/NF.
TABLETS IDENTIFIED
 54 583

NDC 0054-4299-25 100 Tablets
 4299-25

40 mg
FUROSEMIDE
 Tablets USP

Each tablet contains Furosemide 40 mg.
 Rx only

Roxane
 Laboratories, Inc.
 Columbus, Ohio 43211

LOT
 EXP.

4167101
 050

0054-4299-25

24. The provider orders 20mg PO of furosemide BID. Using the picture how many tablets will you give?

$$\frac{20 \text{ mg}}{40 \text{ mg}} = 0.5 \text{ tablets per dose}$$

1 tablet daily

NDC 0002-4115-60
 60 Tablets No. 4115

ZyPREXA
 Olanzapine
 Tablets

5 mg

Do not use if neck wrap or inner seal is broken.

Rx only

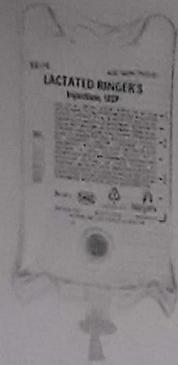
zyprexa.com *Lilly*

Keep tightly closed.
 Store at controlled room temperature, 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [see USP].
 See accompanying literature for dosage.
 Dispense in a tight, light-resistant container.

0002-4115-60

25. The provider orders Zyprexa 10 mg PO once a day. Using picture how many tablets will you give?

$$\frac{10 \text{ mg}}{5 \text{ mg}} = 2 \text{ tablets}$$



22. The patient received 500 mL of lactated ringers. How many Liters did the patient receive?

$$500 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} = 0.5 \text{ L}$$



23. The physician writes an order to administer an Synthroid. The order says: "Administer 0.5 mg by mouth daily". How many tablets do you administer per dose?

$$\frac{0.5 \text{ mg}}{0.125 \text{ mg}} = 4 \text{ tablets}$$

Blood glucose (mg/dL)	Insulin (units)
61-150	0
151-200	3
201-250	5
251-300	8
301-350	10
351-400	12
>400	15 ^a

^aPhysician should be contacted.

19. According to this chart. The client blood sugar is 404 mg/dl. What is the next step?

Administer 15 units of insulin and contact provider



20. The provider orders 1L of 0.9 NS to run over 10 hours. How many mL/hr will the infusion pump be set? (Round to the tenth if needed)

$$1 \text{ L} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mL}}{10 \text{ hrs}} = 100 \text{ mL/hr}$$

21. The client had 8oz of water, 4 oz of juice, 500 mL of 0.9 NS, and 4oz of coffee. How much intake do you record?

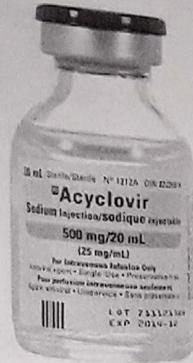
$$8 \times 30 = 240$$

$$4 \times 30 = 120$$

500

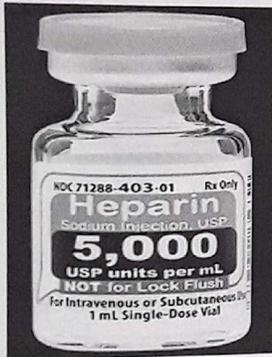
$$4 \times 30 = 120$$

860 mL



17. Provider orders 10 mg/kg of Acyclovir. The patient weighs 121 lbs. How many mL will you administer per dose? (Round to the whole number if needed)

$$121 \text{ lbs} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{2.2 \text{ lbs}} \times \frac{10 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{20 \text{ mL}}{500 \text{ mg}} = 22 \text{ mL}$$



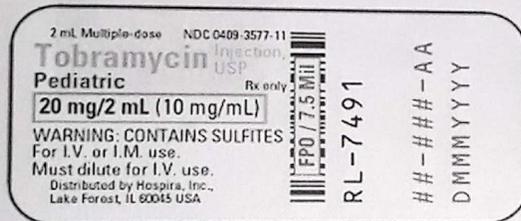
18. Provider orders Heparin 50 units/kg/dose subcutaneous daily. The patient weighs 93 kg. What you have on hand is the picture above. How many mL/dose will you administer?

$$93 \text{ kg} \times \frac{50 \text{ units}}{1 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mL}}{5000 \text{ units}} = 0.93 \text{ mL}$$



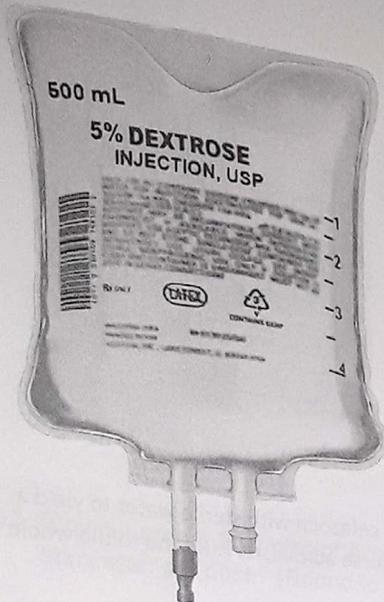
15. The provider orders 2g IM. The nurse reconstitutes a 1g vial of cefazolin with sterile water to yield a final concentration of 330 mg/mL. How many mL should the nurse administer? (Round to the whole number if needed)

$$1 \text{ g} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mL}}{330 \text{ mg}} = 3 \text{ mL}$$



16. The provider orders Tobramycin 4mg/kg/dose. The picture is what you have on hand. How many mL will be needed to give? Weight is 60 kg. (round to whole number if needed)

$$60 \text{ kg} \times \frac{4 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{2 \text{ mL}}{20 \text{ mg}} = 24 \text{ mL}$$



13. The provider orders this bag to be hung for 6 hours using a drip rate of 10 gtt/mL. How many gtt/min would the pump be set? (Round to the whole number if needed)

$$\frac{500 \text{ mL}}{360 \text{ min}} \times \frac{10 \text{ gtt}}{1 \text{ mL}} = 14 \text{ gtt/mL}$$



14. The provider order 0.45 to be given over 12 hours using a drip rate of 20gtts/mL. The infusion pump will be set at how many gtt/min? (Round to the whole number)

$$\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{720 \text{ min}} \times \frac{20 \text{ gtt}}{1 \text{ mL}} = 28 \text{ gtt/min}$$

ROUND ORANGE
TABLET
Side 1: 029
Side 2: R

This Drug May
Impair The Ability
To Drive Or Operate
Machinery. Use Care
Until You Become
Familiar With Its
Effects.

Do Not Take Other
Medicines Without
Checking With Your
Doctor Or
Pharmacist.

CALVIN MATHER
353 SUWANEE AVE SARASOTA, FL 34243

DATE: 07/09/11

ALPRAZOLAM 0.5MG TABLETS
MFG ACTAVIS - SUBSTITUTED FOR XANAX 0.5MG TABLETS
**TAKE 1 TABLET BY MOUTH
UP TO 3 TIMES DAILY**

WIC1857754 Patient Pending



RX **0493567-64430**

EXPIRATION DATE 07/09/12

QTY **90**

NO REFILLS - DR. AUTH REQUIRED

Walgreens

3535 N TAMiami TRAIL, SARASOTA, FL 34234

(941) 360-3474

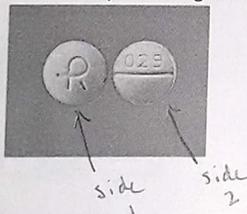
CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS THE TRANSFER OF THIS DRUG TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE PATIENT OR WHOM IT WAS PRESCRIBED - RX ONLY

OXN/YAK/YAK/YAK

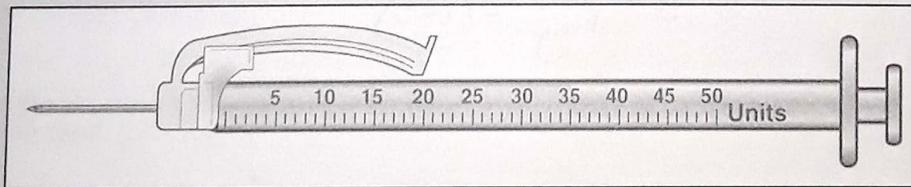


11. According to this drug label answer the questions?

- a. When is the discard date? *7/9/12*
- b. The imprint is on medications to identify, see example below, what is this medication imprint using above picture?

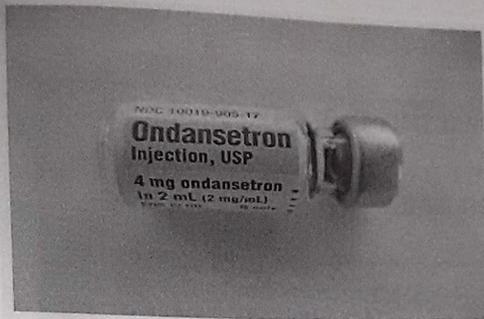


*Identifies that the drug
matches the prescription
for alprazolam*



12. The provider orders 25 units of regular insulin and 10 units of NPH insulin. How much would you draw up into the syringe?

35 units



9. The provider orders ondansetron 4mg TID. How many mg will you give in a 24 hour period?

$$4 \text{ mg} \times 3 = 12 \text{ mg}$$

NDC 0517-1130-05
EPINEPHRINE
INJECTION, USP
1:1000 (1 mg/mL)

30 mL
MULTIPLE DOSE VIAL
FOR SC AND IM USE.
FOR IV AND IC USE AFTER
DILUTION.
Rx Only

AMERICAN
REGENT, INC.
SHIRLEY, NY 11967

Each mL contains: Epinephrine 1 mg (as the Hydrochloride), Water for Injection q.s., Sodium Chloride added for isotonicity, Chlorobutanol 0.5% as a preservative and Sodium Metabisulfite not more than 0.15% as an antioxidant, pH adjusted with Sodium Hydroxide and/or Hydrochloric Acid.
PROTECT FROM LIGHT.
Store at controlled room temperature up to 25°C (77°F) [See USP].
Directions for Use: See Package Insert.
Rev. 9/03

Lot / Exp.



10. The provider orders 1mg epinephrine. How many mL will be drawn up per dose? (Round to whole number if needed)

$$1 \text{ mg} \times \frac{1 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ mg}} = 1 \text{ mL}$$



7. Provider orders Cubicin 500 mg to run in 30 min. Using picture above what mL/hr should be set? (Round to the tenth if needed)

$$\frac{100 \text{ mL}}{0.5 \text{ hr}} = 200 \text{ mL/hr}$$



8. The provider orders furosemide 20 mg IV BID. Using the picture how many mL will need to be drawn up per dose?

$$20 \text{ mg} \times \frac{1 \text{ mL}}{10 \text{ mg}} = 2 \text{ mL}$$