

## Pediatric Med Math Practice Quiz 2

### Show your calculations

1. A 5-year-old child weighing 20 kg has an order for acetaminophen liquid 300 mg PO PRN every 4 hours. On hand is acetaminophen liquid 160 mg/5ml.
- a. How many mL will the nurse draw up per dose? Round to the nearest tenth.

$$\frac{300 \text{ mg}}{160 \text{ mg}} * 5$$

$$1.875(5) = 9.375$$

$$9.4 \text{ mL}$$

2. A child weighs 30 kg. The safe daily drug dosage is 4mg/kg/day. Calculate the total daily dosage for this child.

$$4(30) = 120 \text{ mg/day}$$

3. Calculate the daily fluid volume for a 32 kg child.

**Formula: >20 kg = 1500 mL + 20 mL/kg over 20 kg**

$$1500 \text{ mL} + 20(32 - 20)$$

$$1500 \text{ mL} + 20(12)$$

$$1500 \text{ mL} + 240 = 1740 \text{ mL}$$

4. Calculate the daily fluid volume for a 16 kg child.

**Formula: 11-20 kg = 1000 mL + 50 mL/kg for every kg over 10**

$$1000 \text{ mL} + 50(16 - 10)$$

$$1000 \text{ mL} + 50(6)$$

$$1000 \text{ mL} + 300 = 1300 \text{ mL/day}$$

5. Calculate the BSA for a child who weighs 11.3 kg and is 75 cm.

a.  $\sqrt{11.3(75)}$

b.  $\sqrt{847.5}$

c.  $\sqrt{\frac{847.5}{3600}}$

d.  $\sqrt{0.2354166}$

e.  $\approx 0.4851974 \text{ mL}$

f.  $0.49 \text{ mL}$

6. Order: diphenhydramine 50 mg PO q 6 hours PRN  
On Hand: diphenhydramine 25 mg/5 mL  
Administer 10 mL

$$\frac{50}{25} * 5 \text{ mL}$$

$$5(2) = 10 \text{ mL}$$

7. Order: gabapentin 200 mg PO daily  
On Hand: gabapentin 100 mg capsules  
Administer 2 capsules

$$\frac{200}{100} = 2$$

8. Order: chlorpromazine 150 mg PO daily  
On Hand: chlorpromazine 100 mg tablets  
Administer 1.5 tablets

$$\frac{150}{100} = 1.5$$

9. Order: levothyroxine 0.3 mg PO daily  
Available: levothyroxine 150 mcg tablets  
Administer 2 tablets

$$150 \text{ mcg} = 0.15 \text{ mg}$$

$$\frac{0.3}{0.15} = 2$$

10. Order: furosemide 20 mg IM  
Available: furosemide 20 mg/2 mL  
Administer 2 mL

$$\frac{20}{20} * 2 = 2$$

11. Order: heparin 10,000 units subq daily  
Available: heparin 5,000 units/mL  
Administer 2 mL

$$\frac{10,000}{5,000} * 1 = 2$$

12. Order: amoxicillin 20 mg/kg/day in divided doses q 8 hours  
Pt weight: 20 lbs  
On Hand: amoxicillin 250 mg/5 mL  
Round to the nearest hundredth  
Administer 1.21 mL/dose

$$20 \text{ lbs} = 9.09090909 \text{ kg}$$

$$20(9.09090909) = 181.81818 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{day}}$$

$$\frac{181.81818}{3} = 60.6060606 \text{ mg}$$

$$\frac{60.6060606}{250} * 5 \text{ mL}$$

$$0.2424242(5) = 1.212121$$

$$1.21 \text{ mL}$$

13. Convert the following:

$$175 \text{ mcg} = \underline{0.175 \text{ mg}}$$

$$3250 \text{ mL} = \underline{3.25 \text{ L}}$$

$$75 \text{ cc} = \underline{75 \text{ mL}}$$

$$125 \text{ lbs} = \underline{56.818181 \text{ kg}}$$

$$325 \text{ mcg} = \underline{0.325 \text{ mg}}$$

$$1 \text{ cup} = \underline{8 \text{ oz}} = \underline{240 \text{ cc}}$$

$$150 \text{ lbs} = \underline{68.181818 \text{ kg}}$$