

Name: Ashlie Homan

1. Express the following number to the nearest hundredth.

a. $2.345 = 2.35$

2. Solve the following equation. Express your answer to the nearest tenth.

a. $55 \times 0.15 = 8.3$

3. Solve the equation. Express your answer as a decimal fraction to the nearest tenth.

a. $0.114 \times 3.2 = 0.4$

4. You are to give 1,250 mg of a medication and you receive 250 mg tablets from the pharmacy. How many tablets would you administer?

a. 5 tabs

5. You have to administer a combination drug that combines 25 mg of medication A and 6.25 mg of medication B. How many tablets of medication B would you give?

$$\frac{\text{HAVE}}{\text{NEED}} = \frac{12.5 \text{ mg}}{6.25 \text{ mg}} = 2 \text{ tabs}$$

6. You have to administer a prescription that combines two separate drugs of 50 mg of medication A and 12.5 mg of medication B. Pharmacy has given you 25 mg tablets of medication A and 6.25 mg of medication B. How many tablets of medication A would you give?

$$\frac{\text{HAVE}}{\text{NEED}} = \frac{50 \text{ mg}}{25 \text{ mg}} = 2 \text{ tabs}$$

7. Express 750 mg in g

a. $.75 \text{ g}$

8. Express 0.75 mg in mcg

a. 750 mcg

$$\frac{1 \text{ mg}}{1000 \text{ mcg}} = \frac{.75 \text{ mg}}{750 \text{ mcg}}$$

$$\frac{1 \text{ g}}{1000 \text{ mg}} = \frac{750 \text{ mg}}{.75 \text{ g}}$$

9. The nurse needs to infuse 250 mL over 45 minutes by infusion pump. At what rate per hour does the nurse set the pump?

a. $\frac{333\text{ mL/hr}}{333\text{ mL/hr}} = \frac{\text{HAVE } 250\text{ mL}}{\text{NEED } 45\text{ min}} = 60\text{ min}$

10. The doctor has ordered 1 liter D5W (IV fluid solution 5% dextrose and water) over 12 hours. At what rate per hour does the nurse set the pump?

a. $\frac{83\text{ mL/hr}}{1000\text{ mL}} = \frac{12\text{ hr}}{83\text{ mL}} = 1\text{ hr}$

11. Convert these body weights into kilograms. Round to the nearest tenth.

- a. 44.5 lbs = 20.2 kg
- b. 154 lbs = 70 kg
- c. 540 lbs = 245.5 kg
- d. 123 lbs = 55.9 kg

12. A doctor orders 75 mg of ceftriaxone to be taken by a 15 pound infant twice a day. The pharmaceutical reference states that 50-75 mg/kg/day is the appropriate dosage range. Is this doctor's orders within the desired range?

a. Yes

13. The most commonly used parenteral administration routes are:

- a. ~~Sublingual, intravenous, transdermal~~
- b. Intravenous, intramuscular, and subcutaneous
- c. ~~Intravenous, inhalation, and subcutaneous~~

14. Insulin can be administered by what other routes?

- a. Subcutaneous, intravenous, self-administered pens
- b. ~~Intramuscular, inhalation, intradermal~~
- c. ~~Subcutaneous, intradermal, sublingual~~

15. One balanced electrolyte solution is which of the following?

- a. D5NS

- a. 1:1000
- b. 1:10,000
- c. 1:5
- d. 0.45% NSS

16. Identify which of the following solutions is the weakest?

$$\frac{250\text{mg}}{10\text{mL}} = 25\text{mg/mL}$$

$$\frac{13.5\text{mg}}{0.54\text{mL}} = 25\text{mg/mL}$$

a. 1:1000

b. 1:10,000

c. 1:5

17. There are two bottles of milk of magnesium on the shelf at the pharmacy. One bottle contains 9.5 oz and the other 300 mL. Which has the larger volume?

$$\frac{300\text{mL}}{102} = 2.94$$

$$\frac{300\text{mL}}{285\text{mL}}$$

18. The recommended dose of Dilantin for a child is 3 mg/kg/24 hr given every 12 hours. The patient's weight is 10 lbs. The medication is supplied in 250 mg/10 mL.

$$\frac{250\text{mg}}{10\text{mL}} = 25\text{mg/mL}$$

$$10\text{lbs} / 2.2 = 4.5\text{kg}$$

a. Calculate the weight for the child in kg

$$13.5\text{mg}$$

b. Calculate the safe dose for the child in mg/dose

$$0.54\text{mL}$$

c. How many milliliters will be administered for each dose?

19. The patient is ordered Tylenol elixir at 25 mg per 2 teaspoons (tsp). How many mL would the nurse administer?

$$\frac{1\text{tsp}}{5\text{mL}} = \frac{2\text{tsp}}{10\text{mL}}$$

injection run?

a. The 20 min

20. An IV medication of 250 mL is started at 0750 to run at 33 gts/min using a 10 gts/mL set. How long will the infusion run?

$$\frac{250\text{mL}}{33\text{gts/min}} = 7.57\text{min}$$

$$\frac{10\text{gts/mL}}{33\text{gts/min}} = 0.303\text{min/mL}$$

$$7.57\text{min} \times 0.303\text{min/mL} = 2.29\text{mL}$$

$$\frac{250\text{mL}}{10\text{gts/mL}} = 25\text{min}$$

$$\frac{25\text{min}}{3.3\text{gts}} = 7.57\text{min}$$