

# Old Testament Survey

## Study Pak 6A

Memorize 2 Chronicles 7:14

### Vocabulary

- **Ishbosheth** – The 40 year-old surviving son of Saul who was anointed king by Abner, the captain of Saul’s army.
- **Mephibosheth** – A son of Jonathan who was dropped as a child and was lame for the rest of his life.
- **Gibeonites** – The people from the city of Gibeon who had made a treaty with Joshua after deceiving the Israelites.
- **Amnon** – David’s firstborn son who committed immorality by forcing his sister Tamar.
- **Absalom** – David’s handsome third and beloved son, the brother of Tamar, who led a rebellion against David. It was said of Absalom that David mourned for him every day he was in exile.
- **Adonijah** – The fourth son of David who tried to usurp the throne which had been promised to Solomon.

*\* Memorize and recite vocabulary to the Supervisor before proceeding to the pace material*

1. a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ deal primarily with David's life and reign.
2. a) \_\_\_\_\_, David united the tribes of Israel into an effective b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_ Israel's territory from the River of Egypt and Gulf of Aqaba to the Phoenician coast and land of Hamath.
3. David used his a) \_\_\_\_\_ success along with skills in b) \_\_\_\_\_ relations to gain respect for Israel that lasted until the death of Solomon.
4. a) \_\_\_\_\_, David organized the b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_ and their participation in national religious and ceremonial activities.

**King David**

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- ☞ **2 Samuel and 1 Chronicles cover his life and reign**
- ☞ **Politically united the 12 tribes and expanded Israel's territory**
  - ☑ **Was skilled in international relations**
- ☞ **Religiously organized the priests and Levites in their activities**
  - ☑ **Not allowed to build the Temple, but made elaborate preparations**

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5. Although not allowed to build the
  - a) \_\_\_\_\_, David made elaborate
  - b) \_\_\_\_\_ for its building under his son, Solomon.
6. a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ cover the reign of Solomon.
7. Two words that describe the reign of Solomon are a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_.

8. Solomon reaped the benefits of his father's a) \_\_\_\_\_ abilities and the b) \_\_\_\_\_ David had established internationally.

9. Following the news that Jonathan and Saul had died, David began his reign by a  
a) \_\_\_\_\_ that shows his deep b) \_\_\_\_\_ and  
c) \_\_\_\_\_ for both.
10. a) \_\_\_\_\_, the captain of Saul's  
army, anointed b) \_\_\_\_\_,  
the son of Saul, as Israel's king in Gilead.
11. David was in the land of the \_\_\_\_\_  
when he heard of Saul and Jonathan's deaths.
12. After mourning Saul and Jonathan, under God's  
direction, David returned to a) \_\_\_\_\_,  
where the men of b) \_\_\_\_\_  
anointed him as king.
13. For a) \_\_\_\_\_ years, the strife continued in Israel, with Judah supporting  
b) \_\_\_\_\_, and the other tribes supporting c) \_\_\_\_\_  
as king.
14. Ishbosheth finally wrongly accused \_\_\_\_\_ of trying to take the  
kingdom from him.
15. Abner then sided with a) \_\_\_\_\_, but was never able to help because he  
was killed by b) \_\_\_\_\_ (latter the commander of David's army)  
without David's consent.
16. David publicly a) \_\_\_\_\_ Abner, and was b) \_\_\_\_\_  
by all Israel, who understood that his death happened without David's consent.
17. After Ishbosheth was beheaded by two of his servants, the other \_\_\_\_\_  
of Israel came and asked David to be their king as well.
18. Over the years, the a) \_\_\_\_\_ had continued to control  
b) \_\_\_\_\_, which was a city with three sides protected by steep cliffs  
and an underground water supply.
19. After promising that the man who a) \_\_\_\_\_ the city would be the  
commander of his armies, b) \_\_\_\_\_ conquered it, and David made  
c) \_\_\_\_\_ his capital.
20. Today you can still go to the " \_\_\_\_\_," which is now overlooked  
by the Temple Mount.
21. Jerusalem is frequently referred to as \_\_\_\_\_ in the Old Testament  
Scriptures.
22. The men who had been a) \_\_\_\_\_ to David during the years he fled from Saul,  
were now made b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_.

### Conflict in David's Reign

☞ David returns to Hebron where the men of Judah anoint him king

☞ Abner anoints Saul's son Ishbosheth as king

☒ Seven and a half years of strife

☞ Abner sides with David

☒ Is killed Joab

☞ Ishbosheth is killed by his servants

☒ The eleven tribes ask David to be king

23. David built a beautiful palace in a) \_\_\_\_\_, contracting with  
 b) \_\_\_\_\_ for his building materials, and also made Jerusalem the  
 c) \_\_\_\_\_, center of Israel.
24. David's a) \_\_\_\_\_ in moving the ark of the covenant was right, but  
 his b) \_\_\_\_\_ was wrong.
25. David transported the ark on an a) \_\_\_\_\_, much as the  
 b) \_\_\_\_\_ had sent it  
 back to Israel.

**Know WHAT God Wants**

- ⌘ **Uzzah dies moving the ark of God**
- ⌘ **David's motive was right, his method was wrong**
  - ☑ **David used the method of the pagans rather than God's revealed method**
  - ☑ **Three months later when David moved the ark to Jerusalem, the priests carried it as prescribed by law**
- ⌘ **Zeal for God must have knowledge**

26. During the journey, the ark began to slip off the cart, and a) \_\_\_\_\_, the son of Abinadad, touching the ark to keep it from falling, was struck b) \_\_\_\_\_.
27. After God blessed Obed-edom's household for keeping the ark for three months, David moved it back to Jerusalem, properly carried by \_\_\_\_\_.

28. It is important to have a a) \_\_\_\_\_ for the Lord, but it must be a zeal with  
 b) \_\_\_\_\_.
29. Although he initially approved of David building a a) \_\_\_\_\_, the  
 prophet b) \_\_\_\_\_ was instructed to go back and tell David he could  
 not build it.
30. Although David was a man after God's own a) \_\_\_\_\_, he was  
 essentially a man of b) \_\_\_\_\_.

31. God not only promised that a) \_\_\_\_\_  
 could build the Temple, but promised that  
 David's throne would be established  
 b) \_\_\_\_\_.

32. Nathan the prophet gives us another link in the  
 series of \_\_\_\_\_  
 promises given in the Old Testament.

33. Although the biblical record does not put much  
 emphasis on the expansion of David's kingdom,  
 the Davidic kingdom stretched from the River of  
 a) \_\_\_\_\_ and the b) \_\_\_\_\_ to the regions of the  
 c) \_\_\_\_\_ River.

34. This was significant, for it made Israel the leading nation in the a) \_\_\_\_\_  
 at the beginning of the tenth century BC, during the reign of b) \_\_\_\_\_  
 and c) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Economic Growth**

- ⌘ **The kingdom expanded to the River of Egypt, included the Gulf of Aqaba, and to the area of the Euphrates River**
  - ☑ **Use of Iron became common in Israel**
- ⌘ **Aqaba Desert had copper and iron deposits**
- ⌘ **David controlled the trade routes**
  - ☑ **Had a treaty with the Phoenicians**

35. There was an \_\_\_\_\_ revolution that took place in Israel during the reign of David as well.
36. In God's a) \_\_\_\_\_ of David for the throne, his time of living as a b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_ of a Philistine city gave him firsthand experience with the Philistine's production of d) \_\_\_\_\_.
37. The Aqaba desert was strategically important for Israel because the a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ deposits there helped Israel break the c) \_\_\_\_\_ of the Philistines on iron.
38. When David discovered that a) \_\_\_\_\_ had a lame son, he graciously gave b) \_\_\_\_\_ a pension from his treasury and a home in Jerusalem.
39. Later, when David allowed the a) \_\_\_\_\_ to execute seven of Saul's descendants, he spared b) \_\_\_\_\_.
40. David never forgot to acknowledge a) \_\_\_\_\_ as the One who gave Israel b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_.
41. God is faithful to report not only the a) \_\_\_\_\_ of His people, but also the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of their sin so we will be able to c) \_\_\_\_\_ from it.
42. God records how David experienced His a) \_\_\_\_\_ and how he was a man who pleased God by his b) \_\_\_\_\_ to his sin being revealed.

**David's Sin**

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- ⌘ **God reveals the flaws of men to show us the consequences**
- ⌘ **Sins of adultery and murder were carefully hidden**
- ⌘ **Nathan confronted David**
  - ☑ **David repented**
  - ☑ **David reaped evil in his own house because of his sin**

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43. A a) \_\_\_\_\_ was a symbol of stature in the royal court and was common in the b) \_\_\_\_\_.
44. a) \_\_\_\_\_ was tolerated in the Old Testament because of the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of people's hearts, but was definitely c) \_\_\_\_\_ in the New Testament.
45. God had warned Israel's kings about the danger of taking many \_\_\_\_\_.

46. Some of David's a) \_\_\_\_\_, such as his marriage to Michal, Saul's daughter and to Maacah, the daughter of Talmai, king of Geshur had b) \_\_\_\_\_ significance.
47. David's a) \_\_\_\_\_ family was used by God to bring b) \_\_\_\_\_ upon David because of his sin.
48. David's sin of a) \_\_\_\_\_ with Bathsheeba had been carefully hidden along with the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of her husband, Uriah, on the battlefield.

49. When a) \_\_\_\_\_ confronted David about his sin, he b) \_\_\_\_\_, and expressed his repentance in Psalms 32 and 51.
50. a) \_\_\_\_\_ was given, but the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of his sin were grave, with David and Bathsheba's illegitimate child c) \_\_\_\_\_, and David suffering d) \_\_\_\_\_ in his family life.
51. Where a) \_\_\_\_\_ did abound, b) \_\_\_\_\_ did much more abound, for David and Bathsheba later had a son, c) \_\_\_\_\_, who would reign as David's successor.
52. David's lack of a) \_\_\_\_\_ set a poor example for his sons, who also became involved in b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_.
53. a) \_\_\_\_\_ committed immorality with his half-sister Tamar, and b) \_\_\_\_\_, her brother, took revenge by assassinating Amnon.

**Absalom**

- ⌘ **One of David's favorite sons who murdered his half brother for molesting his sister**
- ⌘ **Grandson of the King of Geshur**
  - ☑ **Spent three years in exile there**
  - ☑ **Came back through Joab's mediation**
- ⌘ **Led a rebellion against David**
  - ☑ **Was killed by Joab in the battle**

54. Absalom spent the next a) \_\_\_\_\_ in exile with his grandfather, the king of b) \_\_\_\_\_, then returned as a result of c) \_\_\_\_\_ mediation.

55. Absalom finally staged a full-fledged a) \_\_\_\_\_ against David, forcing him to flee from Jerusalem in b) \_\_\_\_\_.

56. David's military a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ overcame

Absalom, when David convinced Hushai, his chief advisor, to give Absalom poor advice.

57. In the final episode of this sordid chapter in David's life, a) \_\_\_\_\_ killed Absalom against David's b) \_\_\_\_\_ in the battle that took place.
58. When a) \_\_\_\_\_ for his son instead of b) \_\_\_\_\_ over the victory, David was rebuked by Joab, reminding David that he must be c) \_\_\_\_\_ of all those who had supported him during the rebellion.
59. David made incredible plans for the building of the a) \_\_\_\_\_, making a treaty with the b) \_\_\_\_\_, who provided materials and foreign labor, as well as preparing the details for c) \_\_\_\_\_ in the new Temple.
60. David's final plan included taking a a) \_\_\_\_\_ census, which Joab opposed, and resulted in God's b) \_\_\_\_\_ upon the king and his people.

61. David, in responding to the prophet Gad, resigned himself and the nation to God's  
a) \_\_\_\_\_, accepting a b) \_\_\_\_\_ sent from  
God as the punishment.
62. The site of David's prayers was a) \_\_\_\_\_, which David designated  
as the place for the new b) \_\_\_\_\_ to be built.
63. This was likely the same spot in which  
a) \_\_\_\_\_ offered  
b) \_\_\_\_\_ a thousand  
years earlier.
64. David's first seven and a half years were  
years of civil \_\_\_\_\_  
as he ruled at Hebron.
65. During the next ten years, David  
a) \_\_\_\_\_ many of  
the surrounding nations, establishing  
b) \_\_\_\_\_ as the national capital and expanding the  
c) \_\_\_\_\_.
66. The third decade of David's reign was disrupted by a) \_\_\_\_\_,  
his b) \_\_\_\_\_, and the resulting c) \_\_\_\_\_.
67. During the final decade of his reign, David focused primarily on a) \_\_\_\_\_  
for the building of the b) \_\_\_\_\_.
68. David charges Solomon to obey the a) \_\_\_\_\_ and recognize that he  
was b) \_\_\_\_\_ to God.

### David's Sin of Pride

- ⌘ **David demanded a military census**
  - ☒ **Joab protested, but David won out**
- ⌘ **Gad gave three choices to David**
  - ☒ **Seven years of famine**
  - ☒ **Three months pursued by enemies**
  - ☒ **Three days of pestilence--chosen**
- ⌘ **David offered sacrifices on Mount Moriah, where the angel of death stopped**

### Solomon's Reign

- ⌘ **David had promised Solomon the throne**
- ⌘ **Adonijah attempted to take it**
- ⌘ **David had Solomon publicly anointed king**
  - ☒ **Adonijah begs for pardon and ultimately commits treason**
  - ☒ **Joab is killed**
  - ☒ **Abiathar the priest is put out of the priesthood**

69. Although David had clearly promised Bathsheba that a) \_\_\_\_\_  
would rule after his death, when David was on his  
deathbed, Solomon's half brother,  
b) \_\_\_\_\_  
attempted to become the next king.
70. Adonijah enlisted the help of  
a) \_\_\_\_\_ and  
b) \_\_\_\_\_, the priest at  
Jerusalem, to have himself anointed as king.
71. The prophet a) \_\_\_\_\_ counseled Bathsheba, Solomon's mother, to  
go to David telling him of Adonijah's declaration of kingship, reminding him that he had  
promised that b) \_\_\_\_\_ would be king.
72. David wasted no time, acting decisively, he ordered a) \_\_\_\_\_ the  
prophet and b) \_\_\_\_\_ the priest to cause Solomon to ride upon  
c) \_\_\_\_\_ to Gihon and d) \_\_\_\_\_  
Solomon king without delay.

73. When Solomon was recognized by the people as king, Adonijah begged Solomon to be  
a) \_\_\_\_\_, which was given b) \_\_\_\_\_.
74. David delivered a a) \_\_\_\_\_ to the children of Israel about their  
b) \_\_\_\_\_ to Solomon, as their new king.
75. David gave Solomon a solemn a) \_\_\_\_\_ that he had a responsibility  
to follow the b) \_\_\_\_\_.
76. After Solomon was established on the throne, he put \_\_\_\_\_ to death for  
the things he had done during David's reign.
77. a) \_\_\_\_\_ asked Solomon for the hand of b) \_\_\_\_\_,  
the Shunammite, as his wife, resulting in Solomon having him c) \_\_\_\_\_.
78. The priest, a) \_\_\_\_\_, a descendant of Eli, who had supported Adonijah  
as king, was put out of the b) \_\_\_\_\_, fulfilling the words of  
c) \_\_\_\_\_, who had said Eli's priestly line would come to an end.
79. The a) \_\_\_\_\_ of Adonijah and Abishag would have said to the public  
that Adonijah was the b) \_\_\_\_\_ to the throne, since the king's  
harem normally went to his c) \_\_\_\_\_.
80. Rather than a) \_\_\_\_\_ and doing whatever God wants, power-hungry  
people try to force their agendas, even if it means going against b) \_\_\_\_\_.
81. God ultimately accomplishes His a) \_\_\_\_\_ and destroys those  
who b) \_\_\_\_\_ Him.
82. When Solomon was sacrificing at a) \_\_\_\_\_, where the Tabernacle and  
bronze altar were located, God came to him in a dream, saying he had a choice of a  
b) \_\_\_\_\_, c) \_\_\_\_\_, or d) \_\_\_\_\_.
83. Because he chose a) \_\_\_\_\_, Solomon was also promised  
b) \_\_\_\_\_, c) \_\_\_\_\_, and a d) \_\_\_\_\_  
if he was obedient to the e) \_\_\_\_\_.
84. Solomon was a) \_\_\_\_\_, perceived himself to be b) \_\_\_\_\_,  
and had just been given the responsibility for c) \_\_\_\_\_ God's  
people.
85. God was delighted at Solomon's request to be able to a) \_\_\_\_\_ between  
good and evil, for it came out of a pure b) \_\_\_\_\_.
86. The ability to a) \_\_\_\_\_ between good and evil is not the same as the  
ability to b) \_\_\_\_\_ the good and c) \_\_\_\_\_ the evil.
87. Solomon's wisdom became known a) \_\_\_\_\_ because of  
Israel's extensive b) \_\_\_\_\_ during this time of  
c) \_\_\_\_\_ and d) \_\_\_\_\_.

88. Solomon's vast kingdom and many projects greatly increased the \_\_\_\_\_ that was needed to control his empire.

89. Israel was divided into a) \_\_\_\_\_ districts for taxation purposes, with each district being responsible for the b) \_\_\_\_\_ for the government for a month.

90. The supplies were a) \_\_\_\_\_ all year long, and were stored in b) \_\_\_\_\_ in preparation for the time they needed to provide.

91. Solomon was wise and excelled in a) \_\_\_\_\_, all of which was necessary to maintain Israel's b) \_\_\_\_\_.

92. Solomon had incredible resources available to him through his treaty with a) \_\_\_\_\_, the ruler of the Phoenician cities of b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_.

93. The Phoenicians not only had vast resources because of their trading, but also were advanced in a) \_\_\_\_\_ and workmanship with b) \_\_\_\_\_.

94. The Lord had commissioned Solomon to a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ the Temple, which was his single greatest undertaking.

95. Solomon built the Temple in the place a) \_\_\_\_\_ had designated, on top of Mount b) \_\_\_\_\_, directly north of c) \_\_\_\_\_, the d) \_\_\_\_\_.

96. The Temple was twice the a) \_\_\_\_\_ of the Tabernacle (90 feet long), twice the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of the Tabernacle (30 feet wide), and three times the c) \_\_\_\_\_ of the Tabernacle (45 feet high).

## The Temple

- ☞ **Twice the length and width of the tabernacle, three times the height**
- ☞ **Had a porch on the front with 3 stories of chambers on the sides and back**
- ☞ **Built of stone, lined with cedar, overlaid with gold, decorated with beautiful carvings and precious stones**

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## Expanded Government

- ☞ **His kingdom and many projects increase the organization needed**
  - ☑ **Solomon increased the number of appointments over David's**
- ☞ **12 districts were set to provide government provisions for a month**
- ☞ **Increased horses and chariots caused increases in taxes**

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97. Solomon built a a) \_\_\_\_\_ on the front of the Temple, with b) \_\_\_\_\_ built around the sides and back in three stories.

98. The Temple was built of a) \_\_\_\_\_, lined with b) \_\_\_\_\_, overlaid with c) \_\_\_\_\_, and decorated with beautiful d) \_\_\_\_\_ and e) \_\_\_\_\_.

99. The a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ for the Temple were also similar to those of the Tabernacle, but

were different in size and number.

100. The a) \_\_\_\_\_ (brazen altar) and the b) \_\_\_\_\_ (instead of the laver) were both much larger.
101. There was also a new a) \_\_\_\_\_, b) \_\_\_\_\_, and c) \_\_\_\_\_ in the Holy Place, while the old d) \_\_\_\_\_ was again placed in the Holy of Holies.
102. The a) \_\_\_\_\_ of the Temple made it what it was intended to be, the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of the God of Israel.
103. As the a) \_\_\_\_\_ hung over the tabernacle after it was built, so the b) \_\_\_\_\_ was manifested in the dedication of the Temple.
104. Solomon, as the king of God's chosen people, presided over the dedication of the Temple, taking the position of a a) \_\_\_\_\_ representing his people in the dedication b) (\_\_\_\_\_).
105. Solomon's a) \_\_\_\_\_ of dedication is the longest prayer recorded in the Bible, recognizing the b) \_\_\_\_\_ of God, and acknowledging that since the c) \_\_\_\_\_ could not contain Him, how much less the d) \_\_\_\_\_ that he had built.
106. Solomon requested that God would hear from a) \_\_\_\_\_ whenever those who called upon Him prayed toward the b) \_\_\_\_\_.
107. After the dedication of the Temple, the Lord appeared to Solomon at a) \_\_\_\_\_ and confirmed to him in a well-known Scripture passage, that He had b) \_\_\_\_\_ this place.
108. Solomon, with his control of the a) \_\_\_\_\_ industry, took advantage of it to expand Israel's b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_.
109. With the help of the a) \_\_\_\_\_, Solomon built ships that traded iron and copper in southwest b) \_\_\_\_\_, and the African coast of c) \_\_\_\_\_.
110. During Solomon's days, Israel was filled with a) \_\_\_\_\_, b) \_\_\_\_\_, c) \_\_\_\_\_, and d) \_\_\_\_\_.
111. Solomon's increase in a) \_\_\_\_\_ and b) \_\_\_\_\_ required the building of c) \_\_\_\_\_ (Hazor and Meggido) to care for them and stable them.
112. The horses and chariots were helpful in controlling the a) \_\_\_\_\_ that traveled through Israel, which is the b) \_\_\_\_\_ between three continents.

### International Relations

- ⌘ **Used the metal industry to expand commerce and trade**
  - ☑ **Traded copper in Arabia and Ethiopia**
  - ☑ **Jerusalem was filled with gold, silver, ivory and monkeys**
- ⌘ **Increased horses and chariots controlled trade routes**
- ⌘ **Rulers from other nations visited Solomon to see his wisdom**
  - ☑ **They gave gifts**

113. As a result of his a) \_\_\_\_\_ and his b) \_\_\_\_\_, rulers from all over the then known world traveled to hear the c) \_\_\_\_\_ of Solomon and bring him d) \_\_\_\_\_.
114. At the conclusion of Solomon's reign, 1 Kings 11 reveals the final \_\_\_\_\_ of Solomon.

**Solomon's Apostasy**

- ⌘ **Made alliances with pagan kings through marriage**
  - ☑ **His wives brought their gods with them and Solomon built high places for them to worship**
- ⌘ **Worshipped Ashtoreth, Milcom, Chemosh, and Molech**
- ⌘ **10 Tribes were given to Jeroboam, Solomon's servant**
  - ☑ **Division happened during son's reign** 15

115. Solomon was a man who reached the peak of a) \_\_\_\_\_, had worldwide fame for his b) \_\_\_\_\_, had great c) \_\_\_\_\_ under God's blessing, but was a man whose reign ended in d) \_\_\_\_\_.
116. Solomon left his a) \_\_\_\_\_ devotion to God, breaking the b) \_\_\_\_\_ by allowing c) \_\_\_\_\_ in Jerusalem.

117. What sins you do in a) \_\_\_\_\_, your children will do in b) \_\_\_\_\_.
118. Solomon made alliances with the kings of a) \_\_\_\_\_, b) \_\_\_\_\_, c) \_\_\_\_\_, d) \_\_\_\_\_, e) \_\_\_\_\_, and the f) \_\_\_\_\_ through marriage.
119. Along with the heathen a) \_\_\_\_\_, came the heathen b) \_\_\_\_\_.
120. God had warned in Deuteronomy, "neither shall he multiply a) \_\_\_\_\_ to himself, that his heart turn not away: neither shall he greatly multiply to himself b) \_\_\_\_\_ and c) \_\_\_\_\_."
121. Solomon's a) \_\_\_\_\_ turned his heart away from the Lord to the extent that he even built b) \_\_\_\_\_ to make offerings to the foreign gods.
122. Solomon worshipped a) \_\_\_\_\_, the goddess of the Zidonians, b) \_\_\_\_\_, the god of the Ammonites, c) \_\_\_\_\_, the god of the Moabites, and d) \_\_\_\_\_, the god of the children of Ammon.
123. Some of the high places Solomon built remained in Judah until the reign of a) \_\_\_\_\_ almost b) \_\_\_\_\_ years later.
124. The prophet a) \_\_\_\_\_ informed Solomon that because of his b) \_\_\_\_\_, the kingdom was to be c) \_\_\_\_\_.
125. The division of the kingdom would not happen during Solomon's lifetime because of \_\_\_\_\_ sake.

126. Enemies, such as a) \_\_\_\_\_, the Edomite rose up against Solomon because of the atrocities b) \_\_\_\_\_ had committed against the Edomites.

127. The strength of a) \_\_\_\_\_, king of b) \_\_\_\_\_, was increasing and becoming a threat to Solomon.

128.a) \_\_\_\_\_, the son of Nebat, who was a servant of Solomon, was told by Ahijah that he was to rule over b) \_\_\_\_\_ of Israel, leaving Solomon's son just the tribes of c) \_\_\_\_\_ and d) \_\_\_\_\_

**...I the LORD thy God  
am a jealous God,  
visiting the iniquity of  
the fathers upon the  
children unto the third  
and fourth generation....**  
Exodus 20:5

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129. When Solomon found out about \_\_\_\_\_, he attempted to have him killed, just as Saul had attempted to kill his father, David.

130. Jeroboam fled to \_\_\_\_\_ for sanctuary until the death of Solomon.

131. When Solomon died, his son, \_\_\_\_\_, reigned in his stead, inheriting the results of the sins of his father.