

NEW TESTAMENT SURVEY

STUDY PAK 6A

1. The Epistle to the Philippians was written by the Apostle Paul from imprisonment in Rome in c. ___AD. Philippi was a city in _____ where the gospel was first preached on the continent of Europe. The church that Paul established there was especially dear to him. They supported Paul in his missionary endeavors. This is one of the most personal of Paul's letters; he uses first person personal pronouns ___ times in the letter.
2. The theme of Philippians is: _____. The key verse is Philippians _____.
3. A brief outline of the book:
 - A. Christ our _____—chapter one
 - B. Christ our _____—chapter two
 - C. Christ the _____ of our faith and our expectation—chapter three
 - D. Christ the _____—chapter four
4. Christ our message, chapter one.
 - a. 1:1 gives the _____ of a _____; saints in a particular place with bishops and deacons.
 - b. 1:6 When Christ saved you he _____ a work in your life that he will _____ until he completes it in Heaven.
 - c. 1:9-11 Paul prayed that they would abound in _____, choose the best way, and bear fruit for the Lord.
 - d. 1:12-30 Proclaiming Christ is the _____ and meaning of life.
 - e. 1:12-14 Paul's trials were helping to further spread the gospel and that makes any suffering _____.
 - f. 1:15-18 Paul was not concerned with envious, _____ preachers because they were at least preaching the gospel. Philippians deals with the

- _____ of the messengers while Galatians deals with the _____ of the message. Paul was very concerned that the truth be preached but was not concerned over the preachers' motives.
- g. 1:20-25 _____ was Paul's life. Paul is a great example of the dedication and single-mindedness that should be the norm in Christianity.
 - h. 1:27-30 A Christian's life and the life of a church should _____ around the proclamation of the gospel. Our lives should be _____ to the gospel. We should not detract from it by our actions. A church should be _____ in preaching it.
5. Christ our example, chapter two.
- a. 2:1-5 Believers should have the _____ of Christ. We should not strive to promote ourselves but should watch out for the good of _____.
 - b. 2:6-8 shows the mind of Christ in what He did for us. He did not _____ to his visible glory but left Heaven and became a man so that he could die for our sins. Jesus was God in _____ and he was God when he was on _____. You can't stop being who you are. This deliberate setting aside of your own rights and desires for the good of others is what we are supposed to _____.
 - c. 2:9-11 Because of Christ's obedience God has _____ him above everyone else and someday _____ will bow before him.
 - d. 2:12-16 We must apply this to our lives so that we _____ what God has done within us, so that we work together without _____ and feuding, and maintain a good testimony and witness.
 - e. 2:17-30 three men are given who are good _____ of Christlikeness: _____, who was willing to die for them; _____, who was likeminded, cared for their state, and sought the things of Christ; and _____, who almost died for the work of Christ, supplying Paul's needs.
6. Christ, the object of our faith and our expectation, chapter three.
- a. 3:1-2 we should _____ in the Lord and _____ of false Christians. (Judaizers)
 - b. 3:3 true believers do not put their _____ in the _____

- c. 3:4-11 Paul's testimony: 4-6 he once trusted in his _____ and his _____; 7-9 he turned from them to put his _____ in Christ and have Christ's _____; he realized that having the death, burial, and resurrection applied _____ to him was the _____ way to Heaven and the resurrection.
 - d. 3:12-19 Paul's goal in life. 12 He desired to _____ in this life what is ours _____ in Christ. 13-14 _____ the past he pressed for Christ's reward. 15-19 All Christians should be this way though they are not.
 - e. 3:20-21 Our expectation: Christ will return and will _____ us to be like himself.
7. Christ, the source of victory, chapter four.
- a. 4:1 Stand fast in the Lord. Our positional blessings are the _____ of the Christian life. Christ is the _____ of our strength.
 - b. 4:2-5 Christians should get along and the _____ of the Lord will help. If we are _____ in Christ and _____ for all he has done for us we will get along with each other.
 - c. 4:6-9 Victory over worry and all other attitude problems comes through _____, _____, right _____, and right _____.
 - d. 4:10-14 The Philippian church had sent money to Paul and he was grateful. He had learned through _____ and with Christ's _____ to overcome covetousness.
 - e. 4:15-23 God provides the needs of those who _____.
8. Colossians was written by the apostle Paul in c. ____ AD from his _____ imprisonment.
9. Colosse was a city in what is now southwest _____. It was ____ miles from Ephesus and ____ miles from Laodicea. Paul had never been to Colosse; _____ of Paul's ministry in Ephesus probably started the church. Either _____ or _____ was the pastor.
10. A philosophy began in the first century that later was called _____. Colosse was one of the places where Gnosticism got its start. In Colosse there were people who claimed to be Christians but were _____ Gnostic ideas with Christian

doctrine. Paul wrote Colossians to fight this _____ of the truth. There were three Gnostic ideas that Paul refuted in Colossians.

A. Christ was not the _____. (Gnostics differed on their view of Christ. Some denied his humanity and others denied his deity. Either way he was not God in the flesh and therefore not the redeemer or mediator.)

B. _____ (Gnostics believed that the denial of physical comforts and pleasures or the inflicting of discomfort would produce a spiritual benefit.)

C. _____ of angels (They put angels on too high a plane and worshipped them along with God.)

11. The theme of Colossians is the _____ and _____ of Christ.

12. The structure of the book:

A. _____ – Chapters one and two

B. _____ – Chapters three and four

13. Chapter 1:1-8 Introduction: The gospel bears _____ wherever it is preached. Epaphras preached it in Colosse.

14. 1:9-14 Paul's prayer for them. He prayed for their spiritual _____ and Christian walk. He prayed that they would be _____ that they had been: made _____ for Heaven, _____ from Satan into Christ's kingdom, _____ and _____.

15. 1:15-19 The preeminence of Christ. He is: first born (_____), Creator of _____ things, _____ all things, the Head of the body, the beginning (arche, first in _____, _____, or _____), etc. All things were made _____ him and _____ him and God the Father has decided that he would have the _____ over everything.

16. 1:20-23 Christ's work was to _____ us to God in his body by shedding his blood.

17. 1:24-2:3 Paul's _____ was to preach the _____ of the church and the sufficiency of Christ.

18. 2:4-23 The sufficiency of Christ. 2:4-7 _____ in him, rooted and built up in him. 2:8-10 Christ is _____ you need. Beware of anything that would _____ your personal relationship with him. 2:11-15 Because of Christ's death and resurrection we are _____ with him, made alive, forgiven, and delivered from the Law. 2:16-23

Because of these truths we should stay _____ from the Law, should not worship angels, and stay away from _____ which looks spiritual but is just another form of _____.

19. 3:1-4 Our position in Christ is the _____ for our service. We should love the things of _____ knowing that we are safe and _____ in Christ.
20. 3:5-17 Because we are in Christ we have put off _____ our old man and have put on the new. Therefore there are many things we did as unbelievers that we _____ now (3:5-9) and many things we should begin doing (3:12-16).
21. 3:18-21 This should carry over into our homes. Wives are to _____ to their husbands; husbands should _____ their wives and not be _____; children should _____ their parents; fathers should be _____, reasonable, and consistent.
22. 3:22-4:1 These truths also affect the _____/_____ relationship. Servants should obey everything that can be done in the _____ of the Lord. They should work heartily knowing that _____ will reward them and masters must be fair, remembering that they are also _____ to God.
23. 4:2-4 _____ your prayer life. It is vitally important.
24. 4:5-6 Be _____ toward the lost, use your time wisely, _____ your tongue, use it for the right things.
25. 4:7-18 Personal greetings and messages. 4:12 Epaphras was an example of prayer. 4:17 Be careful to _____ what God has called you to do.
26. First Thessalonians was written by Paul from Corinth in c. _____ AD. Paul had spent _____ month in Thessalonica on his second missionary journey. He had had great success in preaching the gospel until run out of town because of unbelieving Jews who were jealous. Thessalonica was a large and prosperous city in the Roman province of Macedonia, about _____ miles from Philippi.
27. The theme of 1 Thessalonians is the _____. It is mentioned at least once in every chapter. Chapter four contains the fullest description of the Rapture in the Bible.
28. Paul wrote this letter to _____ the Thessalonian saints how to live for Christ by reminding them of his _____ ministry and personal example. He gave them further instruction concerning _____ and the Second Coming.

29. 1:3-10 Because Paul preached the gospel with _____, _____ and the _____ of the Holy Spirit (because of the manner of man he was) his ministry had great results. He left behind, after just a month, a church that _____ Paul and Christ, were _____ of what Christians should be, were _____ and missionaries themselves, forsook evil to serve God, and watched for Christ's return.
30. 2:1-12 The characteristics of an effective soulwinner
- A. _____, vs. 2
 - B. Sincere, vs. 3
 - C. _____ to God because he is accountable, vs. 4
 - D. Not seeking man's reward, vs. 5-6
 - E. _____ as a nursing mother, vs. 7
 - F. Giving gospel and himself, vs. 8
 - G. Hard worker, vs. 9
 - H. _____, vs. 10
 - I. Acts as a father would, vs. 11-12
31. 2:13-20 There was fruit in spite of _____. They received Paul's preaching as the Word of God. The soulwinner has the _____ of knowing that those whom he has won will meet him in Heaven someday (2:19-20).
32. Chapter 3 reveals Paul's _____ for them. He sent Timothy to check on them because he could not stand not knowing how they were doing.
33. 4:1-12 deals with the believer's walk. We are to live to _____ God, vs.1. We are to live free from immorality, keeping our body in _____ and _____ rather than the _____ as the lost do. If we harm our brother we should remember that God is the _____. God has called us to holiness and to refuse to obey is to _____ the Holy Spirit who lives inside us. We should love the brethren, mind our _____ business, work and be _____.
34. 4:13-18 The Rapture of the Church. 4:13-14 Don't sorrow over the dead _____ who have no hope. Dead believers will _____ with Christ when he comes. 4:15-17 The dead will rise _____ and then the living saints will be caught up to _____ them and Christ in the air and _____ be with him. 4:18 Use this to _____ those who grieve.

35. 5:1-4 There is no need for me to write anything about the time it will happen since you know that _____. It will come _____ and the _____ will be overtaken by the Day of the Lord. We will not be overtaken because we will _____.
36. 5:5-11 Knowing that Christ could come and take us at any time should _____ us to live a life that is _____ Christian. God has not appointed us to wrath (the day of the Lord) but to obtain salvation (_____, the Rapture). So _____ each other with these words.
37. 5:12-28 These verses contain miscellaneous but _____ admonitions. 12-13, recognize and _____ to those that God put in authority over you in the church and be at _____. Help the brethren, whatever their need. Pray, be thankful, rejoice.
38. Second Thessalonians was written by Paul from either Athens or Corinth in c. _____ AD. It was written to clear up some confusion about the day of the Lord that was caused by a _____ that claimed to have been written by Paul. He also wrote to tell them how to deal with _____ Christians within the church.
39. Chapter one. Paul comforts them concerning the _____ they have faced. They had been steadfast and faithful under trial. He reminds them that we have a day of rest ahead of us but that God will _____ his children upon their persecutors. We are to give God _____ in our lives whatever be our lot.
40. 2:1-12. A letter, _____ written by Paul, said that they were _____ the day of the Lord already. This naturally upset them since the day of the Lord begins with the _____ period. Paul had taught them the pre-trib rapture and now they were confused and worried. The day of the Lord cannot begin until the _____ comes. This could refer to the _____. _____ the Anti-Christ will be revealed (at the _____ of the 70th week of Daniel). He is the one who will _____ to be God in the rebuilt temple. Vs. 6-7 The _____, who resides in the _____, is _____ the plans of the Devil until he is taken out of the way when Christ comes for his bride. The Anti-Christ will work by the power of the _____ and will deceive many but will be _____ by the Lord at his coming.

41. 2:13-17. This is a message of comfort. By _____ Paul means the things they have been _____ from God's word and _____ the traditions of men which are condemned in the Bible.
42. Chapter three deals mainly with how to handle _____ Christians. Vs. 6 we should _____, that is, not fellowship with those who walk _____. Disorderly (ataktos) was a military term that signified a person with an _____, one who refused to keep his place in rank, one who was literally or figuratively '_____'. Vs.7-12 the particular issue seems to have been that some of the brethren _____ to support themselves. Paul says that they should _____ eat. The word disorderly refers to the fact of _____ and not the specific issue at hand. Vs14-16 A brother who refuses to obey should not be allowed to enjoy the _____ of God's people. The point of denying him fellowship is to make him _____ so that he will _____ his conduct. You should not treat him like an _____ but like a brother in need of _____. This will help bring peace to the church. Very few churches practice this today.