

Kayli Collins- Vital Signs Online Assignment

Temporal Pulse- a RN would take a temporal pulse to assess blood flow around the temples

Carotid Pulse- A RN would take a carotid pulse to assess cardiac function and quality of blood flow through the artery

Apical Pulse- A RN would take an apical pulse to assess the patient's heart function before administering cardiac medications

Brachial Pulse- a RN would take a brachial pulse when checking the patient's blood pressure

Radial Pulse- a RN would take a radial pulse to assess a patient's cardiovascular health and monitor vital signs

Ulnar Pulse- a RN would take an ulnar pulse to assess the patient's heart function and identify life-threatening injuries and/or illnesses

Femoral Pulse- a RN would take a femoral pulse during resuscitation; it may be the most sensitive in septic shock assessment

Popliteal Pulse- a RN would take a popliteal pulse to assess circulation in the lower leg

Posterior Tibial Pulse- a RN would take a posterior tibial pulse as another way to assess circulation in the lower leg

Dorsalis pedis Pulse- a RN would take a dorsalis pedis pulse to assess perfusion in the lower limb