

Mastery Quiz: Pediatrics

Topics to Review

BASIC CARE AND COMFORT

- Dietary Teaching for Celiac Disease
- Food Choices for a Toddler Who Has Diarrhea-Related Dehydration
- Administering an Immunization to a Child
- Planning Nutritional Interventions for a Child Who Has Cystic Fibrosis
- Caring for a Child Who Is in Buck's Traction
- Teaching About Diaper Dermatitis
- Food Choices for Iron Deficiency
- Minimizing Procedural Pain for an Infant

CLINICAL JUDGMENT

- Identifying Potential Complications for a Preschooler Who Has an Infectious Disease
- Identifying Findings to Report to the Provider for a Child Who Has Asthma
- Anticipating Provider Prescriptions for a Child Who Has Major Burns
- Caring for a Child Who Has Sleep Disturbances
- Discharge Teaching for a Child Who Has Major Burns
- Evaluating Effectiveness of Discharge Teaching for a Child Who Has Atopic Dermatitis
- Identifying Potential Conditions for a Toddler Who Has Recurrent Respiratory Infections
- Assessment Findings Requiring Immediate Follow-Up
- Caring for a Child Who Has Constipation
- Postoperative Care for a Child Following a Skin Graft
- Identifying Findings That Indicate Potential Complications for a Child Following an Appendectomy
- Identifying Conditions Based on Findings in the Electronic Medical Record
- Identifying Potential Complications of Lead Poisoning

- Evaluating the Plan of Care for an Infant Who Has Acute Laryngotracheobronchitis
- Evaluating Effectiveness of the Plan of Care
- Planning Care for a Toddler Who Has Hemophilia
- Anticipating Actions to Take for an Adolescent Who Is Experiencing a Pneumothorax
- Planning Care for a Child Who Has an Elevated Blood Lead Level
- Identifying Priority Findings for a School-Age Child Who Is Experiencing a Vaso-Occlusive Crisis
- Prioritizing Care for a Child Based on Trending Data
- Identifying Assessment Findings that Require Follow-Up
- Providing Discharge Teaching to the Parent of a Child Who Has Lead Poisoning

HEALTH PROMOTION AND MAINTENANCE

- Planning Activities for a School-Age Child
- Expected Findings for an Adolescent Who Has Scoliosis
- Identifying Protective Factors Against Sudden Infant Death Syndrome
- Teaching About Teething
- Recommending Play Activities for a Preschooler
- Preschoolers' Understanding of Time
- Developmental Milestones of a 4-Year-Old Child
- Providing Anticipatory Guidance

MANAGEMENT OF CARE

- Identifying Priority Child to Assess
- Priority Finding to Report for a Child Who Has Meningitis
- Identifying Interprofessional Care Needs
- Findings for a 6-Month-Old Infant to Report to the Provider
- Determining Priority Client
- Obtaining Informed Consent From an Adolescent

PHARMACOLOGICAL AND PARENTERAL THERAPIES

- Administering Atomoxetine
- Administering Ibuprofen
- Priority Treatment of Anaphylaxis
- Caring for a Child Who Has a Tunneled Central Venous Access Device
- Caring for a Child Who Has Appendicitis
- Identifying Steps for Removal of a Peripheral Intravenous Catheter
- Providing Teaching About Oral Nystatin
- Teaching About Digoxin
- Evaluating the Effectiveness of Sodium Polystyrene Sulfonate
- Identifying Contraindications to Administering Immunizations

PHYSIOLOGICAL ADAPTATION

- Expected Findings for an Infant who has a Ventricular Septal Defect
- Caring for a Toddler Who Has a Partial-Thickness Burn
- Identifying Manifestations of Blood Transfusion Reactions
- Evaluating Understanding of Asthma Attack Prevention
- Caring for a Child Who Has Epiglottitis
- Evaluating Understanding of Dehydration
- Identifying Manifestations of Pertussis
- Priority Finding for an Infant Who Has Heart Failure
- Eliciting the Biceps Reflex
- Priority Action for an Anaphylactic Reaction
- Indications of Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone Secretion
- Identifying the Location of McBurney's Point
- Evaluating Understanding of Mononucleosis
- Teaching About Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
- Planning Care for a Child Who Has Heart Failure
- Expected Findings Following an

REDUCTION OF RISK POTENTIAL

Appendectomy

- Caring for a Child During the Postictal Period
- Management of Fever
- Responding to a Parent About Varicella
- Priority Finding to Report for a Newborn
- Discharge Teaching About the Management of Moderate Persistent Asthma
- Evaluating Laboratory Values Following Treatment for Dehydration
- Priority Finding of Pneumonia
- Evaluating Understanding of Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus
- Caring for an Infant During a Hypercyanotic Spell
- Identifying Manifestations of Peritonitis
- Preparing an Adolescent Client for a Lumbar Puncture
- Interpreting Laboratory Values
- Preparing a Preschooler for Hydrotherapy Treatment Following a Burn Injury
- Creating a Plan of Care for a Child Who Has Wilms' Tumor
- Priority Interventions for Shock
- Caring for an Adolescent Following a Kidney Transplant
- Identifying Potential Complications Following Open Fracture Repair
- Indications of Diabetes Insipidus
- Discharge Teaching Following Cheiloplasty

PSYCHOSOCIAL INTEGRITY

- Evaluating Understanding of ADHD
- Identifying Possible Indications of Physical Abuse
- Responding to a Parent Who Is Coping with a Child's Terminal Illness
- Manifestations of Physical Abuse
- Identifying Potential Indications of Physical Neglect
- Priority Action Regarding Organ Donation
- Findings Indicating Bacterial Meningitis
- Reportable Laboratory Values for a Child

Who Is Receiving Chemotherapy

- Performing a Respiratory Assessment
- Identifying Manifestations of Increased Intracranial Pressure
- Screening for Sickle Cell Anemia
- Assessing for Peripheral Edema
- Client Education About Cast Care
- Monitoring Pulse Oximetry for an Infant
- Reportable Findings for a Child

SAFETY AND INFECTION CONTROL

- Nursing Action for an Infant Who Has Respiratory Syncytial Virus
- Creating a Plan of Care for an Adolescent Who Has Bacterial Meningitis
- Evaluating Understanding of Car Seat Use
- Priority Action Following a Tonic-Clonic Seizure
- Planning Care for a School-Age Child
- Teaching About Sunburn Prevention
- Clarifying a Prescription
- Interventions for a Child Who Is Immunocompromised
- Planning Interventions for Lead Exposure
- Isolation Precautions for a Child Who Has Pertussis
- Priority Consideration When Making Room Assignment
- Planning Care for an Infant Who Has an Epidural Hematoma
- Teaching About Bicycle Safety
- Caring for a Child Who Has Neutropenia