

IM5 Clinical Worksheet – Pediatric Floor

<p>Student Name: Macy Nantz Date: 10/30</p>	<p>Patient Age: 7 w.o. Patient Weight: 3.2 kg</p>
<p><b>1. Admitting Diagnosis and Pathophysiology</b> (State the pathophysiology in own words)</p> <p>pyloric stenosis - the muscle @ the bottom of the stomach gets too thick, so food is not able to enter the small intestine</p>	<p><b>2. Priority Focused Assessment You Will Perform Related to the Diagnosis:</b></p> <p>GI</p>
<p><b>3. Identify the most likely and worst possible complications.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dehydration → vomiting</li> <li>• wt loss / poor growth</li> <li>• electrolyte imbalances</li> </ul>	<p><b>4. What interventions can prevent the listed complications from developing?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NPO until surgery</li> <li>• rehydrate via IV</li> <li>• position upright</li> </ul>
<p><b>5. What clinical data/assessments are needed to identify these complications early?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• daily wts</li> <li>• IS &amp; OS</li> <li>• skin turgor / mucous membranes</li> <li>• growth charts</li> </ul>	<p><b>6. What nursing interventions will the nurse implement if the anticipated complication develops?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IV fluids</li> <li>• surgery → pylorotomy</li> <li>• strict IS &amp; OS</li> </ul>
<p><b>7. Pain &amp; Discomfort Management:</b> List 2 Developmentally Appropriate Non-Pharmacologic Interventions Related to Pain &amp; Discomfort for This Patient.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. a pacifier, swaddle, semi upright position</li> <li>2. promote calm, dim, gentle environment so the baby can sleep</li> </ol>	<p><b>8. Patient/Caregiver Teaching:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. small, frequent feedings</li> <li>2. monitor surgical site for infection (redness, draining)</li> <li>3. if vomiting, wt loss, or dehydration occurs → notify HCP</li> </ol> <p><b>Any Safety Issues identified:</b></p> <p>aspiration → keep up right &amp; monitor for infection</p>