

IM5 Clinical Worksheet – PICU

Student Name: Lillian Nguyen Date: 9/02/25	Patient Age: 2 months Patient Weight: 5.12 kg
1. Admitting Diagnosis and Pathophysiology (State the pathophysiology in own words) Meningitis-the inflammation of the meninges which covers the brain.	2. Priority Focused Assessment R/T Diagnosis: Neurological assessment and ABCs
3. Identify the most likely and worst possible complications. Common: headache, fever, stiff neck, N/V, AMS Worst: Brain damage-cerebral edema, hydrocephalus, cerebral infarctions Septic shock Coma Death	4. What interventions can prevent the listed complications from developing? MRI CT scan Blood Cultures Assessing V/S Assessing behaviors such as seizures, neck stiffness, or jerkiness. CSF analysis
5. What clinical data/assessments are needed to identify these complications early? Neurological assessments Vital signs CBC, blood culture, CT, MRI, CSF test	6. What nursing interventions will the nurse implement if the anticipated complication develops? Monitoring neurological status Intake and Output Manage pain Assess for any further complications
7. Pain & Discomfort Management: List 2 Developmentally Appropriate Non-Pharmacologic Interventions Related to Pain & Discomfort for This Patient. 1. Pacifier to soothe and for non nutritive sucking 2. Providing calm environment, have parents around, white noise, dim lights,	8. Patient/Caregiver Teaching: 1. Teach parents about s/s of condition worsening or progressing 2. Educate parents on diagnosis and what further complications may be and how it can be treated 3. Comfort patient by certain positions that may relieve pain such as raised HOB to release some cranial pressure Any Safety Issues Identified:
Please list any medications you administered or procedures you performed during your shift: <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>	

PICU

INTAKE/OUTPUT													
PO/Enteral Intake	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Total
PO Intake/Tube Feed					30	60			90				180
Intake – PO Meds													
IV INTAKE													
IV Fluid					3	3		3	3	3	3		32
IV Meds/Flush									14				
Calculate Maintenance Fluid Requirement (Show Work) 5.12 kg x 100 = 512ml/day or 21 ml/hr							Combined Total Intake for Pt (mL/hr) 212 ml/shift 35 ml/hr						
OUTPUT	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Total
Urine/Diaper							56						56
Stool													
Emesis													
Other													
Calculate Minimum Acceptable Urine Output 122.8 ml/day 5.12ml/hr							Average Urine Output During Your Shift 9.3 ml/hr						

Children’s Hospital Early Warning Score (CHEWS) (See CHEWS Scoring and Escalation Algorithm to score each category)	
Behavior/Neuro	Circle the appropriate score for this category:
	0 1 2 3
Cardiovascular	Circle the appropriate score for this category:
	0 1 2 3
Respiratory	Circle the appropriate score for this category:
	0 1 2 3
Staff Concern	1 pt – Concerned
Family Concern	1 pt – Concerned or absent
CHEWS Total Score	

CHEWS Total Score	Total Score (points) <u> 0 </u>
	Score 0-2 (Green) – Continue routine assessments
	Score 3-4 (Yellow) – Notify charge nurse or LIP, Discuss treatment plan with team, Consider higher level of care, Increase frequency of vital signs/CHEWS/assessments, Document interventions and notifications
	Score 5-11 (Red) – Activate Rapid Response Team or appropriate personnel per unit standard for bedside evaluation, Notify attending physician, Discuss treatment plan with team, Increase frequency of vital signs/CHEWS/assessments, Document interventions and notifications