

IM 7 Math Module

Complete the required math problems and check your answers.

Drop Factor Problems $\frac{\text{mL} \times \text{df}}{\text{time (min)}}$

1. Infuse 1.5 gram of a medication over 3 hours. The drug is supplied as 1.5 gram/250mL. The drip factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse? (Round to the nearest whole number)
 $\frac{250 \times 15 = 3750}{180} = 21 \text{ gtt/min}$
2. An order has been written to give 1 gram of a medication over 30 minutes. The drug is supplied as 1 gram/50mL. The gtt factor is 60. How many gtt/min will you infuse?
 $\frac{50 \times 60 = 3,000}{36} = 83 \text{ gtt/min}$
3. The nurse is to give 500mg IV of a medication over 1 hr. The drug is supplied as 1 gram/250mL. The gtt factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse? (Round to the nearest whole number)
 $\frac{125 \times 15 = 1875}{60} = 31 \text{ gtt/min}$
4. The patient is to receive 400 mg IV of a medication over 1 hour. You receive an IV bag from the pharmacy labeled 400 mg in 100 mL D5W. The IV tubing delivers 12 gtt/mL. How many drops per minute (gtt/min) will the nurse deliver?
 $\frac{100 \times 12 = 1200}{60} = 20 \text{ gtt/min}$

mL/hr Infuse over time

5. The physician writes an order to give 1000mL of intravenous fluid over 8hrs. How many mL/hr will you infuse?
 $\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{8 \text{ hr}} = 125 \text{ mL/hr}$
6. Infuse 1000 mLs of intravenous fluid over 4 hrs. How many mL/hr will you set on the pump?
 $\frac{1000}{4} = 250 \text{ mL/hr}$
7. A physician orders 1000 mg of a medication to be given every 6 hours over 1.5 hours. The medication is delivered with 1000 mg in 250 mL. How many mL/hr will you set the pump? (Round to the nearest whole number)
 $\frac{250}{1.5} = 167 \text{ mL/hr}$

IV Push

8. An order is received for 75mcg IV push of a medication now. The drug is supplied as 100mcg/2mL. How many mL will you give?
 $\frac{75}{100} = 0.75 \times 2 = 1.5 \text{ mL}$
9. The patient is to receive 5mg of a medication IV push. The drug is supplied as 20mg/5mL. How many mL will you give? (Do not round your final answer)
 $\frac{5}{20} = 0.25 \times 5 = 1.25 \text{ mL}$
10. The order is to give 2mg IV push of a medication now. The drug is supplied as 10mg/1mL. How many mL will you give?
 $\frac{2}{10} = 0.2 \text{ mL}$

infusion given:
 $\frac{\text{dose (mg/mL)} \times \text{rate (mL/hr)}}{w(\text{kg}) \times 60}$

infusion not given:
 $\frac{w(\text{kg}) \times \text{dose (mcg/kg/min or mg/min)} \times 60}{\text{dose concentration (mg/mL)}}$

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Mcg/kg/min or Mcg/min

11. The patient is receiving an intravenous medication currently infusing at 142 mL/hr. The IV bag of reads 50 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 175 lbs. How many mcg/kg/min are infusing? (Round to the nearest tenth)
- $\frac{50}{500} = 0.1$
 $\frac{100 \text{ mg/mL} \times 142 \text{ mL/hr}}{175 \times 60} = \frac{14,200 \text{ mg/hr}}{10,500} = 1.35 \text{ mcg/kg/min}$
12. The physician has ordered a medication that states to start at 1 mcg/kg/min and titrate as needed. The IV bag of medication contains 250 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 70 kg. How many mL/hr should the IV pump be set at to achieve the starting dose? (Round to the nearest whole number)
- $1 \text{ mcg/kg/min} \times 70 \text{ kg} \times 60 = 4,200 \text{ mcg/hr}$
 $\frac{4,200 \text{ mcg/hr} \times 500}{250 \text{ mg}} = 8,400 \text{ mL/hr}$
13. The patient is currently receiving a medication at 12 mL/hr. The bottle reads 100 mg in 250 mL D5W. How many mcg/min is the patient receiving?
- $\frac{100 \text{ mg}}{250 \text{ mL}} \times 12 \text{ mL/hr} = 4.8 \text{ mg/hr} = 80 \text{ mcg/min}$
14. The physician has ordered a medication to start at 2 mcg/kg/min. The patient weighs 165 lbs. The IV bag reads 800 mg in 500 mL D5W. What rate would the nurse set on the infusion pump? (Round to the nearest tenth)
- $2 \text{ mcg/kg/min} \times 75 \text{ kg} \times 60 = 9,000 \text{ mcg/hr}$
 $\frac{9,000 \text{ mcg/hr} \times 500}{800 \text{ mg}} = 5.625 \text{ mL/hr}$
15. The physician has written an order to increase the medication to 4 mcg/kg/min. The IV bag reads 64 mcg/mL. What rate would the nurse set on the IV pump? (Round to the nearest tenth)
- $4 \text{ mcg/kg/min} \times 60 = 240 \text{ mcg/hr}$
 $\frac{240 \text{ mcg/hr}}{64 \text{ mcg/mL}} = 3.75 \text{ mL/hr}$
16. The patient is on a medication drip infusing at 15 mL/hr. The label reads 50 mcg/mL. The patient weighs 65 kg. How many mcg/min is the patient receiving? (Do not round)
- $50 \text{ mcg/mL} \times 15 \text{ mL/hr} = 750 \text{ mcg/hr}$
 $\frac{750 \text{ mcg/hr}}{60} = 12.5 \text{ mcg/min}$

Heparin/Insulin or mg/hr

17. The physician orders a heparin infusion at 500 units/hr. The IV bag of medication reads 25,000 units in 250 mL D5W. How many mL/hr should be showing on the IV pump?
- $\frac{500}{25,000} \times 250 = 5 \text{ mL/hr}$
18. The patient is on a regular insulin drip infusing at 5 units/hr. The bag is labeled 100 units in 250 mL NS. At what rate should the pump be infusing? Round to the nearest whole number.
- $\frac{5}{100} \times 250 = 12.5 \text{ mL/hr}$

Burns (Parkland Formula) Do not round weights

19. A 200-pound patient presents to the emergency department with 50% total body surface area (TBSA) burn. How many liters of fluid would be given in the first 24 hours? (Round to the nearest whole number)
- $4 \text{ mL} \times 50 \times 90.9 = 18,180 \text{ mL} = 18.18 \text{ L}$
20. A 150-pound patient presents to the emergency department with 75% total body surface area (TBSA) burn. How many liters of fluid would be given in the first 24 hours? (Round to the nearest whole number)
- $4 \text{ mL} \times 75 \times 68.18 = 20,454 \text{ mL} = 20.45 \text{ L}$

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1. ~~20.83 = 21~~

2. ~~100~~

3. ~~250/2 = 125 mL we are giving 500 mg not 1000 mg = Answer 31.25 = 31~~

4. ~~20~~

5. ~~125~~

6. ~~250~~

7. ~~166.66 = 167~~

8. ~~1.5~~

9. ~~1.25~~

10. ~~0.2~~

11. ~~2.97 = 3~~ Follow rounding rules.

12. ~~8.4 = 8~~

13. ~~80~~

14. ~~5.625 = 5.6~~

15. ~~3.75 = 3.8~~ If you don't have a weight, leave it out of the formula.

16. ~~12.5~~ The question asked mcg/min so you leave the weight off.

17. ~~5~~

18. ~~12.5 = 13~~

19. ~~18~~ Do not round the weight

20. ~~20~~ Do not round the weight